FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOI/PA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET Civil Action# 19-cv-1495

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Total Deleted Page(s) = 69
Page 241 \sim b6 - -1,5; b7C - -1,5; b7E - -1,9;
Page 242 \sim b6 - -1,5; b7C - -1,5; b7E - -1,9;
Page 243 \sim b6 - -5; b7C - -5; b7E - -1,9;
Page 244 \sim b6 - -1,5; b7C - -1,5; b7E - -1,9;
Page 293 ~ Duplicate;
Page 319 \sim b6 - -1; b7C - -1; b7E - -6;
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DATE 02-18-2010 BY UC BAW/DK/RYS

THUMITIUMS

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Subject: NYT Hacker Article just posted --

http://online.securityfocus.com/news/342NEWS New York Times Internal Network Hacked

02/26/2002 08:11 PM

How open proxies and default passwords led to Adrian Lamo padding his rolodex with information on 3,000

op-ed writers, from William F. Buckley Jr. to Jimmy Carter.

By Kevin Poulsen Feb 26 2002 4:15PM PT

Security holes in the New York Times internal network left sensitive databases exposed to hackers, including a file

containing social security numbers and home phone numbers for contributors to the Times op-ed page, SecurityFocus

Online has learned.

In a two-minute scan performed on a whim, twenty-one-year-old hacker and sometimes-security consultant Adrian Lamo

discovered no less than seven misconfigured proxy servers acting as doorways between the public Internet and the

Times' private intranet, making the latter accessible to anyone capable of properly configuring their Web browser.

"The very first server I looked at was running an open proxy," says Lamo. "The server practically approached me."

Once on the newspaper's network, Lamo exploited weaknesses in the Times password policies to broaden his access, eventually browsing such disparate information as the names and social security numbers of the paper's employees, logs of home delivery customers' stop and start orders, instructions and computer dial-ups for stringers to file stories, lists of contacts used by the Metro and Business desks, and the "WireWatch" keywords particular reporters had selected for monitoring wire services.

But measured by sheer star power, the hack is most notable for Lamo's access to a database of 3,000 contributors to the Times op-ed page, the august soap box of the cultural elite and politically powerful.

The roster includes social security numbers for former U.N. weapons inspector Richard Butler, Democratic operative

James Carville, ex-NSA chief Bobby Inman, Nannygate veteran Zoe Baird, former secretary of state James Baker,

Internet policy thinker Larry Lessig, and thespian activist Robert Redford, who last May authored an op-ed on President

Bush's environmental policies.

Entries with home telephone numbers include Lawrence Walsh, William F. Buckley Jr., Jeanne Kirkpatrick, Rush

Limbaugh, Vint Cerf, Warren Beatty and former president Jimmy Carter.

The database includes details on contributors' areas of expertise and what books they've written, and the odd note on

how easily they succumb to editing or how much they were paid.

Lamo notified the Times of the vulnerabilities Tuesday through a reporter, and provided them with a list of the open

proxies. In a statement, a spokesperson for the paper said the Times takes security "very seriously."

"We are actively investigating a potential security breach," wrote Times spokesperson Christine Mohan. "Based on the

results of this investigation we will take appropriate steps to ensure the security of our network."

Hacker's Helpful History

Adrian Lame has built an unusual reputation exposing security holes at large corporations, then voluntarily helping them

fix the vulnerabilities he exploited -- sometimes visiting their offices or signing non-disclosure agreements in the process.

In December, Lamo was praised by communications giant WorldCom after he discovered, then helped close, security

holes in their intranet that threatened to expose the private networks of Bank of America, CitiCorp, JP Morgan, and

others.

In September, the hacker used a vulnerable Web-based production tool to tamper with a wire service story on Yahoo!

News, deliberately choosing an old story to minimize the impact.

The hacker professes relief at discovering that the Times intranet afforded him no similar opportunity to modify stories in

the paper's print edition, without clearing human hurdles in the Times editorial process. "it's really better for everybody if

the New York Times has the ability to runs something unusually every now and then without people checking it for my

writing style," says Lamo.

The newspaper's public Web site -- the target of a high-profile defacement in 1998 -- is outsourced, and wasn't affected

by the vulnerabilities.

Privacy Concerns

Lamo says he began his excursion at a proxy in the Times home delivery department and scanned the newspaper's IP

address range for Web servers. "The proxy was on a different network, dealing with

management of subscription

information, but it was trusted by their internal network," says Lamo. He quickly found the intranet homepage, and an

unprotected copy of a database that cataloged employees' names and social security numbers. "From what I've been

able to tell, it was a backup database being used for research."

Armed with that information, the hacker could use the intranet account of any employee that hadn't changed their

password from the default -- the last four digits of the person's social security number. One of those belonged to a

worker that had the power to create new accounts, so Lamo set up his own account on the network with higher privileges.

From there, it was a short hop to the op-ed database.

"This is sort of a situation where security and privacy intersect," says David Sobel, an attorney with the Electronic

Privacy Information Center (EPIC), "One of the concerns with the online availability of personal information is the lack of

security that often surrounds those kinds of systems... There's an ethical obligation to protect this data, given the harm

that can result in the form of identity theft from obtaining a social security number."

This isn't the first time personal information on the rich and powerful has been compromised by weak network security.

One year ago, anti-globalization hackers penetrated a database maintained by the World Economic Forum, and

downloaded similar data on attendees of the group's summit on global economic trends in Davos, Switzerland, including

Bill Gates, Bill Clinton, South African President Thabo Mbeki and Japanese Prime Minister Yoshiro Mori.

But with the Times hack Lamo may have gone one better. Rather than merely crossing the information wake left by the

elite, Lamo says he actually joined their ranks, creating his own entry in the 'L' section of the Times database, complete

with his real name, cell phone number, and email address.

In the space set aside for a description of the contributor's expertise, Lamo wrote, "Computer hacking, national security,

communications intelligence."

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DATE 02-13-2010 BY JO BAW/DW/RYS

b6 -1, 2b7C -1, 2

To:		
cc:		

Subject: Hacker said he did this 10 days ago

02/27/2002 10:56 AM

Adrian Lamo (or Lam-o for short) told an AP reporter that he hacked our intranet 10 days ago...

and FYI: Adrian called the NYC bureau of AP last nite. They couldn't reach us to confirm (?) so they didn't file a story. Sounds like he's doing a bit of PR himself...

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03/04/2002 10:12 AM

b6 -1,2 b7C -1,2

To:

Subject: chats on Security Focus article

New York Times Internal Network Hacked by Toybreaker Feb 27 2002 11:25PM

Lamo, nice work and way to keep everything on the up and up. Not many Hackers seem to have his ethics. I

am curious if he is given any \$\$ for exposing these holes to the companies and not telling the world before

fixes can be made. If I was head of of NYT I would be more than willing to cut him a fat check for his efforts.

He has my respect =^}

New York Times Internal Network Hacked by Anonymous Feb 28 2002 5:42AM

What is this?? What is the story here? A network gets "hacked" or more accurately broken into by an

attacker that uses a misconfigured proxy. Suprise, suprise internal corporate network security is not exactly

what it should be. Stop the presses, we got the scoop of the century! A network with poor user passwords!

Script kiddle does not put his tag on the web site but media gives him the much wanted attention for being an

"ethical hacker" Many defacement groups also offer their help to the sysadmin, do you also consider them to

be heroic whitehat security experts? I did not think so... The only thing "hacked" here is the media.

Who wrote the story? John Markoff?

New York Times Internal Network Hacked by Anonymous Feb 28 2002 7:41AM

Just a brief comment.

"Lamo notified the Times of the vulnerabilities Tuesday through a reporter, and provided them with a list of

the open proxies."

Why does this humble servant of all that is good and super whitehat; hacker involve a reporter before talking to the NY Times? Is he seeking attention? Does he want to have his name

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b6 - 1, 2b7C - 1, 2

03/08/2002 12:19 PM

To: cc:

Subject: Tech TV press query -- they heard rumor we are prosecuting Lamo

The reporter said they had heard a rumor that we were moving forward with prosecuting Lamo.

I gave our standard statement that we were investigating all our options to determine what our next steps would be. That we hadn't finalized that decision yet.

Tech TV is a (shrinking) cable TV outlet, based in San Fran, that covers tech news...shouldn't be much pickup but you never know.

Looks like it will be part of tonight's show - below is the description on their site. I called to ask them to correct the reference to the NYT Web site (should by NYT Company's intranet site) and let her know that it was not information about subscribers that was allegedly accessed. She is going to change that reference to Op-Ed columnists per earlier reports/coverage.

Friday on 'Tech Live' March 7, 2002 Homeless Hacker

The infamous homeless hacker, Adrian Lamo recently hacked into the New

York Times website

and snagged private information on some big-time subscribers. While the

Times is considering

pressing charges, he says he is hacking to warn companies about security

holes. Is what

Adrian is doing illegal?

P.S. They are sending me a videotape of this show.

**TERMINISTE** 

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To:	
co:	
Subject:palled to get hacker update	
hacking the NYT intranet.	
He asked for an update, wanted to know if we would be reporting the hacker incident as a crim the FBI.	e to
I said that we were still investigating all the options to determine what our next steps would be confirmed that yes, reporting it to the FBI was one of the options.	, and
I'll track for his article.	
·	

Addan Lamo does most of his hacking

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NEWS

## New York Times Internal Network Hacked

How open proxies and default passwords led to Adrian Lamo padding his rolodex with information on 3,000 op-ed writers, from William F. Buckley Jr. to Jimmy Carter.

By Kevin Poulsen Feb 26 1980 4:15PM PT

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"The very first server I looked at was running an open proxy," says Lamo. "The server practically approached me."

Once on the newspaper's network, Lamo exploited weaknesses in the Times password policies to broaden his access, eventually browsing such disparate information as the names and Social Security numbers of the .

with an ordinary Web browser. paper's employees, logs of home delivery customers' stop and start orders, instructions and computer dial-ups for stringers to file stories, lists of contacts used by the Metro and Business desks, and the "WireWatch" keywords particular reporters had selected for monitoring wire services.

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The roster includes Social Security numbers for former U.N. weapons inspector Richard Butler, Democratic operative James Carville, ex-NSA chief Bobby Inman, Nannygate veteran Zoe Baird, former secretary of state James Baker, Internet policy thinker Larry Lessig, and thespian activist Robert Redford, who last May authored an op-ed on President Bush's environmental policies.

Entries with home telephone numbers include I awrence Walsh. William F. http://online.securityfocus.com/news/342

## NEWS

**New York Times** Internal Network Hacked Feb 26

Software That Asks 'Who Goes There?' Feb 26

MP3 Files Not Always Safe Feb 25

FAA: Air Traffic Control Holes Plugged Feb 21

[more . . . ]

#### COMMENTARY

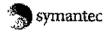
**GREENE: MS to** force IT-security censorship Nov 02

**LEVY: Security** in an Open Electronic Society Oct 21

LEVY: The Blind Leading the Blind Aug 30

LEVY: Full Disclosure is a necessary evil





of the concerns with the online availability of personal information is the lack of security that often surrounds those kinds of systems... There's an ethical obligation to protect this data, given the harm that can result in the form of identity theft from obtaining a Social Security number."

This isn't the first time personal information on the rich and powerful has been compromised by weak network security. One year ago, anti-globalization hackers penetrated a database maintained by the World Economic Forum, and downloaded similar data on attendees of the group's summit on global economic trends in Davos, Switzerland, including Bill Gates, Bill Clinton, South African President Thabo Mbeki and Japanese Prime Minister Yoshiro Mori.

But with the *Times* hack Lamo may have gone one better. Rather than merely crossing the information wake left by the elite, Lamo says he actually joined their ranks, creating his own entry in the 'L' section of the *Times* database, complete with his real name, cell phone number, and email address.

In the space set aside for a description of the contributor's expertise, Lamo wrote, "Computer hacking, national security, communications intelligence."

<tips@securityfocus.com>

Discussion

[ Post a comment ]

Privacy Statement Copyright © 1999-2001 SecurityFocus Lamo gained access to the network using Web proxies located on the network. Proxies are machines that allows users to route through - or into - networks, often skirting past firewalls. The whole process from search to discovery took less than two minutes.

"It struck me as being a part of their network more likely to be placed in a trusted location," he said. "Ironically, it wasn't until I mistyped a URL that I found what I was looking for - the error message invited me to 'try the main New York Times intranet site' instead."

The Times' corporate intranet also allows users to access other sensitive areas, including the company's human resources department, as well as tools used to submit advertisements that accompany stories in the daily paper and the New York Times Web site, <a href="http://www.nytimes.com">http://www.nytimes.com</a>.

The discovery highlights just how susceptible the Internet can be as a tool for spreading misinformation. Lamo said had he been so inclined, he probably would have been able to figure out how to successfully submit a small news item or advertisement for publication.

Days after the Sept. 11 attacks, Lamo used a proxy on the Yahoo network to add satirical comment to a story on the company's Web site about Russian programmer Dmitry Sklyarov, a stunt that raised public concern about the integrity of online media.

Last week, Lamo alerted SBC Communications that several of its Web pages containing tens of thousands of subscriber user names and passwords were exposed to the Web and completely unprotected.

In December, Lamo discovered an Internet-accessible Web tool that provided easy access to the keys to private network routers for dozens of companies, including AOL Time Warner, Bank of America, Citicorp, Fox News Corp., JP Morgan, McDonalds, and Sun Microsystems - to name just a few.

When asked why he does what he does, Lamo is noncommittal and somewhat cagey, downplaying his penchant for seeing things in ways that often go unnoticed by most.

That didn't stop him, however, from quietly adding his name to the newsroom's source list as an expert on computer hacking.

"I'm not trying to bring about any sort of specific change anywhere by what I do - but in doing what I do, acting in good faith doesn't seem like a bad thing, and hoping that someone in a similar situation in some undefined future might have options that aren't all a downwards spiral doesn't seem unreasonable either," Lamo said. "It would be nice."

Reported by Newsbytes.com, <a href="http://www.newsbytes.com">http://www.newsbytes.com</a>

19:52 CST

Reposted 08:23 CST

(20020227/WIRES ONLINE, LEGAL, BUSINESS, TELECOM/NYTIMES/PHOTO)

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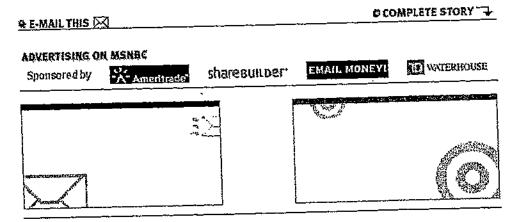
# Technology HACKS, ATTACKS & SCAMS

# N.Y. Times source database hacked

Paper's rich-and-famous op-ed, source database revealed

By Bob Sullivan MSNBC

Feb. 27—A computer security researcher accessed internal New York Times computer networks this week through the Internet and managed to view hundreds of sensitive Times files. Among them: a database of 3,000 Times op-ed page contributors. The file contained Social Security numbers and other personal information belonging to luminaries like James Carville, James Baker, Larry Lessig, and Robert Redford. The researcher also got phone numbers for William F. Buckley Jr., Rush Limbaugh, Warren Beatty and Jimmy Carter. In a statement, the New York Times said it is investigating the problem.

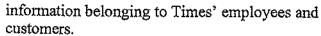


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"This surely wasn't anything the people involved had counted on when they'd been filling out that tell-us-about-yourself account form," he said.

Lamo, a 21-year-old nomad who is among the few computer researchers that use their real name when informing a company about a security problem, said he generally does his work to improve the state of computer security at large companies. His unconventional tactics are frequently criticized, he says.

"I recognize that some people will see my actions as illegal, immoral, or worse. It's not for me to contest them or try to win them over to the Adrian Lamo School of Security," he said. "I've done my best to act in good faith and avoid harm to the company and employees involved."



## TECHNOLOGY TOP STORIES

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- (Story Having your own cake and eating it
- **▼STORY** Britney gets cyber make over
- (STORY) Human chip implants stir up a debate
- **(STORY)** Drug trafficking's Internet connection

### TOP BUSINESS NEWS

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b6 -1 b7C -1

## New York Times internal Web site hacked

Last Updated: February 27, 2002 11:44 AM ET

Print This Article

NEW YORK, Feb 27 (Reuters) - New York Times Co. NYT.N said on Wednesday it was investigating a security breach of its internal corporate Web site, but said that security flaw has been fixed.

The company was notified on Tuesday about the breach of its internal Web site, which includes company presentations by management, internal memos and other company information, spokeswoman Christine Mohan told Reuters.

"We identified the security flaw and addressed it, and are continuing to investigate the situation to ensure the security of our network," she said.

The company was still looking into who committed the breach, how it occurred and what information was accessed, she added.

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<u>+</u> = positive
(-)≠ negative
N = neutral

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## **AtNewYork**

By Ryan Naraine

Back to http://www.atnewyork.com/news/article/0,,8471 982161,00.html

NY Times Internal Network Hacked

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b6 -1 b7C -1

The New York Times on Wednesday confirmed a computer hacker broke into its internal network, accessing files and folders containing personal information of some of its biggest op-ed contributors.

Acting on a whim, 21-year-old California hacker Adrian Lamo found seven misconfigured proxy servers that served as doorways between the Internet and the company's private intranet.

Once he got in, Lamo breached weaknesses in the password policies of the New York Times to expand his access to a database of op-ed contributors, which included social security numbers of people like former U.N weapons inspector Richard Butler, former Clinton aide James Carville, radio personality Rush Limbaugh, Microsoft kingpin Bill Gates, and New York City mayor Mike Bloomberg.

New York Times spokeswoman Christine Mohan confirmed the breach and said an active investigation was underway. "The New York Times Company takes the security of its network very seriously...We will take appropriate steps if necessary to ensure the security of our network," she told at New York.

Mohan said the company had not contacted Lamo or had not yet identified the source of the intrusion although it is widely known that the hacker immediately contacted the media company with the help of a journalist from <u>SecurityFocus Online</u> Web site, which first reported the story.

It is the second time the Times has been the target of hackers. In 1998, a group known as "Hacking for Girlies" (HFG) <u>defaced</u> the company's flagship NYTimes.com site with profanities and racial rants which targeted reporter John Markoff, who authored "TakeDown," a book on the search for convicted hacker Kevin Mitnick.

Although the latest breach happened behind the scenes, it highlights the potential security nightmares facing companies that do business on the Internet.

Lamo, who gained notoriety last year after breaching the systems of Yahoo!, Microsoft ISP WorldCom, said he was surprised at the ease in which he got access into the Times' database.



## **PAGE SIX**

By RICHARD JOHNSON with PAULA FROELICH and CHRIS WILSON

February 28, 2002 -- All the news that's fit to hack

INTIMATE information about celebrity contributors to the New York Times op-ed page was exposed after a 21-year-old hacker broke into the paper's computer system.

It only took two minutes for security consultant Adrian Lamo to infiltrate the Times' internal network and get private poop on the likes of Robert Redford, Warren Beatty, Jimmy Carter, William F. Buckley Jr., Rush Limbaugh, James Carville, James Baker and Jeanne Kirkpatrick.

Lamo accessed a database of 3,000 contributors to the Times' opinion page that listed social security numbers, home telephone numbers, notes about how they feel about being edited, and how much they get paid.

He also accessed the names and social security numbers of all Times employees, lists of contacts used by the metro and business desks and logs of home delivery customers' start-and-stop orders.

"The server practically approached me," Lamo bragged to SecurityFocus.com. The crafty computer whiz discovered seven servers acting as doorways between the public Internet and the Times' private intranet, making the information available to anyone capable of properly configuring a Web browser.

Lamo notified the Times of its porous database on Tuesday. In a statement, a red-faced Times spokesperson said: "We are actively investigating a potential security breach. Based on the results of this investigation we will take appropriate steps to ensure the security of our network."

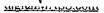
Lamo has earned a reputation for hacking into the networks of large corporations, alerting the companies and offering to fix their vulnerabilities - for a price.

In December, he was praised by communications monolith WorldCom after he discovered - and helped fix - gaping holes in its intranet that threatened to expose the private networks of Bank of America, Citicorp and J.P. Morgan.

A few months earlier, he had shown how easy it was to hack into a Yahoo! News Web site by tampering with a wire service story posted on the site. At least Lamo was unable to tinker with Times stories before they got into print. The paper's Web site is not tied in to its Swiss cheese-like internal computer system.

Last year, anti-globalization activists hacked into a World Economic Forum database and downloaded details about **Bill Clinton**, **Bill Gates**, South African President **Thabo Mbeki** and Japanese Prime Minister **Yoshiro Moki**, all attendees of the group's summit in Davos, Switzerland.

## Steve's gains



Advertising

ComPile Agency Directory

The New York Times Co. owns the Times and The Boston Globe.

This story ran on page C4 of the Boston Globe on Thursday, February 28, 2002. © Copyright 2002 Globe Newspaper Company.

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NorthWest Weekly

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## NewsFactor Network Technology's Home Page

## New York Times Hack Exposes High-Profile Data

Jay Lyman February 28, 2002



The New York Times repeatedly has been the target of computer security exploits, including a 1998 breach that resulted in defacement of its Web site,

The New York Times has confirmed that its corporate intranet — which reportedly contains personal data on such high-profile op-ed contributors as former president Jimmy Carter, activist actors Warren Beatty and Robert Redford, and Internet gurus Vint Cerf and Larry Lessig — was hacked earlier this week.

The breach, achieved by a well-known benevolent hacker named Adrian Lamo, reportedly came via ill-configured proxy servers that led from the Internet to the Times' intranet. That intranet

includes the names and social security numbers of the company's employees, logs of home delivery orders, instructions for Times reporters and contact lists, among other sensitive data.

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The Times said it has closed the security gaps and is investigating the breach, which is the latest of many exploits undertaken against the media giant.

## Hacker Heads-Up

New York Times spokesperson Christine Mohan told NewsFactor that the company was notified Tuesday that there might be a security breach of its corporate intranet.

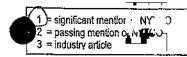
"We did confirm that there had been one," she said. "We did identify the security flaws, and then we did secure them."

Mohan said the paper received a call from network security firm <u>SecurityFocus</u>, which had been contacted by Lamo, alerting the Times to the security breach.

#### **Assessing Next Steps**

Mohan said the Times is not currently focused on the source of the security breach. She would not comment about whether the company is grateful that it was Lamo who hacked its internal network rather than a less benevolent hacker.

"Right now, we are focused on the situation at hand and on securing the information network," Mohan said. "We really aren't focused now on confirming the identity of this person.







BUSINESS

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## Hacker penetrates N.Y. Times' network

By Robert Lemos and Margaret Kane Staff Writers, CNET News.com February 27, 2002, 12:30 PM PT ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC SAW/DK/RYS

update Adrian Lamo--the curious hacker who has hit such high-profile companies as Yahoo, Microsoft and Excite@Home--has struck again, this time gaining access to *The New York Times'* internal operations network.

In an e-mail interview Wednesday with CNET News.com, Lamo described the attack, saying he viewed employee records--including Social Security numbers--and accessed the contact information for the paper's sources and columnists, including such well-known contributors as former U.S. President Jimmy Carter, former Marine Col. Oliver North and hip-hop artist Queen Latifah.

Lamo even added himself as a contact as a "computer hacking, national security and communications intelligence" specialist.

"This raises some questions about their handling of the data the company receives," Lamo said. "But in terms of the overall impact on the *Times*, it's an order of magnitude less than it could have been if people had been able to alter content" on the newspaper's public Web site, NYTimes.com.

On Wednesday, the publishing giant confirmed that the security of the internal network of its flagship newspaper had been breached. New York Times Co. spokeswoman Christine Mohan said the newspaper had addressed the security flaws, though it is still trying to determine what information was accessed and when the intrusion took place.

The security breach is the latest by Lamo, whose hack-and-tell exploits include breaking into WorldCom in December, Microsoft in October, Yahoo in September and Excite@Home in May.

Although Lamo's activities are well known, his intrusions have not resulted in any charges being filed against him. In every case, he has convinced targets that his intentions are good, notifying companies of breaches before going public. His targets have not necessarily welcomed the bad news, but his actions have allowed them to bolster their security.

The New York Times Co. would not say whether it is considering prosecuting Lamo. "Right now, we are focusing on investigating the situation," said Mohan. "We are determining what

## Latest Headlines

display on desktop

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## Hacker Adds New York Times To Long List Of Targets

A 21-year-old hacker gains access to the newspaper's corporate intranet and its source database. It's the latest in a long list of companies whose security problems have been exposed by hacker Adrian Lamo.

By George V. Hulme, InformationWeek Feb 27, 2002 (12:00 AM)

URL: http://www.informationweek.com/story/IWK20020227S0003

Adrian Lamo, a homeless 21-year-old literary buff who likes to quote Ayn Rand and H.P. Lovecraft, uses an old Toshiba notebook to expose security weaknesses at companies such as Microsoft, Yahoo, AOL, and Excite@Home. He won't explain why he does what he does, but he says hacking is his nature.

In December, the part-time security and communications consultant struck WorldCom and gained access to information about the communication company's clients, including AOL Time Warner, Bank of America, Citicorp, News Corp., J.P. Morgan, McDonald's, and Sun Microsystems. And Tuesday, he informed the New York Times, through a reporter at SecurityFocus, that he had hacked into its corporate intranet, gaining access to employees' Social Security numbers and a source database that lists the phone numbers of the rich and powerful, including Rush Limbaugh, Jeanne Kirkpatrick, Jimmy Carter, and James Baker. Lamo says that for more than a week he had access to the personnel records of about 3,000 New York Times employees.

A Times spokeswoman says the company patched the holes after being notified of the problems by Lamo. "We take security extremely seriously," she says.

Lamo says he knows he's taking legal risks, but hacking into networks is part of his nature. "As long as unauthorized exploration is going to happen on some level, what makes the most sense to me is to have it harm the fewest people as possible. If I'm trying to push any idea for people to evaluate here, that's it. If you can't eliminate it, and possibly aren't sure you want to, is harm reduction so unreasonable?" he asks.

Lamo says he contacts the companies he hacks through the media because they don't "take calls from regular people seriously." When Lamo hacked into the networks of WorldCom and Excite@Home, both companies thanked him for finding the security problems and bringing them to their attention.

But some analysts say Lamo is simply a publicity seeker who causes more harm than good by exposing companies' security weaknesses. "He is like a drunk driver, and he doesn't understand the implication of his actions," says Pete Lindstrom, director of security strategies at Hurwitz Group. "Someone should take his notebook away."

Lamo said he broke into the newspaper's main intranet, or internal network, through another network linked to it. In all, he found seven insecure servers. He soon found an unsecured database of employee Social Security numbers, which he used to sign on to the system as various employees who were using the last four digits of their Social Security numbers as passwords, a common convention.

He then used the account of an administrative assistant to create a user account for himself with broad privileges.

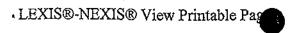
Once he was signed on as an employee, he could have filed his own articles or possibly altered stories written by real New York Times reporters, Lamo acknowledged. He once changed an old news article archived on the Yahoo Web site to prove a point.

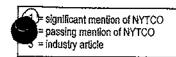
But tampering with New York Times stories "was something that I didn't think it was appropriate to explore," he said. Besides, he figured that the New York Times editors would stop any unauthorized writing from seeing print.

"I'd be surprised if any really heinous changes made it through," Lamo said.

E-mail Carrie Kirby at ckirby@sfchronicle.com.

LOAD-DATE: February 28, 2002





+ = positive -)= negative N = neutral

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February 27, 2002 Wednesday

**SECTION:** Financial Pages

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LENGTH: 235 words

DATE 02-15-2010 BY US BAW/DM/RYS

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**HEADLINE:** Hacker breaks into New York Times

DATELINE: SAN FRANCISCO, Feb 26

## BODY:

A hacker is openly bragging he broke into a sensitive database at The New York Times, accessing sensitive information about employees and sources used by the prestigious newspaper.

In an article on the California-based SecurityFocus website, Adrian Lamo, a 21-year-old computer security consultant detailed how he used IP addresses to find a database containing employee social security numbers and other data. Using this information, he was then able to find a password that allowed him to access the paper's internal servers where he found contact information on sources and contacts used by the newspaper. Servers store and pass along data on a computer network.

"The server practically approached me," Lamo said in his critique of the newspaper's computer network.

Lamo boasted that he had accessed the home phone numbers and other records of the paper's roster of contributors to its opinion pages, including the personal information of Hollywood stars Warren Beatty and Robert Redford, former UN weapons inspector Richard Butler, conservative radio talk show host Rush Limbaugh and former president Jimmy Carter.

"We did get notified yesterday that there had been a security breach of our corporate security site," said Christine Mohan, a New York Times spokeswoman. "We identified the security flaw and addressed it."

Mohan said the newspaper is continuing to investigate the breach.

LOAD-DATE: February 27, 2002

Lamo said he's not trying to find such holes to make corporate computing safer but rather follows his interests to see what he can find. "There was no motive behind the act. I realize that some people will see my actions as illegal, immoral or worse," he said. "It's not for me to contest them or try to win them over to the Adrian Lamo school of security."

Skepticism from outsiders about his actions is "understandable," he said. "Any motive that I could tack onto it would just be justification that would be invalid ... to someone somewhere. There's never been a real reason behind it."

Pete Lindstrom, an analyst with Framingham, Mass.-based Hurwitz Group Inc., said he's puzzled that network intrusions by hackers like Lamo are often met with inaction by the companies whose information is exposed. "There's a Robin Hood aspect to this for some reason," he said. WorldCom's reaction to Lamo's December attack was to thank him, rather than prosecute him, Lindstrom said.

"I would love to know what the New York Times' CEO thinks since WorldCom [and others] forced his hand" by not taking previous legal action against Lamo, Lindstrom said. "This is a wayward kid who doesn't realize the impact of his actions. They need to take away his notebook and give him some real work to do."

#### Related stories:

- New York Times hit by Nimda worm variant, Nov. 1, 2001
- News sites simplified after performance bogs down, Sept. 11, 2001
- Computerworld coverage of viruses, worms and security holes

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Subject: AP, CNET, Reuters, MSNBC re: intranet hack

## The Associated Press

The materials in the AP file were compiled by The Associated Press. These materials may not be republished without the express written consent of The Associated Press.

February 27, 2002, Wednesday, BC cycle

12:36 AM Eastern Time

SECTION: Business News

LENGTH: 197 words

HEADLINE: Hacker says he saw Social Security numbers inside New York Times' network

DATELINE: NEW YORK

### BODY:

A San Francisco hacker says he found security lapses in The New York Times' internal computer network that exposed Social Security numbers for op-ed page contributors and other sensitive files.

Adrian Lamo, 21, a part-time Internet security consultant, said Tuesday that he hacked the newspaper's Web site and snooped around numerous times about 10 days ago. He said he found at least seven misconfigured servers, allowing savvy users to enter the newspaper's private network through its public Web site. He said he browsed through names and Social Security numbers of the paper's employees, home delivery customers' orders and contact information used by writers and editors on the Metro and Business desks.

He said he accessed a database of 3,000 contributors to the Times' op-ed page, which included Social Security numbers for celebrities and government officials.

Lamo said that the SecurityFocus Web site notified the newspaper of what he had done and that the newspaper patched the holes he found but did not acknowledge the incursion.

A telephone message left at the newspaper's corporate communications division was not

Ill the news that's fit to hack

INTIMATE information about celebrity. contributors to the New York Times op-ed page was exposed after a 21-year-old hacker broke into the paper's computer system.

It only took two minutes for security consultant Adrian Lanio to infiltrate the Times' internal network and get private poop on the likes of Robert Redford, Warren Beatty, Jimmy Carter, William R. Buckley Jr., Rush Limbaugh, James Carville, James Baker and Jeanne Kirkpatrick.

Lamo accessed a database of 3,000 contributors to the Times' opinion page that listed social security numbers, home telephone numbers, notes about how they feel about being edited, and how much they get paid.

He also accessed the names and social security numbers of all Times employees, lists of contacts used by the metro and business desks and logs of home delivery customers'

crafty computer whiz discovered seven servers acting as doorways between the public Internet and the Times' private intranet, making the information available to anyone capable of properly configuring a Web browser.

Lamo notified the Times of its porous database on Tuesday. In a statement, a redfaced Times spokesperson said: "We are actively investigating a potential security breach. Based on the results of this investigation we will take appropriate steps to ensure the security of our network,"

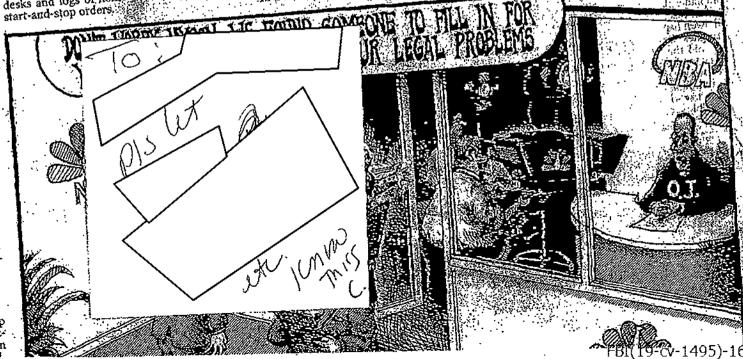
Larno has earned a reputation for hacking into the networks of large corporations, alerting the companies and offering to fix their vulnerabilities - for a price.

In December, he was praised by communi-

vate networks of Bank of America, Citicorp and J.P. Morgan,

A few months earlier, he had shown how easy it was to hack into a Yahool News Web site by tampering wiffi a wire service story posted on the site. At least Lamo was unable to tinker with Times stories before they got into print. The paper's Well site is not fied in to its Swiss cheese-like internal computer

Last year, anti-globalization activists system. hacked into a World Economic Forum database and downloaded details about BHI Clinton, Bill Gates, South African President Thabo Mbeki and Japanese Prime Minister Yoshiro Mold, all attendees of the group's. summit in Davos, Switzerland.



# Richard ohnson

With Paula Froelich and Chris Wilson

## Steve's gains

LAST week was good for author Steven Gaines. First, Penguin signed a deal to re-release. his best-selling 1984 Beatles bio, "The Love You Make," Days later, HBO announced it was making his 1991 tell-all "Simply a movie. into Strangely, the two names most commonly dropped to play the Midwest-born designer are Brits, Jeremy Irons and Rupert Eyerett. But spies say Irons thinks he's too old for the part while Everett doesn't think he could pull off Halston's twang. We nominate Gary Old-

## Signtings

HUGH Grant speeding up water then ducking into the Rizand honkstore to get away from about a potential security breach of our corporate intranet site," she said.

"We identified the security flaw and addressed it," Mohan said. "We are continuing to investigate the situation to ensure the security of our network."

This isn't the first time the newspaper has come under attack; in 1998 a hacker posted pornography and racist text on the newspaper's Web site.

MSNBC.com

N.Y. Times source database hacked

Paper's rich-and-famous op-ed, source database revealed

By Bob Sullivan MSNBC

Feb. 27 — A computer security researcher accessed internal New York Times computer networks this week through the Internet and managed to view hundreds of sensitive Times files. Among them: a database of 3,000 Times op-ed page contributors. The file contained Social Security numbers and other personal information belonging to luminaries like James Carville, James Baker, Larry Lessig, and Robert Redford. The researcher also got phone numbers for William F. Buckley Jr., Rush Limbaugh, Warren Beatty and Jimmy Carter. In a statement, the New York Times said it is investigating the problem.

THE RESEARCHER, ADRIAN LAMO, has a long history of exposing computer security problems at major Web sites. In the past, he has uncovered problems with America Online's Instant Messenger, with MCI WorldCom networks that services big-name clients like Bank of America, and at Yahoo! When he breached Yahoo's security, Lamo was able to alter the content of a news story and post it on the Web portal's site.

Lamo said he wasn't about to access New York Times content when he rummaged through the company's network earlier this week. But he was able, with relative ease, to poke around the Times' corporate networks. While there, he was able to see names and social security numbers of Times employees, home delivery logs, even source lists for the newspapers' reporters.

Lamo said he informed the newspaper of the breach through Kevin Poulsen, a reporter at computer security news Web site SecurityFocus.com, on Tuesday.

In a statement, the New York Times said it is investigating Lamo's claims.

"The New York Times Company takes the security of its network very seriously," said spokesperson Christine Mohan. "Yesterday, we were notified about a potential security breach of our corporate intranet site, we identified the security flaw and addressed it. We are continuing to investigate the situation to ensure the security of our network."

Lamo supported his claims with a variety of screen shots sent to MSNBC.com. The images show lists names from what appear to be internal New York Times databases. Lamo was even able to add his name and phone number to a database of experts used by Times' reporters.

The researcher said he was able to access the Times' networks simply through a Web browser by locating vulnerable New York Times "proxy" servers. Proxy servers are generally considered a tool of safety, acting as a bridge between a company's internal network and the

outside world. But if they are misconfigured, they act instead as the perfect place to launch an attack. Once Lamo accessed a Times proxy server, he was able to hunt and peck through private information belonging to Times' employees and customers.

"This surely wasn't anything the people involved had counted on when they'd been filling out that teli-us-about-yourself account form," he said.

Lamo, a 21-year-old nomad who is among the few computer researchers that use their real name when informing a company about a security problem, said he generally does his work to improve the state of computer security at large companies. His unconventional tactics are frequently criticized, he says.

"I recognize that some people will see my actions as illegal, immoral, or worse. It's not for me to contest them or try to win them over to the Adrian Lamo School of Security," he said. "I've done my best to act in good faith and avoid harm to the company and employees involved."



# New York Times Intranet, Source Database Hacked

By Brian Krebs, Newsbytes WASHINGTON, D.C., U.S.A., 26 Feb 2002, 7:52 PM CST ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 02-18-2010 BY UC BAW/DK/RYS

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The New York Times' corporate Intranet and Web-based applications that handle everything from payroll accounts to the newsroom's source database were penetrated by a freelance security researcher this week using nothing more than a Web browser, Newsbytes has learned.

The discovery was made by 21-year-old Adrian Lamo, a white-hat hacker known for tracking down and alerting Fortune 500 companies that employ lackluster or non-existent security measures on their Web sites.

The internal Web site included pages with detailed instructions for stringers and correspondents on how to file from the field, complete with dial-in modern numbers and accounts. The intranet also lists each Times employee's contact information, as well as their Social Security numbers.

According to screenshots obtained by Newsbytes, the Times' own "Everyone, Everywhere" newsroom contact database was also available via the corporate Intranet. The database contains phone numbers and contact information for such household names such as Yogi Berra, Warren Beatty, and Robert Redford, as well as high-profile political figures - including Palestinian leader Yassir Arafat and Secretary of State Colin Powell.

The source database also contains Social Security numbers for all of the Times' guest op-ed writers, including Democratic operative James Carville and Internet policy guru Lawrence Lessig. Also spotted in the file were entries for William F. Buckley Jr., Rush Limbaugh, Microsoft founder Bill Gates, and New York Mayor Michael Bloomberg.

In September 1998, a hacker group known as "Hacking for Girlies" broke into the New York Times Web site, replacing the main page with its insignia and a lengthy diatribe against New York Times technology columnist John Markoff for his book "Takedown," which the group said painted an inaccurate picture of hacker icon Kevin Mitnick.

The New York Times subsequently moved the servers for its public Web sites to a more secure Internet address block.

But the company left many Web pages created for use by employees and field reporters open to just about anyone curious enough to look for them, Lamo said.

Times spokeswoman Christine Mohan confirmed that the company is "actively investigating a potential security breach.

"The New York Times Company takes the security of its network very seriously," Mohan said. "Based on the results of this investigation, we will take appropriate steps if necessary to ensure the security of our network."

Lamo located the internal network after querying publicly accessible Internet address records for mail servers on the New York Times address space, armed with the knowledge that e-mail is often processed by the same systems and networks that manage a corporation's firewall.

Lamo gained access to the network using Web proxies located on the network. Proxies are machines that allows users to route through - or into - networks, often skirting past firewalls. The whole process from search to discovery took less than two minutes.

"It struck me as being a part of their network more likely to be placed in a trusted location," he said.



"Ironically, it wasn't until I mistyped a URL that I found what I was looking for - the error message invited me to 'try the main New York Times intranet site' instead."

The Times' corporate intranet also allows users to access other sensitive areas, including the company's human resources department, as well as tools used to submit advertisements that accompany stories in the daily paper and the New York Times Web site, <a href="http://www.nytimes.com">http://www.nytimes.com</a>.

The discovery highlights just how susceptible the Internet can be as a tool for spreading misinformation. Lamo said had he been so inclined, he probably would have been able to figure out how to successfully submit a small news item or advertisement for publication.

Days after the Sept. 11 attacks, Lamo used a proxy on the Yahoo network to add satirical comment to a story on the company's Web site about Russian programmer Dmitry Sklyarov, a stunt that raised public concern about the integrity of online media.

Last week, Lamo alerted SBC Communications that several of its Web pages containing tens of thousands of subscriber user names and passwords were exposed to the Web and completely unprotected.

In December, Lamo discovered an Internet-accessible Web tool that provided easy access to the keys to private network routers for dozens of companies, including AOL Time Warner, Bank of America, Citicorp, Fox News Corp., JP Morgan, McDonalds, and Sun Microsystems - to name just a few.

When asked why he does what he does, Lamo is noncommittal and somewhat cagey, downplaying his penchant for seeing things in ways that often go unnoticed by most.

That didn't stop him, however, from quietly adding his name to the newsroom's source list as an expert on computer hacking.

"I'm not trying to bring about any sort of specific change anywhere by what I do.- but in doing what I do, acting in good faith doesn't seem like a bad thing, and hoping that someone in a similar situation in some undefined future might have options that aren't all a downwards spiral doesn't seem unreasonable either," Lamo said. "It would be nice."

Reported by Newsbytes.com, http://www.newsbytes.com

19:52 CST Reposted 19:57 CST

(20020226/WIRES ONLINE, LEGAL, BUSINESS, TELECOM/NYTIMES/PHOTO)

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02/27/2002 10:53 AM

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To:	
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Subject: AP article on Hacker

### The Associated Press

The materials in the AP file were compiled by The Associated Press. These materials may not be republished without the express written consent of The Associated Press.

February 27, 2002, Wednesday, BC cycle

12:36 AM Eastern Time

**SECTION:** Business News

LENGTH: 197 words

**HEADLINE:** Hacker says he saw Social Security numbers inside New York Times' network

**DATELINE:** NEW YORK

### BODY:

A San Francisco hacker says he found security lapses in The New York Times' internal computer network that exposed Social Security numbers for op-ed page contributors and other sensitive files.

Adrian Lamo, 21, a part-time Internet security consultant, said Tuesday that he hacked the newspaper's Web site and snooped around numerous times about 10 days ago. He said he found at least seven misconfigured servers, allowing savvy users to enter the newspaper's private network through its public Web site. He said he browsed through names and Social Security numbers of the paper's employees, home delivery customers' orders and contact information used by writers and editors on the Metro and Business desks.

He said he accessed a database of 3,000 contributors to the Times' op-ed page, which included Social Security numbers for celebrities and government officials.

Lamo said that the SecurityFocus Web site notified the newspaper of what he had done and that the newspaper patched the holes he found but did not acknowledge the incursion.

A telephone message left at the newspaper's corporate communications division was not immediately returned Tuesday night.

LOAD-DATE: February 27, 2002



BusinessWeek online

Close Window

MAFRCH 5, 2002

SECURITY NET
By Alex Salkever

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## Stop Him Before He Hacks Again

Adrian Lamo has made quite a name for himself by breaking into corporate networks. He has done no harm - but that's not the issue

Readers of <u>The New York Times's</u> "op-ed" page regularly find columns written by a host of world leaders and celebrities, from Palestinian leader Yassir Arafat and former U.S. President Jimmy Carter to hip-hop star and talk-show host Queen Latifah. The contact information for these luminaries is a closely guarded *Times* secret, as is the contents of the op-ed section's Rolodex.

Not anymore. The *Times* op-ed section and its list of contributors were recently penetrated by one of the most controversial hackers to emerge since Kevin Mitnick, who spent almost five years in prison for repeatedly invading computer systems at a slather of high-tech outfits. Meet Adrian Lamo, a soft-spoken 21-year-old snoop from San Francisco who hacks with nothing more than a laptop, a Web browser, and a Net connection at the local coffee shop.

FRIENDLY WARNING. Lamo recently broke into the *Times* computer network, where he co-opted contact-information files as well as sensitive details of the news-gathering and editing process at the *Times*. His tear through the Gray Lady's closet even gave him the ability to change the Web site at one of the world's most powerful media organizations with a few key strokes — an option he didn't exercise. Lamo then contacted computer-security publication *Security Focus Online* and asked it to contact the *Times* on his behalf to outline the breach.

This isn't Lamo's first conquest. In September, 2001, he hacked into the content servers at Yahoo! — and ctually did alter a news story to demonstrate that he was capable of breaching security. A month later, he acked customer-information databases at software powerhouse Microsoft. In December, 2001, he gained coess to secret network-topography diagrams at voice-and-data carrier WorldCom, going so far as to e-mail impany officials a supposedly secret file showing key locations of network equipment.

why hasn't Lamo been prosecuted for computer crimes? In each of these cases, he warned the companies out their flaws after-the-fact and offered to help fix them for free. Lamo further claims that he has accepted money or compensation from any of his targets, something that often happens in the computer-security rld, where a consultant reporting a breach often gets awarded a contract. Rather than condemning him, no's "victims" have mostly praised him for helping to secure their networks.

UDER OR HERO? So far, the *Times* has neither condemned nor lauded Lamo. "We are currently detert the appropriate next steps will be," was how *Times* spokesperson Christine Mohan responded to BusinessWeek Online. To date, no one has pressed charges.

wobni





## A Star Is Born, Security Suffers

Pete Lindstrom, Director, Security Strategies
December 7, 2001
Hurwitz TrendWatch — Thinking Out Loud

Yesterday, we were all witness to the worst case of security apathy in the public world. If I had seen this in a movie, I'd have walked out because the plot was just too unbelievable. A 20 year-old "do-good" hacker poked and prodded his way into one of the largest networks in the world, owned by WorldCom, gained access to all sorts of information that was apparently considered insignificant, and by the end of the story the WorldCom team is THANKING him for it. It is enough to make me retch.

### The Incident

So the "wandering" dumpster diver, Adrian Lamo, apparently used a widely-available hacker tool to find a hole in WorldCom's network and proceeded to masquerade as an insider. Reportedly, he spent a month getting access to highly detailed diagrams of WorldCom's physical network infrastructure, employee records (with claims to be able to change an employee's direct deposit information), and passwords to gain access to the networks of WorldCom's client companies like Bank of America, JP Morgan, Citicorp, Sun Microsystems, and AOL (I sure hope they are screaming). Then he confessed.

#### The Response

Apparently, when WorldCom found out, they all got together to make nice. He willingly signed a non-disclosure agreement and showed the WorldCom folks their security vulnerability. They proceeded to SHOWER HIM WITH PRAISE like "We really appreciate his efforts to work with us" and asserted "At that end of the day, what he did wasn't destructive or harmful." This last comment, of course, is the key indicator that WorldCom has NOT LEARNED ITS LESSON.

#### The Resolution

Whew! I suppose it is over and everyone can go home happy. Lamo got the attention he wanted, WorldCom got a 20-year-old hacker's seal of approval, and security professionals around the world got a slap in the face.

Why is it that we scream about rogue viruses and ignore a hacker with free reign over one of the biggest telecom company's intranet? Let me be clearer: I am absolutely astounded at the indifference, nay graciousness, with which a company like WorldCom is treating the hacking nomad, Adrian Lamo, after he spent a month

"doing nothing wrong" on its internal network. Given the reported information, this is the most extreme case of negligence I have ever seen.

Mistakes happen to even the most diligent enterprises. But to dismiss the nature of this CRIME screams negligence. Lamo broke the law, confessed, and was given a pat on the back. WorldCom claims nothing significant occurred. Nobody learned here.

WorldCom can't really be sure there was no damage unless it does a thorough review of every network device and host system accessible via its Internet and changes all passwords associated with administration. The fact that it doesn't seem to think the incident is significant indicates that it won't perform these procedures.

How many ways can something as benign as this go wrong? Let's see, what if he makes a mistake? What if someone steals his laptop? What if he stops liking you? What if he gives away the stuff he kept? What if he comes back? What if he uses that access to gain access to another site? There are too many possibilities that can lead to something going wrong.

There are a number of victims here, including under-appreciated customers and denigrated WorldCom security employees. These victims should strongly consider the impact of this incident as well as the precedent it sets.

Adrian Lamo is a "serial hacker" looking for press who doesn't think he is doing anything wrong. What he deserves is jail time. WorldCom is a negligent entity that has breached the trust of all of its customers. What it deserves is a class-action lawsuit. The entire incident is indicative of the apathy that runs rampant in the face of actual incidents.

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## Adrian Lamo's Reported Victims:

AOL, Apple Computer, Journal of Commerce, Microsoft, Excite@Home, Yahoo, World Bank, WorldCom, WorldCom Customers (Bank of America, JP Morgan, Citicorp, Sun Microsystems).

## Adrian Lamo's Quotes (All from SecurityFocus):

"The downside is, I'm running out of major U.S. corporations."

"For me, [WorldCom's intranet is] a massive playground that's slowly and inexorably crumbling away at their security infrastructure."

"I made it clear very quickly that all I was interested in doing was make it as positive an experience as possible for everyone."

"I do what I do, there's no particular motive I can describe."

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BY C		
DATE (0-12-02		

b6 -1 b7C -1

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 02/28/2002	<del></del>
telephone number was telephonically contacted by the interviewing agent. After being advised as to the identity of the interviewing agent and the purpose of the interview, provided the following information:	
is aware of an unauthorized computer intrusion into THE NEW YORK TIMES' intranet by ADRIAN LAMO. LAMO announced to the media that he had hacked THE NEW YORK TIMES. confirmed that LAMO gained unauthorized access to their intranet and added his name to a newsroom database. LAMO also, gained access to their circulation area and a database that contained the names of their employees. LAMO was able to crack the password of one of their former employees. The former employees userid had supervisory rights. Using the supervisory rights, LAMO created other userid's on the network.	b6 -2 b7C -2
commented that LAMO was also able to gain access to a beta database.	

					b3 -2
Investigation on	02/27/2002	at New York,	NY	(telephonically)	b6 -1
File #			Date dictated	02/28/2002	b7C -1 b7E -3
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#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 06/10/2002	<del></del>
explained that  . When	b6 -2.5
Lexis-Nexus, telephone number  stated that a Lexis-Nexus investigation revealed that the accounts were being accessed from two (2) KINKO's locations in California. It was Lexis-Nexus belief that the TIMES' network had been hacked and there were three accounts created at that time.  provided with the dates and times the accounts were created and the accounts were disabled.  further stated that	•
Investigation on 06/06/2002 at New York, NY  File   Date dictated 06/10/2002	- b3 -2 _ b6 -1 _ b7C -1 - b7E -3

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		7
	commented that also through the newsroom ntranet the employees are able to access	
	the employees are able to create	<del></del>
	ew userids and passwords like for Lexis-Nexus. stated he ontacted an individual at whose name he currently does not emember. To date investigation into whether any accounts were reated by LAMO are negative.	:
	provided an email that contains the account nformation for the accounts set up by an unauthorized user.	

Mbq	ALL INFORMATION COMMAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 02-18-2010 BY UC BAW/DK/RYS
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SERIALIZED FR. PO.	b6 -1,2
JUN 1 O 2002	b7C -1,2 b3 -2
	—b7E −3 ┃

b6 -1 b7C -1

- 1 -

### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

YORK TIMES, 229 West 43rd Street, New York, NY 10036, was interviewed at his place of employment. Also present during the interview was after being advised as to the identities of the interviewing agents and the purpose of the interview, provided the following information:    16 -2		Date of transcription 06/10/2002
provided the following information:	interviewed at his place of employ interview was NEW YORK TIMES. After being advis	New York, NY 10036, was ment. Also present during the THE ed as to the identities of the
configured his web browser to be their proxy server. By doing this any activity he performed on their network was trusted because the proxy server was a trusted machine. further commented that LAMO was able to determine which one of their proxy servers were vulnerable by using a program called a proxy hunter.  When was informed that LAMO had hacked into their network.  When was informed that LAMO had access to.  One (1) of the servers that LAMO was able to view was the b7E newsroom server. LAMO had full access to this server after he became the proxy server. It was through this server that LAMO was able to set up Lexis-Nexus accounts as well as manipulate other databases.  stated that steps have been taken to prevent a	provided the following information  is aware of the YORK TIMES' network by ADRIAN LAMO via a proxy server. The proxy server proxy's to occur for operational puthat the proxy server redirects to	b6 -2  the unauthorized access of THE NEW b7C -  the unauthorized access of THE NEW b7C -  the was configured to allow ourposes. explained  the web servers and firewalls.
their network.  was able to see what areas/links LAMO had access to.  One (1) of the servers that LAMO was able to view was the b7E newsroom server. LAMO had full access to this server after he became the proxy server. It was through this server that LAMO was able to set up Lexis-Nexus accounts as well as manipulate other databases.  stated that steps have been taken to prevent a	configured his web browser to be t any activity he performed on their proxy server was a trusted machine that LAMO was able to determine wh	heir proxy server. By doing this network was trusted because the further commented ich one of their proxy servers
One (1) of the servers that LAMO was able to view was the b7E newsroom server. LAMO had full access to this server after he became the proxy server. It was through this server that LAMO was able to set up Lexis-Nexus accounts as well as manipulate other databases.  Stated that steps have been taken to prevent a	their network,	b6 -2
	newsroom server. LAMO had full ac became the proxy server. It was t able to set up Lexis-Nexus account	that LAMO was able to view was the $b7E$ cess to this server after he through this server that LAMO was
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tigation on 06/06/2002 at New York, NY	# SA SA :cah	

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Automated Serial Permanent Charge-Out FD-5a (1-5-94)

Date: 09/20/02 Time: 13:39

Case ID:

Description of Document:

Type : OTHER
Date : 05/22/02
To : NEW YORK

From : INTERNET MESSAGE

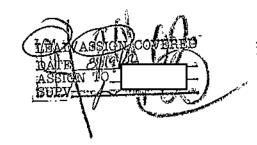
b6 -1,5 b7C -1,5 b3 -2 b7E -3

Reason for Permanent Charge-Out:

inadvertently filed

Transferred to:

Case ID:
Employee:



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DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC SAW/DK/RYS

(Rev. 08-28-2000)

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC BAW/DM/RYS

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

b6 -1 b7C -1

Precedence: ROUTINE	Date: 08/16/2002
To: New York	Attn: C-37
From: New York Squad C-37 Contact: SA	
Approved By:	b3 -2 b6 -1
Drafted By:	b7C - b7E -
Case ID #:	
Title: ADRIAN LAMO; New York Times-Victim; Computer Intrusion; OO:NY	
Synopsis: Request investigative analysis of ADRIAN LAM	research assistance with
Enclosure(s): One (1) copy of LAMO for the dates of 6/1/01-5/7/	of ADRIAN b3 -4

Details: In February 2002, LAMO discovered several misconfigured proxy servers acting as doorways between the public Internet and the New York Times' private intranet. LAMO utilized the proxy servers to gain access to the New York Times network. Once on the network, LAMO cracked a password for a userid with supervisor rights. Utilizing this userid he was able to broaden his access as well as perform certain functions within the network. LAMO had access to individuals names and Social Security Numbers. LAMO informed The New York Times of the security vulnerability through SECURITYFOCUS.COM.

LAMO has committed computer intrusions into several other corporations such as WORLDCOM, MICROSOFT, AOL, EXCITE@HOME and YAHOO. LAMO uses a "Proxy Hunter" to search the Internet for proxy servers that are misconfigured. Once he obtains this information, he configures his browser to appear and utilize the proxy server as his own. Once the computer intrusion occurs, LAMO searches the network to determine if there are any other vulnerabilities and in the case of The New York Times, left a backdoor so that he could enter at another time undetected.

Each time LAMO commits a computer intrusion on a high profile organization he reports the vunerability and intrusion to

To:	New York	From.	New	York
Re:,			08/1	5/2002

b3 -2 | b7E -3

the media causing a distrust of the company's clients. The above mentioned corporations have lost significant money and trust of their clients.

Pursuant to a subpoena request, writer received the	
Investigation has revealed that LAMO has provided unauthorized access to Lexis-Nexus account to individuals he	b3 -4
knows in California, Utah, Colorado and Atlanta. A brief review	b6 -4
of On 8/16/02, writer requested subpoenas	b7C -4
from AUSA for	

Writer requests assistance in analysis of the enclosed ADRIAN LAMO.

2

To: New York From: New York Re: 08/16/2002

b3 -2 b7E -3

LEAD(s):

Set Lead 1: (Adm)

NEW YORK

AT NEW YORK

 $\,$  Request for the assistance of NYO IOS in the above mentioned investigation.

3

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-		Working Copy		· Page 1	
16 Precedence: ROUTINE To: Counterterrorism	Attn:	Date: 8/29/2002  Computer Investigations Unit, CIOS, NIPC,	ALL INFORMATION CONTAIN HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 02-13-2010 BY	TED  UC BAW/DK/RYS	OCT 0 - 2002
	tern Bell - Intrusion	Room 11719		b6 -1 b7C -1 b3 -2 b7E -3	
X Referred to Another Federal Placed in unaddressed we Closed administratively Conviction  COORDINATION: FBI Field Of Government	eral Agency ork		Department, LT	b3 -2 b6 -1,7 b7C -1, b7E -3	7
					FBI(19-cv-1495)-165

. . . . . . .

VICTIM

Company name/Government agency: Southwestern Bell Corporation, 1701	b6 <b>-</b> 2
Alma Drive, Plano, TX, POC	b7C -2
Purpose of System: Telecommunications Highest classification of information stored in system: Unclass.	
System Data: Hardware/configuration (CPU): Network Operating System: Multiple	
Software:	
Security Features:	
Security Hardware Installed: X yes no Logon Warning Banner: yes no	
INTRUSION INFORMATION	
Access for intrusion: X Internet connection dial-up number LAN (insider) If Internet: Internet address: Network name:	
Method: Technique(s) used in intrusion: Unknown	
of intrusion: N/A addresses: 1 2 3 4 5 country: 1 2 3 4 5 facility: 1 2 3 4 5	
Subject: Adrian Lamo	
Age: Race: Sex: Education:	
Alias(s):Motive:Financial Gain	
Group Affiliation:	
Employer:	
Known Accomplices:	
Equipment used:	
Kardware/configuration (CPU):	

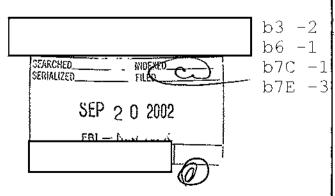
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Working Copy
Operating System:	
Software:	
Impact:	
	BA
Compromise of classified information: yes X Estimated number of computers affected: Unknown	110
Estimated dollar loss to date: Unknown	
Category of Crime:	
tategory of Grime.	
Impairment: Theft of Infor	mation:
Malicious code inserted	
ified information compromised	
Denial of service	
Unclassified information compromised	
Destruction of information/software	Passwords obtained
Modification of information/software Computer pro	ocessing time obtained
Telephone	services obtained
Application software obtained	
Operating	software obtained
Intrusion:	
Unauthorized access	
Exceeding authorized access	
REMARKS	
On 8/28/02, Dallas was contacted telephonically by	<u>/</u>
Security, Southwestern Bell Corporation, Dallas, TX,	
stated that he had been reading an article	
security focus regarding Lamo not appearing on NBC for a pi	
NBC was doing regarding hacking whennoticed that Lamo	o took
credit for being inside of a Telecom company.	
informed Dallas that this might have been his	•
company. stated that shortly before this, his company	
received an e-mail from Lamo informing them that they were	
vulnerable, but added that this had never been followed up	on.
was unaware of any losses or of any compromised system	
based his contact with the FBI solely on the e-mail from La	
Dailas recalled that Dailas had previously covered leads	
regarding Worldcom at Dallas in relation to Lamo for New Yo	ork.
Dallas therefore referred to New York, and in particul	ar SA

b6 -2 b7C -2 Page

b6 -1 | b7C -1

# FEDERAL BURÉAU OF INVESTIGATION

Precedence: ROUTINE	Date: 08/29/2002
To: New York Attn:	C-37 SA
Dallas	
From: Dallas Cyber Squad Contact: SA	
Approved By:	
Drafted By:	b6 -1 b7C -1
Case ID #:	b3 -2 b7E -3
Title: ADRIAN LAMO  New York Times-Victim;  Computer Intrusion;	•
Synopsis: Claim statistical accomplishm New York.	ment and refer victim to
Details: On 8/28/02, Dallas was contact Security, Southwestern Bell Corpor stated that he had been	ration, Dallas, TX,
security focus regarding Lamo not appear NBC was doing regarding hacking when credit for being inside of a Telecom company.	noticed that Lamo took
informed Dallas that this magnetic company. Instated that shortly before received an e-mail from Lamo informing to the vulnerable, but added that this had never Dallas recalled that Dallas had previous regarding Worldcom at Dallas in relation Dallas therefore referred to New York Dallas therefore	might have been his b7C -1,2 re this, his company had them that they were er been followed up on.



FBI(19-cv-1495)-1654

To: Dallas From: Dallas Re: 08/29/2002	b3 <b>-</b> 2
	b7E -3
Accomplishment Information:	
Number: 1 Type: VICTIM CONTACTED/INTERVIEWED ITU: Claimed By: SSN: Name: Squad: Cyber	b6 −1
Number: 1 Type: SUBJECT IDENTIFIED ITU: Claimed By:	b7C -1 b7E -5
SSN: Name: Squad: Cyber	

To: Dallas From: Dallas
Re: 08/29/2002

b3 -2 b7E -3

LEAD(s):

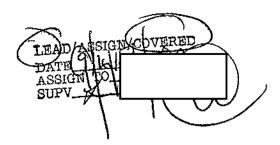
Set Lead 1: (Adm)

NEW YORK

AT NEW YORK

For information of New York.

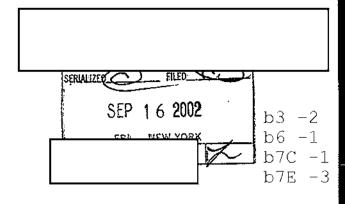
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DATE 02-18-2010 BY TO BAW/DK/RYS



1

FBI(19-cv-1495)-165

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Precedence: ROUTINE Date: 08/	29/2002
To: New York Attn: C-37 SA	
Dallas	
Cyber Squad	IS UNCLASSIFIED 8-13-2010 BY UC BAW/DK/RYS
Contact: SA	
Approved By:	
Drafted By: al	b3 -2 b6 -1
Case ID #:	b7C -1 b7E -3
Title: ADRIAN LAMO New York Times-Victim; Computer Intrusion;	
Synopsis: Claim statistical accomplishment and refer New York.	victim to
Details: On 8/28/02, Dallas was contacted telephonical Security, Southwestern Bell Corporation, Dallas, stated that he had been reading an artisecurity focus regarding Lamo not appearing on NBC for NBC was doing regarding hacking when noticed that credit for being inside of a Telecom company.  informed Dallas that this might have been he company. stated that shortly before this, his convectived an e-mail from Lamo informing them that they wulnerable, but added that this had never been followed Dallas recalled that Dallas had previously covered lead regarding Worldcom at Dallas in relation to Lamo for New York, and in particular the property of the New York, and in particular the property of the New York, and in particular the property of the New York, and in particular the property of the New York, and in particular the property of the New York, and in particular the property of the New York, and in particular the property of the New York, and in particular the property of the New York, and in particular the property of the New York, and in particular the property of the New York, and in particular the property of the New York, and in particular the property of the New York, and in particular the property of the New York, and in particular the property of the Property of the Property of the New York, and in particular the property of the Property of the New York, and in particular the Property of th	TX, icle on a piece Lamo took  b6 -1,2 b7C -1,2 mpany had were i up on. is ew York.
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Type: SUBJECT IDENTIFIED STU: SSN: Name:

Cyber

'b6 -1 b7C -1 b7E -5

LEAD(s):

Set Lead 1: (Adm)

Squad:

NEW YORK

AT NEW YORK

For information of New York.

b3 -2 FBI(19-cv-1495)-1660 b7E -3

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 02-13-2010 BY

UC BAW/DK/RYS

b6 -1 b7C -1

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Precedence: P	RIORITY	Dat	: <b>e:</b> 09/	/06/2002	
To: Washingto	n Field	Attn:	Squad (	CT8	$\neg$
Philadelp	hia	Attn:	Squad S	)	
San Franc	isco	Attn:	Squad 1	L4B	
	k d C-37 act: SA cellular telephone				
Approved By: [	Av.				b3 -2 b6 -1
Drafted By:	slf				b7C -1 b7E -3
Case ID #:					
	LAMO; rk Times-Victin; er Intrusion;				
Synopsis: Det fac	ermine if ADRIAN LAMO has ilities	ytilize	ed liste	ed Kinko's	
Enclosure(s):	Listing of Kinko's facilities Listing of Kinko's facilities Listing of Kinko's facilities	ities in	. Philad	delphia, PA	'A
	One (1) copy recent news photo	story a	bout LA	MO with	

Details: In February 2002, LAMO discovered several misconfigured proxy servers acting as doorways between the public Internet and the New York Times' private intranet. LAMO utilized the proxy servers to gain access to the New York Times network. Once on the network, LAMO gracked a password for a userid with supervisor rights. Utilizing this userid he was able to broaden his access as well as perform \certain functions within the network. LAMO had access to individuals names and Social Security Numbers. LAMO informed The New York Times of the security vulnerability through SECURITYFOCUS.COM.

LAMO has committed computer intrusions into several other corporations such as WORLDCOM, MICROSOFT, AOL, EXCITE@HOME and YAHOO. LAMO uses a "Proxy Hunter" to search the Internet for proxy servers that are misconfigured. Once he obtains this information, he configures his browser to appear and utilize the proxy server as his own. Once the computer intrusion occurs, LAMO searches the network to determine if there are any other vulnerabilities and in the case of The New York Times, left a backdoor so that he could enter at another time undetected.

LAMO is a vagrant, traveling by bus from the East Coast to the West Coast and vice versa staying with friends or in hostels. LAMO utilizes the services of Kinko's to perform the majority of his hacking with his Toshiba laptop. LAMO is not employed, therefore when he performs his hacking he may spend hours at Kinko's.

Each time LAMO commits a computer intrusion on a high profile organization he reports the vulnerability and intrusion to the media causing a distrust of the company's clients. The above mentioned corporations have lost significant money and trust of their clients.

On approximately August 22 2002, LAMO hacked into NBC and a telecommunications company while being taped by a reporter for NBC to be aired on NBC Nightly News. The story was pulled when NBC attorney's learned of its content. LAMO committed the hacks from a Kinko's store on the East Coast. LAMO gained unauthorized to the telecommunications companies network and it unsure at this time whether he had authorization to hack into NBC's network. The New York Office is investigating this unauthorized access further.

LAMO also has ties to former hacker who was arrested by the FBI for computer intrusion/national security charges. for LAMO and the b6 -5

The New York Office and the Southern District of New York are currently investigating LAMO and his computer

corporations he hacks.

b7C -5

To: Washington Field From: New York Re: 09/06/2002

b3 -2 b7E -3

intrusions. The NYO along with the SDNY are looking to have an indictment against LAMO by the end of September.

### Descriptive Data:

Name -Last: First: Middle:

Race: Sex: SOC:

Address -House #:

Street Name: City:

State: Postal Code:

LAMO ADRIAN

W M

042-74-6804

1230

Market Street, #106

San Francisco

CA 94102

To: 🛂	Washington	Field	l From:	New	York
Re:			09/06/20	02	

b3 -2 b7E -3

LEAD(s):

Set Lead 1:

### WASHINGTON FIELD

#### AT WASHINGTON, DC

Interview all employees of the following Kinko's stores and conduct logical investigation. Determine the ip address range allocated to the store for internet access, if not dynamically assigned. Determine the store's internet access and logging procedures. If LAMO is at any of the below listed locations, contact writer immediately.

#### Kinko's locations:

- 1. Washington DC 7th & D
  325 7th Street
  Washington, DC 20004-2801
  (202) 544-4796
- 2. Washington DC Capital Hill 317 Pennsylvania Ave SE Washington, DC 2003-1148 (202) 547-0421
- 3. Washington DC 16th & K Street 1612 K St NW Ste 100 Washington, DC 20006-2802 (202) 466-3777
- 4. Washington DC 2020 K Street 2020 K Street W Washington, DC 20006-1806 (202) 331-9572
- 5. Washington DC Catholic U 204 Michigan Ave NE Washington, DC 20017-1005 (202)232-7124
- 6. Washington DC Georgetown
  3329 M Street NW
  Washington, DC 20007-3514
  (202) 965-1414
- 7. Washington DC Chevy Chase

b3 -2 b7E -3

5225 Wisconsin Ave Washington, DC 20015-2014 (202) 362-5003

8. Alexandria VA Old Towne 685 N. Washington St Alexandria, VA 22314-1913 (703) 739-0783

#### Set Lead 2:

#### PHILADELPHIA

#### AT PHILADELPHIA

Interview all employees of the following Kinko's stores and conduct logical investigation. Determine the ip address range allocated to the store for internet access, if not dynamically assigned. Determine the store's internet access and logging procedures. If LAMO is at any of the below listed locations, contact writer immediately.

#### Kinko's locations:

- 1. Philadelphia PA Marriott Conv Ctr 1201 Market St Philadelphia, PA 19107-2817 (215) 923-2520
- 2. Philadelphia PA Stock Exchng 2001 Market St Philadelphia, PA 19103-7044 (215) 561-5170
- 3. Philadelphia PA Spring Garden 1816 Spring Garden St Philadelphia, PA 19130-3917 (215) 567-2679
- 4. Philadelphia PA Univ City 3923 Walnut St Philadelphia, PA 19104-3608 (215) 386-5679
- 5. Philadelphia PA City Line 4514 City Line Ave Fl 2 Philadelphia, PA 19131-1509 (215) 473-0500

6. Philadelphia PA Northeast S/C 9171 Roosevelt Blvd Philadelphia, PA 19114 (215) 330-0212

#### Set Lead 3:

#### SAN FRANCISCO

#### AT SAN FRANCISCO

Interview all employees of the following Kinko's stores and conduct logical investigation. Determine the ip address range allocated to the store for internet access, if not dynamically assigned. Determine the store's internet access and logging procedures. If LAMO is at any of the below listed locations, contact writer immediately.

#### Kinko's locations:

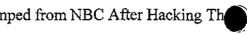
- 1. San Franciso CA Nob Hill 1800 Van Ness Ave San Francisco, CA 94109-3623 (415) 292-2500
- San Francisco CA Pine Street 369 Pine Street San Francisco, CA 94104-3302 (415) 834-1053
- 3. San Francisco, CA Mission District 1965 & 1967 Market St San Francisco, CA 94103-1012 (415) 252-0864
- 4. San Francisco, CA Marina 3225 Fillmore San Francisco, CA 94123-3402 (415) 441-2995
- 5. San Francisco, CA S of Market 50 Fremont St San Francisco, CA 94105-2230 (415) 512-7766
- 6. San Francisco, CA South Beach 303 2nd St San Francisco, CA 94107

To: Washington Field From: New York Re: 09/06/2002

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(415) 495-8880

- 7. San Francisco, CA Finance District 201 Sacramento St San Francisco, CA 94111-3805 (415) 834-0240
- 8. San Francisco, CA Richmond District 25 Stanyan Blvd San Francisco, CA 94118-3303 (415) 750-1193
- 9. San Francisco, CA Lakeshore 1597 Sloat Blvd San Francisco, CA 94132-1222 (415) 566-0572



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NEWS.

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Lamo Bumped from NBC After Hacking Them

The helpful hacker demonstrates his techniques on camera for the NBC Nightly News, but lawyers kill the story when he cracks the broadcast network's own systems. By Kevin Poulsen, Aug 27 2002 2:24PM

How did a mediagenic hacker like Adrian Lamo get himself bumped last week from a scheduled appearance on the NBC Nightly News with Tom Brokaw?

Perhaps with his impromptu on-camera intrusion into the peacock network's own computers.

The vagabond hacker known for his drifter lifestyle and his public forays into large and poorly-secured corporate intranets sat down at a Washington D.C. Kinko's laptop station earlier this month with a freelance NBC news producer to show-off his particular style of hacking -- the 21-year-old typically uses little more than an ordinary browser, possessing an eerie knack for finding undocumented Web servers and open proxies at large organizations.

That method has gotten Lamo deep into the electronic infrastructures of such companies as troubled telecom giant Worldcom, Internet portal Yahoo, and most recently the New York Times, where last February he exploited lax security to tap a database of 3,000 Times op-ed contributors, cuiling such tidbits of information as Robert Redford's social-security number, and former president Jimmy Carter's home phone number. But unlike most intruders, Lamo eventually goes public with his discoveries, and offers to help those he's hacked tighten their security pro bono -- an offer that's been accepted by several of his corporate targets. So far Lamo's managed to avoid prosecution, though federal officials in New York are believed to be investigating him for the Times hack.

'Maybe they should have just talked to the lawyers first. ... A little front end work to identify the pitfalls would have made it a good story."

-- Journalism ethicist Kelly McBride

Lamo says NBC was taping him at Kinko's while he demonstrated security holes in a telecommunications company's systems, when the interviewer asked him if he'd be successful hacking NBC.

Five minutes and one guessed password later and Lamo was surfing the television network's private messaging system and an affiliate scheduling application that included internal memos and information on advertising rates.

Adrian Lamo does most of his hacking with an ordinary Web browser.

Screen shots of the hack provided by Lamo and reviewed by SecurityFocus Online include a page from an NBC vendor database with the network's trademark "living color" peacock and the warning, "All information contained on this Web site

#### **NEWS**

Bug Triad Whacks Microsoft Browser Sep 04, 2002

b6 -1 b7C - 1

Sprint Security Faulted in Vegas Hacks Aug 19, 2002

'Creative Attacks' Beat Crypto -- Expert Aug 09, 2002

Researcher: **Biometrics** Unproven, Hard To Test Aug 07, 2002

[archive]

#### FROM THE **WIRES**

Computer Security Standards Ready Sep 05, 2002

MS patches bogus certificate



they have to get it on the air, it's not the Pentagon Papers. ... A little front end work to identify the pitfalls would have made it a good story."

For his part, Lamo, who's not known for shrinking from controversy, charges the network with a failure of courage. "I can understand where they're coming from," says Lamo, in a telephone interview from somewhere on the East Coast. "But I like to think that in their place I'd take more of a risk."

<tips@securityfocus.com>

#### Discussion

Lamo Bumped from NBC After Hacking Them Not Really Anonymous

Lamo Bumped from NBC After Hacking Them Anonymous

Lamo Bumped from NBC After Hacking Them phil

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Phil's and imbicile, and Lamo's a crim. NOT! Anonymous

Phil's and imbicile, and Lamo's a crim. Ostracus

Phil's and imbicile, and Lamo's a crim. Anonymous

Phil's and imbicile, and Lamo's a crim. Anonymous

Lamo is a script kiddy Anonymous

Lamo is a script kiddy Ira Wing

Lamo is a script kiddy Anonymous

Lamo is NOT a script kiddie Simon

Lamo is a script kiddy Anonymous

Lamo Is a script kiddy Anonymous

Lamo is a script kiddy Anonymous

Lamo is a script kiddy kokorozashi

Lamo Bumped from NBC After Hacking Them Anonymous

Lamo Bumped from NBC After Hacking Them Not Really Anonymous

Lamo Bumped from NBC After Hacking Them Anonymous

Lamo Bumped from NBC After Hacking Them Anonymous

Lamo Bumped from NBC After Hacking Them Not Really Anonymous

Lamo Bumped from NBC After Hacking Them Roger

Lamo Bumped from NBC After Hacking Them Anonymous

Lamo Jay

Lamo Bumped from NBC After Hacking Them Anonymous

Lamo Bumped from NBC After Hacking Them y2kprawn

Lamo Bumped from NBC After Hacking Them Anonymous

Lamo Bumped from NBC After Hacking Them Anonymous

Lamo Bumped from NBC After Hacking Them Anonymous

Not Illegali Anonymous

Lamo Bumped from NBC After Hacking Them MadLibs

My question Is why? Brian Gray // Bloodline

Lamo Bumped from NBC After Hacking Them M4rtin

Lamo Bumped from NBC After Hacking Them Ron

uhm..securityfocus is slow I am jack's name

So very smart Gleb

Lamo Bumped from NBC After Hacking Them Camel

[ Post a comment ]

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1. Kinko's - San Francisco CA Nob Hill 1800 Van Ness Ave San Francisco, CA 94109-3623 Phone: (415) 292-2500 Fax: (415) 292-2504

EMail: usa0289@kinkos.com

Distance: 0.46 miles

<u>Driving Directions</u> | <u>Location Map</u> | <u>Order Online with Print to Kinko's</u> (Store pick up available)

2. Kinko's - San Francisco CA Pine Street

U

San Francisco, CA 94104-3302

Phone: (415) 834-1053 Fax: (415) 834-1054

EMail: usa0586@kinkos.com

Distance: 1.1 miles

Driving Directions | Location Map | Order Online with Print to Kinko's (Store pick up available)

3. Kinko's - San Fran CA Mission District

1965 & 1967 Market St San Francisco, CA 94103-1012

Phone: (415) 252-0864 Fax: (415) 252-0924

FBI(19-cv-1495)-1672

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EMail: usa4095@kinkos.com

Distance: 1.2 miles

<u>Driving Directions</u> | <u>Location Map</u> | <u>Order Online with Print to Kinko's</u> (Store pick up available)

**₫** . . .

ୟ 4. Kinko's - San Francisco CA Marina

3225 Fillmore

San Francisco, CA 94123-3402

Phone: (415) 441-2995 Fax: (415) 441-1381

EMail: usa5172@kinkos.com

Distance: 1.2 miles

<u>Driving Directions</u> | <u>Location Map</u> | <u>Order Online with Print to Kinko's</u> (Store pick up available)

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5. Kinko's - San Francisco CA S of Market

50 Fremont St

San Francisco, CA 94105-2230 **Phone:** (415) 512-7766 **Fax:** (415) 512-7111 **EMail:** usa4099@kinkos.com

Distance: 1.3 miles

<u>Driving Directions</u> | <u>Location Map</u> | <u>Order Online with Print to Kinko's</u>
(Store pick up available)

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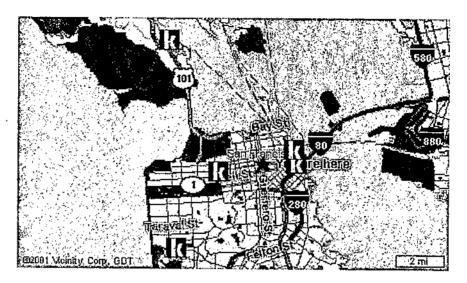
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# inkos com

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Here are the 5 Kinko's stores nearest you.



1. Kinko's - San Francisco CA South Beach

303 2nd St

San Francisco, CA 94107 Phone: (415) 495-8880 Fax: (415) 495-0300

EMail: usa0916@kinkos.com

Distance: 1.4 miles

<u>Driving Directions</u> [ <u>Location Map</u> ] <u>Order Online with Print to Kinko's</u> (Store pick up available)

2. Kinko's - San Francisco CA Finance Dist

201 Sacramento St

San Francisco, CA 94111-3805

Phone: (415) 834-0240 Fax: (415) 834-0243

EMail: usa4096@kinkos.com

Distance: 1.4 miles

Driving Directions | Location Map | Order Online with Print to Kinko's (Store pick up available)

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3. Kinko's - San Francisco CA Richmond Dist

25 Stanyan Blvd

San Francisco, CA 94118-3303

Phone: (415) 750-1193 Fax: (415) 750-1199

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EMail: usa5160@kinkos.com

Distance: 1.9 miles

Driving Directions | Location Map | Order Online with Print to Kinko's (Store pick up available)

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4. Kinko's - San Francisco CA Lakeshore

1597 Sloat Blvd

San Francisco, CA 94132-1222

Phone: (415) 566-0572 Fax: (415) 566-3148

EMail: usa4094@kinkos.com

Distance: 5.1 miles

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17 5. Kinko's - Sausalito CA Sausalito

2400 Bridgeway

Sausalito, CA

Phone: (415) 371-2093 Fax: (415) 337-2096 EMail: usa51 7@kinkos.com

Distance: 6 6 miles Driving Directions | Location Nap | Order Online with Print to Kinko's

(Store pick up available)

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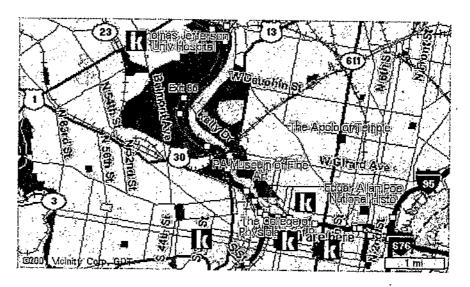
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# kinkos com

## Map Results

Here are the 5 Kinko's stores nearest you.



1. Kinko's - Philadelphia PA Marriott Conv Ctr

1201 Market St

Philadelphia, PA 19107-2817 Phone: (215) 923-2520 Fax: (215) 923-2360

EMail: usa0669@kinkos.com

Distance: 0.19 miles

<u>Driving Directions</u> | <u>Location Map</u> | <u>Order Online with Print to Kinko's</u> (Store pick up available)

☑2. Kinko's - Philadelphia PA Stock Exchng

Philadelphia, PA 19103-7044 Phone: (215) 561-5170 Fax: (215) 561-5346

EMail: usa0293@kinkos.com

Distance: 0.53 miles

Driving Directions | Location Map | Order Online with Print to Kinko's (Store pick up available)

23. Kinko's - Philadelphia PA Spring Garden

Philadelphia, PA 19130-3917 Phone: (215) 567-2679

Fax: (215) 567-2217

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Kinkos.com Stor	re Locator: Results	Page 2 of 2
#s .	EMail: usa1217@kinkos.com  Distance: 0.84 miles  Driving Directions   Location Map   Order Online with Prin	it to Kinkoʻs
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	ය 4. Kinko's - Philadelphia PA Univ City	a
	3923 Walnut St Philadelphia, PA 19104-3608 Phone: (215) 386-5679 Fax: (215) 386-3297 EMail: usa1210@kinkos.com Distance: 2.0 miles  Driving Directions   Location Map   Order Online with Prin	t to Kinko's
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	5. Kinko's - Philadelphia PA City Line 4514 City Line Ave Fl 2 Philadelphia, PA 19131-1509 Phone: (215) 473-0500 Fax: (215) 473-2903 EMail: usa1214@kinkos.com Distance: 4.7 miles  Priving Directions   Location Map   Order Online with Print (Store pick up a	<u>to Kinko's</u> vaílable)
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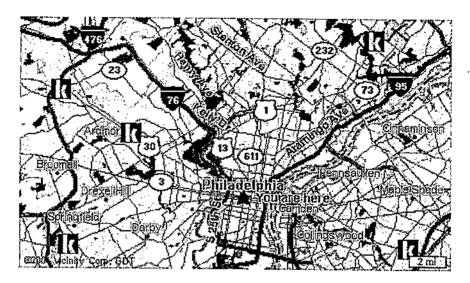
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1. Kinko's - Wynnewood PA Lancaster Avenue 292 E Lancaster Ave Wynnewood, RA 19096-2126

Phone: (610) 896/2360 Fax: (610) 896, 2431

EMail: usa0898@kinkos.com

Distance: 70 miles

ons | Location Map | Order Online with Print to Kinko's (Store pick up available)

2. Kinko's - Cherry Hill NJ Kinko's Plaza Route 70

1160 Marlton Pike E Cherry AN, NJ 08034-2131

Phone: (856) 42/7-0099 Fax: (856) 42 7 0328

EMail: usa1220@kinkos.com

Distance: 9.2 milès

s | Location Map | Order Online with Print to Kinko's (Store pick up available)

3. Kinko's - Springfield PA Baltimore Pike

1001 Baltimore Pike

Springfield, PA 19064-2852 Phone: (610) 228-7877 Fax: (610) 328-9214

FBI(19-cv-1495)-1678

kinkos.com Store Locator:	Results	Page 2 of 2
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<b>-</b>	EMail: usa0284@kinkos.com Distance: 9.8 miles Driving Directions   Location Map   Order Online with Print to Kinko's (Store pick up available)	
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	9171 Roosevelt Blvd Philadelphia, PA 19114 Phone: (215) 330-0212 Fax: (215) 330-0375 EMail: usa0793@kinkos.com Distance: 11.0 miles Driving Directions   Location Map   Order Online with Print to Kinko's (Store pick up available)	
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	Kinko's - Villanova PA Radnor 795 Lancastre Ave Villanova, PA 19085-1-17 Phone: (610) 527-0699 Fax: (610) 527-5183 EMail: usa0587 ckinkos.com Distance: 11.4 miles  Driving Directions   Location Map   Order Online with Print to Kinko's (Store pick up available)	
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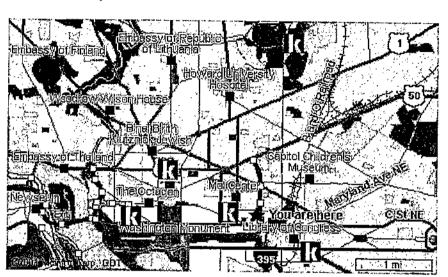
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Here are the 5 Kinko's stores nearest you.



1. Kinko's - Washington DC 7th & D 325 7th St

Washington, DC 20004-2801 **Phone:** (202) 544-4796 **Fax:** (202) 347-8736

EMail: usa0671@kinkos.com

Distance: 0.37 miles

<u>Driving Directions</u> | <u>Location Map</u> | <u>Order Online with Print to Kinko's</u> (Store pick up available)

2. Kinko's - Washington DC Capitol Hill

317 Pennsylvania Ave SE Washington, DC 20003-1148 Phone: (202) 547-0421

Phone: (202) 547-0421 Fax: (202) 543-8393

EMail: usa1810@kinkos.com

Distance: 0.86 miles

<u>Driving Directions</u> | <u>Location Map</u> | <u>Order Online with Print to Kinko's</u> (Store pick up available)

3. Kinko's - Washington DC 16th & K Street

1612 K St NW Ste 100 Washington, DC 20006-2802

Phone: (202) 466-3777 Fax: (202) 466-4165

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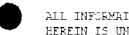
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kinkos.com Store L	ocator: Results	Page 2 of 2
	EMail: usa1822@kinkos.com Distance: 1.3 miles	
•	<u>Driving Directions</u>   <u>Location Map</u>   <u>Order Online with Print to Kink</u> (Store pick up available	
		D
	4. Kinko's - Washington DC 2020 K Street 2020 K St NW Washington, DC 20006-1806 Phone: (202) 331-9572 Fax: (202) 331-9721 EMail: usa1815@kinkos.com Distance: 1.7 miles Driving Directions   Location Map   Order Online with Print to Kink (Store pick up available)	<u>ro's</u>
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	5. Kinko's - Washington DC Catholic U 204 Michigan Ave NE Washington, DC 20017-1005 Phone: (202) 232-7124 Fax: (202) 232-3890 EMail: usa1805@kinkos.com Distance: 2.3 miles  Driving Directions   Location Map   Order Online with Print to Kink (Store pick up available)	<b>∆</b>
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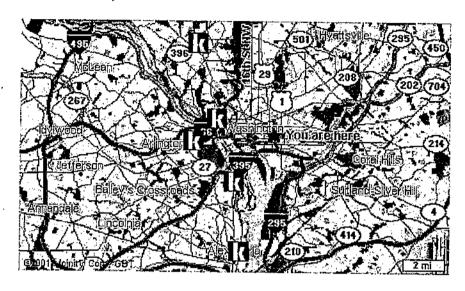
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1. Kinko's - Washington DC Georgetown 3329 M St NW

Washington, DC 20007-3514

Phone: (202) 965-1414 Fax: (202) 333-7433

EMail: usa1801@kinkos.com

Distance: 2.9 miles

<u>Driving Directions</u> | <u>Location Map</u> | <u>Order Online with Print to Kinko's</u> (Store pick up available)

s - Arlington VA Grystal City

1601C Crystal Square Arc Arlington VA 22202-3301 Phone: (703) 443-8011 Fax: (703) 3-8013

EMail: usa1828@kinkos.com

Distance: 3.0 miles

tion Map | Order Online with Print to Kinko's

(Store pick up available

3. Kinko's - Arlington VA Courthouse

2300 Clavendon Blvd Arlington, VA 22201-3367 Phone: (79) 525-9224

Fax: (7 525-4239

FBI(19-cv-1495)-1682

kinkos.com Store	Locator: Results	Page 2 of 2
· Ac	EMail: usa1820@kinkos.com  Distance: 3.9 miles  Driving Directions   Location Map   Order Online with Print to Kinko's (Store pick up available)	
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	4. Kinko's - Washington DC Chevy Chase 5225 Wisconsin Ave Washington, DC 20015-2014 Phone: (202) 362-5003	D
•	Fax: (202) 362-5163 EMail: usa0388@kinkos.com Distance: 5.8 miles  Driving Directions   Location Map   Order Online with Print to Kinko's (Store pick up available)	·
	U	Ø
	5. Kinko's - Alexandria VA Old Towne 685 N Washington St Alexandria, VA 22314-1913 Phone: (703) 739-0783 Fax: (703) 739-0785 EMail: usa1819@kinkos.com Distance: 5.9 miles Driving Directions   Location Map   Order Online with Print to Kinko's (Store pick up available)	Ø
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On 09/19/2002, the following investigation was conducted by Special Agent and Special Agent of the Washington Field Office, regarding ADRIAN	<b>,</b>
LAMO:	b6 -1,5
(Philadelphia, D.C., and Baltimore), Kinko's Inc. Corporate Offices, 1033 Easton Road, Willow Grove, Pennsylvania 19090, telephone number facsimile number (610) 631-89 e-mail address was contacted at the Kinko's store located at 325 7th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20004- 2801, telephone number Also present during the investigation was Kinko's Inc. 3232A Crain Highway, Waldorf, Maryland 20603-4849, telephone number extension cell phone number  He was advised by the investigating Agents that the FBI was seeking the cooperation of Kinko's representatives in	b7C -1,5  99,  e
Washington, D.C. metropolitan area regarding a criminal investigation. He was also advised that the subject of this investigation may be using internet portals at Kinko's stores the Washington, D.C. area, among others, to launch computer intrusions against major corporations.	
and advised that they would cooperate we the FBI in anyway that they could. will provide the investigating Agents with the IP addresses for all of the Kink stores in the Washington, D.C. area. will notify all of the Washington, D.C. area store managers and advise them to cooperate with the FBI during this investigation.	b7C -5 <b>o's</b>
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Date of transcription 09/20/2002
email was telephone number was telephonically contacted by the interviewing agent. After being advised as to the identity of the interviewing agent and the purpose of the interview, provided the following information:

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Investigation on	09/19/2002	at New York, NY		(telephonically)	_ _b6 -1
File #			Date dictated	09/20/2002	_b7C -1 _b3 -2
by SA					b7E -3

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UCI 0 1 2002 b6 -1 b7C -1 b7E -3

WITH/TEXT WITH/OUT ... BY DATE 10-8-09

ALL	INFOR	MATION	001	TAINE	)	
		UNCLAS				
CATE	02-1	3-2010	Bï		UC	BAW/CK/RYS

10/01/2002	
CAH:cah	

b6 -1,6 b7C -1,6 b3 -2 b7E -3

The attached email was sent to Kinko's, regarding preserving the video tapes from their Washington, DC stores for the dates of August 25/26, 2002 due to the hack of NBC by ADRIAN LAMO from one of their Washington, DC stores. Writer is still attempting to determine which Kinko's he utilized to commit the intrusion.

To Subject: Adrian Lamo	ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED	b6 -1,6
	HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED	b7C -1,6
Hi,	DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC BAW/DK/RY	5

Thanks for the information the other day. I am still waiting to receive some more information regarding IP addresses and text strings that should help in the search you are doing for us. I will forward them onto you as soon as I get them.

Another issue came up and I was wondering who to address it to, as you know on August 25/26, LAMO hacked into a telecommunications company and then into NBC while being filmed by a news team. He did all of his hacking from a Kinko's in DC. I am still investigating which store in DC he was in but until then can we have the video tapes from all the stores in DC preserved. I know you usually hold them for 60 days and I am hoping to have the right store by then but just in case I don't can they be preserved for more than 60 days? Do you need anything from me to preserve the tapes? Or if I subpoena the tapes could they be sent to me? I believe there are approximately 12 stores in the DC area or are there more?

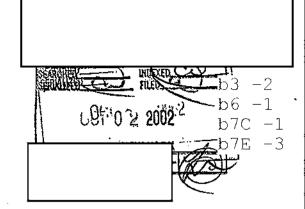
I appreciate all of your help in this matter.

Sincerely,	

phonel. rupod

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNDLASSIFIED

DATE 02-18-2010 EN UC BAW/DM/RYS



10/01/2002 CAH:cah	DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC BAW/DK/RYS	b3 -2 b6 -1 b7C - b7E -
	CS check was conducted into the following names. The names were obtained criber records for telephone calls placed to them by ADRIAN LAMO.	,
1.	billing address: service address: SSN DL: employer: telephone number:	b6 -5 b7C -5 b7E -2
2.	billing address:  SSN: employer: telephone number:	
3.	billing address:  CBR: telephone number	
4.	billing address:  CBR: telephone number:	b6 -5 b7C -5 b7E -2
5.	billing address:  DL: SSN employer: CBR: telephone number:	
6.	UNIVERSITY OF REDLANDS-	h 2

FBI(19-cv-1495)-1691

b7E -3

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

billing address: 1200 E. Colton AVenue, Redlands, CA 9234-3720

telephone number: (909) 307-7558

7. MICROSOFT CORPORATION

3635 157th Avenue NE

Redmond, WA 98052-5326

CBR: (425) 882-8080

telephone number: (425) 936-7751

b7E −2

subd.wpd

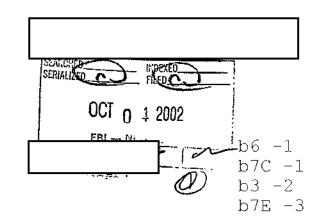
ALI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 02-13-2010 BY

UC BAW/DK/RYS

WITH/TEXT\_\_\_\_\_\_\_WITH/OUTTEXT\_\_\_\_\_

DATE 10-8-02

Subfile ofened 10-8-02 @



(01/26/1998)

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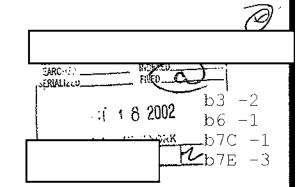
UC BAW/DK/RYS

b6 -1 b7C -1

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Precedence: ROUTINE	_	
To: New York	Date:	10/04/2002
From: New York Squad C-37 Contact: SA		
Approved By:		b3 -2
Drafted By: :slf		b6 -1 b7C -1
Case ID #:		b7E -3
Title: LAMO, ADRIAN New York Times-Victim; Computer Intrusion; OO:NY		
Synopsis: Request to open sub-files and change of		
Details: Writer requests the following sub-files above referenced case:	or title to be	opened in
Also, please open the following Sub files:		
Sub B		
<u> </u>		b3 -4

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HERSIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC BAW/SK/RYS



ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC BAW/DM/RYS

b6 -1 b7C -1

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

-1-

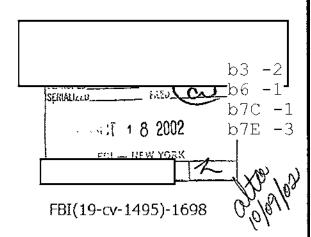
Date of transcription 09/25/20	02
date of birth social securit account number was interviewed at his place of employment, Kinko's, 325 7th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 2000 After being advised of the identity of the interviewing Agent and the purpose of the interview, provided the following information:	)4.
	7 b6 -5,6 b7C -5,6
was shown a photograph of ADRIAN LAMO by the	Нe
Between approximately 2:00 pm and 3:00 pm one afternoon LAMO entered the aforementioned Kinko's to fax a document. There was a store assistant helping another customer with a fax and LA became impatient. LAMO approached and asked if there was another fax machine that he could use. said that there was another machine and that he would assist him.	re MO
While assisting LAMO, engaged him in a short conversation. LAMO stated that he was trying to fax a document resolve a situation whereby his laptop computer had been confiscated.	. b6 -6 to b7C -6
LAMO claimed that a friend borrowed his laptop and use it to web surf child pornography sites. He was sitting next to said friend at a library when his laptop was confiscated. LAMO not specific as to who confiscated it.	
described LAMO as follows:	
Sex:  Race:  Age:  Height:  Male  White  Early 20's  Height:  5'11" (approximately)	
	b3 -2
Investigation on 09/20/2002 at Washington, D.C.	—b6 −1 b7C −1
File # Date dictated N/A	b7E -3
by SA FBI(19-6	<u>cv-</u> 1495)-1696

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



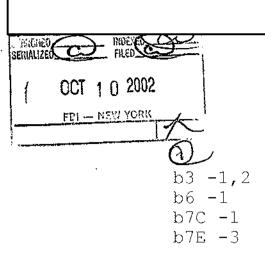
Continuation of FD-302 of		,on_09/20/200	2,Page2
_		. /	10
	Weight: Build: Hair: Hair style: Eyes: Facial hair: Misc: Clothing:	165 Thin Brown Short Green None Well groomed T-shirt and jeans	b6 -6 b7C -6 b3 -2 b7E -3

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 02-13-2010 BY [ JO BAW/OK/RYS b3 -2 b6 - 1GTK:gtk b7C -1 1 b7E - 3The following investigation was conducted on 09/20/2002 by Special Agent (SA) regarding ADRIAN LAMO: The investigating Agent contacted employees of the b6 -1,6 Kinko's store located at 325 7th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. b7C - 1, 620004. Store employees were shown a picture of ADRIAN LAMO. was the only employee who recognized LAMO. comments are submitted to this file under separate cover. The following is a list of the Kinko's employees that were contacted at this location: Customer Service Customer Service Customer Service Customer Service Customer Service b6 - 5Customer Service b7C -5 Customer Service Customer Service



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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED CATE 02-13-2010 BY UC BAW/DR/RYS  CAH: cah 10/09/2002	b3 -2 b6 -1 b7C -1 b7E -3
Writer telephonically contacted telephone  number in response to a message left by pertaining to a subpoena  requested ADRIAN LAMO.	<b>□</b> 
explained that for the time period requested.	
stated that there	b3 -1 b6 -5,6
were would organize the requested information and would provide it to the writer in a timely manner.	_b7C -5,6

$\mathcal{W}\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{O}}$		b3 -
		b6
	SERIALIZO CO 1710	b7C
	OCT 4 O same	b7E

WITH/TEXT,

-2 3 -1,6 37C -1,6 b7E -3 OCT ( 0 2002

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CATE 02-13-2010	PY	UC	BAW/OK/RYS

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DATE 02-13-2010 BY	UC BAW/DK/RYS

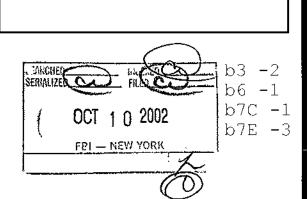
### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

	Date of transcription 07/26/	2002
facsimile number Plaza, New York, the interviewing	Information Security  Pike, Miamisburg, OH 45342, email:  telephone number  was interviewed at 26 Federal  NY. After being advised as to the identities g agents and the purpose of the interview,  Llowing information:	b6 -6 d b7C -6
for LEXIS-NEXUS the computer int	trusion of ADRIAN LAMO into the NEW YORK TIMES	of
Refers by ADRIAN LAMO :	ring to the log files of the unauthorized acceinto LEXIS-NEXUS, stated that the log f	
		b6 b7C b7E
PROTAGONIST, LOG	LAMO gained unauthorized access to the dot he created the userids TOOMANYSECRETS, CUSTS, VAISHNAV and NUIUJB.  verified with the TIMES that the ot created or utilized by any employee of the	
After	the userids were created	
explaine	d that[	
approximately 2 ranging from name motor vehicle re	was able to determine that some of the user KINKOS. The userids created by LAMO conduct 700-3000 searches on LEXIS-NEXUS. Searches me, address, social security number, detailed ecords, news libraries, etc were conducted. nat the number of searches conducted by the	
otigation on 07/25/20	02 at New York, NY	b6 -1 b7C -1
£	Date dictated	b3 -2
SA SA	(50)	b7E -3

ontinuation of FD-302 of	, On 07/25/2002 , Page 2	}
users. The number of search greatly increased once the user to determine that the increaservices was caused by the uservices was caused by the uservices. VAISHNAV and NUIUJE utilized by the five (5) user times was originally charged is unaware of whether refunded to the TIMES by LEX	nes performed by the TIMES' account aserids were created. was able ase in the TIMES' usage of their aserids TOOMANYSECRETS, PROTAGONIST, B. The cost of the amount of services erids was approximately \$300,000. The for this activity. At this time, or not the \$300,000 has been	b6 b7( b3 b71
	ntained by LEXIS-NEXUS in relation to The original log files pertaining to have been secured.	

Lexis.wpd

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED BEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC BAW/DK/RYS



CAH:cah 07/10/2002	ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC BAW/DK/RYS	b6 -1,6 b7C -1,6
Springboro Pike	Information Security, 9443 , Miamisburg, OH 45342, email:	b3 -2 b7E -3
facsimi <u>le numbe</u>	telephone number and	
· ·	contacted the writer by encrypte sent the writer the appropriate log files	d
<del></del>	the unauthorized use by ADRIAN LAMO into LEXIS-	
The log fi	les will be maintained in the file.	/

wpd WITH/TEXT WITH/

DATE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 02-13-2010 BY

UC BAW/DK/RYS

SERIALIZED C OCT 0 9 2002 FOI - REW YORK

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b3 -2 b6 -1,6 b7C -1,6 b7E -3 FD-302 (Rev. 10-6-95)

b6 -1 b7C -

- 1 -

### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 10/10/2002	2
KINKO's, Legal Department, telephone number was telephonically contacted by the interviewing agent. After being advised as to the identity of the interviewing agent and the purpose of the interview, provided the following information:	b6 -6
information:  is a member of KINKO's Legal Department.  stated that with a subpoena KINKO's would be able to provide the Internet Protocol (IP) address ranges for their stores in Washington, DC, Philadelphia, PA and San Francisco, CA.  stated that once the subpoena was received she would forward it to who is familiar with the investigation.	b7C −€

Invest	igation on	10/09/2002	at New York, NY	Y	(telephonically)	_b3 - -b6 -	-2 -1
File#				Date dictated	10/10/2002	_b7C	
by	SA					b7E _	<b>-</b> 3

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 02-13-2010 BY UG BAW/DK/RYS

	<b>b</b> 3 -2
	b6 -1
Torsatoria.	<del></del> b7C −1
SERIALIZED FILED FILED	- b7E −3
OCT n 9 2002	
	_ }

## ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

BEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC BAW/DK/RYS

b3 -2 b6 -1,5 b7C -1,5 b7E -3

	nail was received by in reply to an email sent to hin	Microsoft, e	mail address:stated that the phone
, ,	belongs to DRIAN LAMO on eight (8) o	occassions.	for MSNBC. That

10/19/2002

CAH:cah

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 02-13-2010 BY

UC BAW/DK/RYS

OCT 1 5 2002 FBI - NEW YORK

b3 -2 b6 -1

b7C -1 b7E -3

FBI(19-cv-1495)-1714

	ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED	
10/15/2002 CAH:cah	DATE 02-13-2010 BY US BAW/CK/BYS	b3 -2 b6 -1 b7C -1 b7E -2,3
An . were obtair	ACS and checks were conducted into the following names. The names and through subscriber records for telephone calls placed to them by ADRIAN LAMO	0
1.	Alias:	
	address	
	telephone:	
	telephone: home telephone:	
	business telephone:	
	SSN:	
	DOB:	
	Employer:	
2.		
	address:	
	other address:	
	telephone: SSN:	b6 -5
	DOB:	b7C -5
	Sex: Female	
3.		
3.	address:	1
	telephone	1
	home telephone:	
	work telephone:	
	SSN:	
		•
4.		
	address: telephone:	
	home telephone:	
	work telephone:	
	SSN:	
	DOB	
5.	·	
	address:	
	other address:	

	4-t-ut	
	telephone SSN:	
	DOB:	
6.		
	address:	
	telephone:	
	home telephone:	
	work telephone: SSN:	
	3314.	
7.		
	address	
	telephone:	
	home telephone:	
	work telephone:	
	SSN	
	DOE	
8.		
Ο,	employer	
	address:	b6 -5
	other address:	b7C -5
	telephone:	
	home telephone:	
	telephone:	
	SSN:	
	DOB:	
0		
9.	address:	
	other address	
	telephone:	
	SSN(ELLIE):	
	DOB(ELLIE)	
	other people at address: and	
	DOB:	
- ^		
10.	nddrogal	
	home telephone:	
	telephone:	
	Employer:	

11.			
	Aliases:		
	address:		
	telephone:		
	home telephone:		
	work telephone:		
	SSN:		
	DOB:		
	Employer:		
12.	<u> </u>	•	
	Alias:		
	address:		b6 -5
	other address:		b7C -5
	telephone:		D/C -5
	SSN:		
	DOB:		
13.			
	address:		
	telephone:		
	home telephone:		
	work telephone:		
	Employer:		
	SSN:		
	DOB:		

address

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED	,
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED	
CATE 02-13-2010 BY UC BAW/CK/RYS	*,*
BAB: bab////	
DAD. Dab	
$\frac{1}{2}$	
	b6 -1
	b7C -1
The following investigation was conducted on 10/09/2002 by Special Agent (SA) regarding ADRIAN LAMO:	b3 -2 b7E -3
The investigating Agent contacted employees of the Kinko's store located at 204 Michigan Avenue, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20017. Store employees had a picture of ADRIAN LAMO posted prominently in their work space. All of the employees had previously been briefed on LAMO, and none had ever seen him before.	
This location has one (1) "Design" station and four (4) work stations available for public use as well as 2 Apple computers. They do not permit users to connect their own machines to the Kinko's network, and they do not have a laptop docking-station currently available.  expects that a laptop docking-station will be available soon.	,
<u> </u>	
The subnet for the workstations in the store appears, from viewing a workstation configuration, to be the most technically aware employee, was not familiar with the access procedures, firewall, or computer logging done locally at the Michigan Avenue Kinko's.	b7E -1 b6 -5 b7C -5
the workstations in the store appears, from viewing a workstation configuration, to be the chnically aware employee, was not familiar with the access procedures, firewall, or computer logging done locally at the	b6 -5
the workstations in the store appears, from viewing a workstation configuration, to be the most technically aware employee, was not familiar with the access procedures, firewall, or computer logging done locally at the Michigan Avenue Kinko's.	b6 -5
the workstations in the store appears, from viewing a workstation configuration, to be the most technically aware employee, was not familiar with the access procedures, firewall, or computer logging done locally at the Michigan Avenue Kinko's.  The hours for this location are:  Weekdays - 7 a.m. to 9 p.m. Saturday - 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.	b6 -5
the workstations in the store appears, from viewing a workstation configuration, to be the most technically aware employee, was not familiar with the access procedures, firewall, or computer logging done locally at the Michigan Avenue Kinko's.  The hours for this location are:  Weekdays - 7 a.m. to 9 p.m. Saturday - 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Sundays - Closed  The following is a list of the Kinko's employees that	b6 -5 b7C -5
the workstations in the store appears, from viewing a workstation configuration, to be the most technically aware employee, was not familiar with the access procedures, firewall, or computer logging done locally at the Michigan Avenue Kinko's.  The hours for this location are:  Weekdays - 7 a.m. to 9 p.m. Saturday - 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Sundays - Closed  The following is a list of the Kinko's employees that	b6 -5 b7C -5
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the workstations in the store appears, from viewing a workstation configuration, to be the most technically aware employee, was not familiar with the access procedures, firewall, or computer logging done locally at the Michigan Avenue Kinko's.  The hours for this location are:  Weekdays - 7 a.m. to 9 p.m. Saturday - 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Sundays - Closed  The following is a list of the Kinko's employees that	b6 -5 b7C -5
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the workstations in the store appears, from viewing a workstation configuration, to be the most technically aware employee, was not familiar with the access procedures, firewall, or computer logging done locally at the Michigan Avenue Kinko's.  The hours for this location are:  Weekdays - 7 a.m. to 9 p.m. Saturday - 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Sundays - Closed  The following is a list of the Kinko's employees that were contacted at this location:  Customer Service Customer Service	b6 -5 b7C -5 b3 -2 b6 -5 b7C -5
the workstations in the store appears, from viewing a workstation configuration, to be the most technically aware employee, was not familiar with the access procedures, firewall, or computer logging done locally at the Michigan Avenue Kinko's.  The hours for this location are:  Weekdays - 7 a.m. to 9 p.m. Saturday - 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Sundays - Closed  The following is a list of the Kinko's employees that were contacted at this location:  Customer Service Customer Service	b6 -5 b7C -5 b3 -2 b6 -5 b7C -5
the workstations in the store appears, from viewing a workstation configuration, to be the most technically aware employee, was not familiar with the access procedures, firewall, or computer logging done locally at the Michigan Avenue Kinko's.  The hours for this location are:  Weekdays - 7 a.m. to 9 p.m. Saturday - 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Sundays - Closed  The following is a list of the Kinko's employees that were contacted at this location:  Customer Service Customer Service	b6 -5 b7C -5 b3 -2 b6 -5 b7C -5
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FBI(19-cv-1495)-1718

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DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC BAW/DK/RYS

WITH/TFXT WITH COUNTY

b3 -2 OCT 1 0 2002 b6 -1 b7C -1 FBI — NEVI YORK b7E -3

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CAH:cah 10/09/2002		

b3 -2 b6 -1 b7C -1 b7E -3

Writer was telephonically contacted by  Legal Department, telephone number  The request of AUSA  Writer explained that she was	
verbally requesting	
pertaining to the computer intrusion of ADRIAN LAMO. Writer informed that they were currently in the $b6-4$ ,	5
process of obtaining Department of Justice (DOJ) approval for a b7C -4 subpoena requesting the logs from stated that she was not sure if DOJ approval was needed to obtain the technical logs. She further stated that all that may be needed is a Grand Jury subpoena but she would have to verify this with others in their Legal Department. said that if any part of the LAMO story was to be subpoenaed then DOJ approval would be necessary.	ł,
informed writer that she would get back to her regarding this matter.	

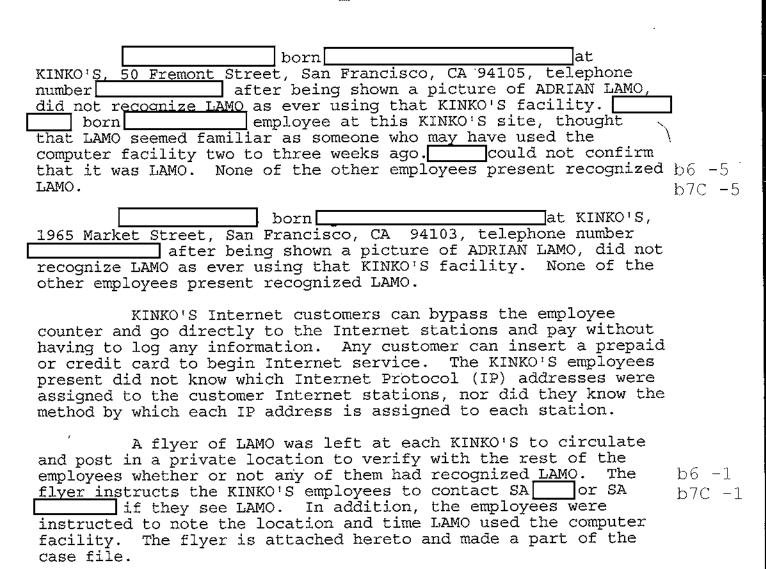
SKL:ski &M

ALL INFORMATION O	COMIAINES	b3 -	-2
EREIN IS UNCLASS	SIFIED	BNU - DW (BVG b6 -	-1
/AIR 92-13-2919 3	3100	BAW/DK/RYS b7C	-]
		b7E	_ 1

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The following investigation was conducted by SA and SA at San Francisco, California on October 16, 2002:	
born at  KINKO'S, 1597 Sloat Boulevard, San Francisco, California (CA)  94132, telephone number after being shown a picture of ADRIAN LAMO, did not recognize LAMO as ever using that KINKO'S facility. None of the other employees present recognized LAMO.	b6 -1,5; b7C -1,5
born at  KINKO'S, 303 2nd Street, San Francisco, CA 94107, telephone  number after being shown a picture of ADRIAN LAMO,  did not recognize LAMO as ever using that KINKO'S facility. None  of the other employees present recognized LAMO.	
born at KINKO'S,  25 Stanvan Boulevard, San Francisco, CA 94118, telephone number after being shown a picture of ADRIAN LAMO, did not recognize LAMO as ever using that KINKO'S facility. None of the other employees present recognized LAMO.	
born at KINKO'S, 3225 Fillmore, San Francisco, CA 94123, telephone number after being shown a picture of ADRIAN LAMO, did not recognize LAMO as ever using that KINKO'S facility. None of the other employees present recognized LAMO.	
born at KINKO'S, 1800 Van Ness Avenue, San Francisco, CA 94109, telephone number after being shown a picture of ADRIAN LAMO, did not recognize LAMO as ever using that KINKO'S facility. None of the other employees present recognized LAMO.	b6 -5 b7C -5
born at  KINKO'S, 369 Pine Street, San Francisco, CA 94104, telephone number after being shown a picture of ADRIAN LAMO, did not recognize LAMO as ever using that KINKO'S facility. None of the other employees present recognized LAMO.	
born at KINKO'S,  201 Sacramento Street, San Francisco, CA 94111, telephone number  after being shown a picture of ADRIAN LAMO, did not recognize LAMO as ever using that KINKO'S facility. None of the other employees present recognized LAMO.	

**FBI(19-cv-1495)-1721** b3 -2 b7E -3



# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Precedence: ROUTINE	Date: 10/28/2002
To: New York Attn:	
From: San Francisco Squad 14B/Havward RA Contact:	
Approved By:	b3 <b>-</b> 2
Drafted By: :sh	b6 -1
Case ID #:	b7C -1 . b7E -3
Title: ADRIAN LAMO; New York Times-Victim; Computer Intrusion; OO:NY	
Synopsis: To report the completion of	the San Francisco Lead.
Reference:	
Administrative: Case agent regarding the San Francisco area. Inoted that	was contacted used by KINKO'S in the b3 -1 KINKO'S had been b6 -1 b7C -1
Enclosure(s): Original and two copies ADRIAN LAMO, and 1-A of original notes.	
Details: On October 16, 2002, SAs conducted an investigation in San Francisco. All employees present ADRIAN LAMO and asked whether he was event internet stations. None of the KINKO's ever seeing LAMO. The flyer was left a contact information.	ver seen using the customer s employees could confirm
KINKO'S Internet customers of counter and go directly to the Internet having to log any information. Any custor credit card to begin Internet service present did not know which Internet Proassigned to the customer Internet statismethod by which each IP address is assisted internet station is unknown.	stations and pay without stomer can insert a prepaid ce. The KINKO'S employees otocol (IP) addresses were ions. In addition the
	NOV 0 2002 FBI(19-cv-1495)-1723
	10117 (7 1753) 1723

b3 -2 b7E -3

San Francisco considers this lead covered.

ALL INFORMATION CON HEREIN IS UNCLASSING CATE 02-13-2010 BY	TIED	
JTC:jtqTV		b3 -2 b6 -1,5 b7C -1,5 b7E -3
	tion was conducted by Special Alexandria, Virginia, on	
Washington Street, Alexandria, Vi	ko's store located at 685 N. rginia, 22314, telephone number ograph of ADRIAN LAMO. Store if they recalled the presence e description of LAMO, at the	] ::
The following is a list were contacted at this location:	of the Kinko's employees that	
	Customer Service	b6 -5 b7C -5

Customer Service Customer Service

Customer Service Customer Service

# Wanted for Questioning

Date:

10/16/2002

Case #: Name:

Adrian Lamo

Address:

San Francisco, CA 94102

Sex:

M

Eyes:

Green

Hair:

Brown

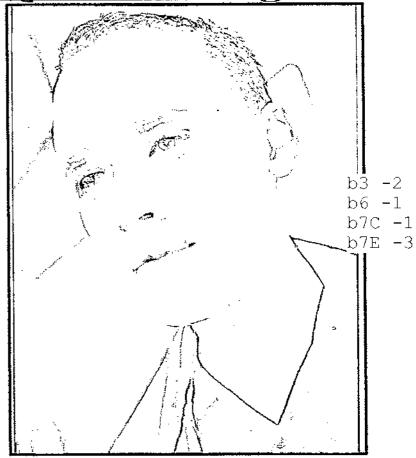
Race:

White

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 02-13-2010 BY

UC BAW/DK/RYS



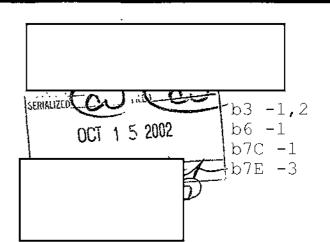
## OTHER INFORMATION BELOW

Adrian Lamo is under investigation by NY FBI for numerous computer intrusions. Currently, there is no warrant for his arrest. It is believed that Lamo frequents Kinko's Copy Centers in the San Francisco area to log into the Internet. If Lamo is located, contact San Francisco FBI at the phone number listed below.

FBI SA or SA b6 -1 b7C -1

-sort	due to	realest
by[		

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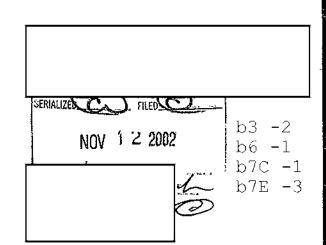
To: From: SA					
	ion of compliance	with subpoena			
Cc:					
Bcc: Attached:					
Allaoneu.					رستنا النفور
					CX2
Hi,					
Thank you for yo	ur compliance with	the subpoens		requesting the	
main you for yo	ar companies win		By receiving the		our office b6 -
	, you are now in co	ompliance with t	he subpoena. F	ersonal appear	ance is not $570$
required as the fa	acsimile satisfies th	ne subpoena.		_	b3 -
if you have any o	uestions I can be	contoctod of		•	
ii you nave aliy c	inestions i can be d	contacted at			

Printed for SA

1

hexis2 wpd

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DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC BAW/DK/RYS



CAH:cah	ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 02-13-2010 BM UC BAW/DM/RYS	
11/12/2002		b3 <b>-</b> 2
		b6 -1
SA	received a CD Rom in the mail from	The CD Romb7C -1
contains the	•	by b7E −1,3
ADDIANT AMO		<del></del> ,

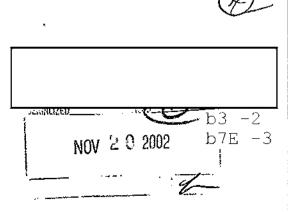
A copy will be maintained in the file.



## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Precedence: F	ROUTINE	Date:	11/18/2002	
To: New York	Attn:	Squad C-37		
CR-1	gton Field L6/NVRA cact: SA			
Approved By: [	MAR			
Drafted By: [	gtk			b3 -2
Case ID #:				b6 -1
	N LAMO; DRK TIMES-VICTIM; FER INTRUSION;	,	,	b7C -1 b7E -3
Synopsis: To lead.	report results of WFO inv	estigation a	and to close	
Reference:				
Details: As p	per request, WFO conducted to's locations in the Wash	l investigati nington, D.C.	lons at the .	

- 325 7th Street, NW Washington, D.C. 20004-2801 (202) 544-4796
- 317 Pennsylvania Avenue, SE Washington, DC 20003-1148 (202) 547-0421
- 3. 1612 K Street, NW, Suite 100 Washington, DC 2000--2802 (202) 466-3777
- 4. 2020 K Street, NW Washington, DC 20006-1806 (202) 331-9572
- 5. 204 Michigan Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20017-1005 (202) 232-7124



**-** 1

- 6. 3329 M Street, NW
  Washington, DC 20007-3514
  (202) 965-1414
- 7. 5225 Wisconsin Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20015-2014 (202) 362-5003
- 8. 685 N. Washington Street Alexandria, .VA 22314-1913 (703) 739-0783.

All employees at the aforementioned Kinko's locations were shown a picture of ADRIAN LAMO and asked if they had any knowledge of him or had seen him in their respective Kinko's store. With one exception, of which was previously reported, none of the Kinko's employees had seen or had knowledge of ADRIAN LAMO.

Pictures on LAMO were left at each Kinko's location and
have been posted in the employees break areas. SA
contact information was also provided to the employees along with $b6$ -
instructions to contact him immediately if LAMO was seen. b70
·
Per a previous telephone conversation between SA
and SA arrangements have been made for NYO to
obtain store specific Internet Protocol addresses by means other
than WEO investigators

Original FD-302s and inserts pertaining to WFO investigations at each of the aforementioned Kinko's locations have been sent under separate cover to the NYO.

WFO considers this lead covered and closed.

To: New York From: Washington Field 11/18/2002

b3 -2 b7E -3

LEAD(s):

Set Lead 1:

NEW YORK

AT NEW YORK

Read and Clear.

b6 -1 b7C -1 b3 -2 b7E -3

1.

On 11/14/2002, Specia: Agent Washington Field, conducted logical investigation with reference to the above case number,  SA met with	   b6 -1,
in the Washington, D.C. area. SA and met at the Kinko's Center at 5225 Wisconsin Ave., Washington, D.C. 20015-2014. SA told that the Bureau needed to determine the IP address range allocated to and internet access and logging procedures for the below listed Finko's Copy Centers. Additionally, SA provided a recent picture of the subject of referenced investigation, ADRIAN LAMO.	b7C -1 b3 -2 b7E -3
was very cooperative and advised that all Kinko's Copy Centers in the Wasnington Metropolitan area, including the below listed, had current pictures of LAMO posted in the employee's break rooms. Also, had personally spoken with all managers at Washington area stores and relayed the above requests from the Bursau to them. Managers of individual Kinko Stores queried all employees at their respective locations to determine if anyone had ever seen LAMO at the store. With regard to the below stores, no employees had seen LAMO.	b6 -5 b7C -5

#### Kinko's Copy Center Locations

Washington DC Capital Hill 317 Pennsylvania Ave., SE Washington, D.C. 2003-1148

Washington DC 2020 K St. 2020 K St., NW Washington, D.C. 200065-1806

Washington DC Chevy Chase 5225 Wisconsin Ave. Washington, D.C. 20015-2014 Washington DC 16th & K St. 1612 K St., NW, Ste. 100 Washington, D.C. 20006-2802

Washington DC Georgetown 3329 M St., NW Washington, D.C. 20007-3514

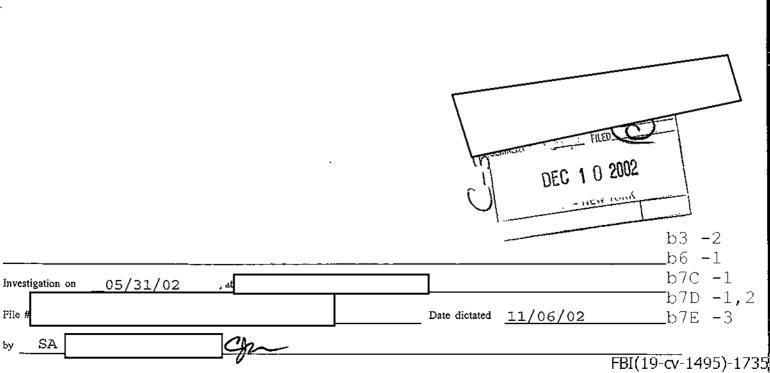
> b3 -2 b6 -1 b7C -1 b7E -3

MAR 1 9 2003

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

	Date of transcription <u>11/06/2002</u>	
Source, who is not in a position following information:	to testify, provided the	
Source was contacted regarding a Division on case number recanvassed regarding any information about a his possible involvement in several computer	questing that Sources be $^{\circ}$ bubject Adrian Lamo and $^{\circ}$ by	3 -2 7E -3
Source advised that he/she did no on Lamo, and has not seen this type of intr network.		•

The lead from New York Division is attached to and made part of this FD-302.



This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Precedence: ROUTINE 03/14/2002 Date: All Field Offices Attn: NIPC SSA ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNGLASSIFIED From: New York UO BAW/OK/RYS DATE 02-13-2010 BY Squad C-37 Contact: SA Approved By: Drafted By: slf b3 -2 Case ID #: b6 b7C -1 Title: ADRIAN LAMO; New York Times-Victim; b7E - 3Computer Intrusion; OO:NY Synopsis: Canvass all FBI Offices for positive information regarding ADRIAN LAMO. Details: In February 2002, LAMO discovered several misconfigured proxy servers acting as doorways between the public Internet and the New York Times' private intranet. LAMO utilized the proxy servers to gain access to the New York Times network. Once on the network, LAMO cracked a password for a userid with supervisor rights. Utilizing this userid he was able to broaden his access as well as perform certain functions within the network. had access to individuals names and Social Security Numbers. LAMO informed The New York Times of the security vulnerability

LAMO has committed computer intrusions into several other corporations such as WORLDCOM, MICROSOFT, AOL, EXCITE@HOME and YAHOO. LAMO uses a "Proxy Hunter" to search the Internet for proxy servers that are misconfigured. Once he obtains this information, he configures his browser to appear and utilize the proxy server as his own. Once the computer intrusion occurs, LAMO searches the network to determine if there are any other vulnerabilities and in the case of The New York Times, left a backdoor so that he could enter at another time undetected.

through SECURITYFOCUS.COM.

Each time LAMO commits a computer intrusion on a high profile organization he reports the vunerability and intrusion to the media causing a distrust of the company's clients. The above mentioned corporations have lost significant money and trust of their clients.

	LAMO has ties to	former	hacker	who	was	b6 -5
arrested	by the FBI for					
	_				<del></del>	b7C -5
						b3 -2
Case ID	:					<b>-</b> b7E −3

The New York Office and the Southern District of New York are currently investigating LAMO and his computer intrusions.

## Descriptive Data:

Main Subject

Name -

Last: First:

Middle:

Race:

Sex:

SOC:

Address -

House #:

Street Name:

City: State:

Postal Code:

1230

Market Street, #106

San Francisco

042-74-6804

CA

LAMO

W

Μ

ADRIAN

94102

#### LEAD (s):

#### Set Lead 1:

#### ALL RECEIVING OFFICES

It is requested to query logical sources and report only positive intelligence regarding known or potential actions of ADRIAN LAMO. Positive intelligence should be directed to SA

b6 -1 b7C -1

# , FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Precedence: ROUTINE		Date:	12/16/2002	
To: New York New York	Attn.: Attn.:	C-37 Rotor SSA		
From: New York ' Squad C-37 Contact: A/SSA	·			
Approved By:				
Drafted By:	11m			
Case ID #:				
:				b3 -2 b6 -1 b7C -1 b7E -3
			,	
		. •		
				K
			•	
	<u></u>		SERIALIZED FILED	b3 -2
OPEN CASE SOURCE DATE SUPVE SQUADICTY SUPVE SUPV	UPLCA!	20	JEC 1 8 2002	b6 -1
	VOUPTEXT			cv-1495)-1739
DATE	12-3	၁ - ဝဉ	191(13-	CA-1490)-1103

To: Re:	New	York	From:	New York 12/16/2002
•	•			<del>.</del>

b3 -2 b7E -3

Title: ADMINISTRATIVE AND MISSION MATTERS, SQUAD C-37 SQUAD PERSONNEL MATTERS

Synopsis: Request closing, reassignment, or completion/wrap up of the above listed cases.

			ed 11/21/200		11owing	personnel	
were tran:	s <u>ferre</u>	<u>đ from C</u> -	-37 to DT-5:	SA	SA		
S	A.		SA	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	SA		SA
						_	

Based on a review of the below listed files, it was determined that investigation did not produce sufficient evidence of a crime. It is therefore requested that the following cases be administratively closed:

FILE NUMBER	Date Opened	# Serials	CASE AGENT
	09/08/02		
	07/10/02		
	08/01/01		
	11/01/01		
	08/01/02		
	07/26/02		
	07/10/01		

b6 -1 b7C -1 b3 -2 b7E -3 To: New York From: New York
Re: 12/16/2002

b3 -2 b7E -3

Based on a review of the below listed files, it was determined that additional investigative work is still to be completed. Therefore, the following cases will be reassigned:

FILE NUMBER	CASE AGENT	NEW CASE AGENT	
			b6 -1
			b7C -1 b3 -2
			b7E -3
			p.

To: New York From: New York
Re: 12/16/2002

b3 -2 b7E -3

As the majority of investigative work has been completed, the following cases will continue to be worked/closed down by the originally assigned agent:

FILE NUMBER	CASE AGENT	STATUS
		Fully adjudicated, only evidence disposal issues
		Fully adjudicated, only evidence disposal issues
		Fully adjudicated, only evidence disposal issues
		Trial Prep, 01/03 Trial date

b6 -1 b7C -1 b3 -2

b7E -3

The following leads were assigned months prior to the DT-5 reassignment and will therefore stay with the original assigned agent to be completed:

CASE ID	AGENT	Assigned '
		08/19/2002
		09/21/1998

\*\*

Reassignments

December 30, 2002

FROM	TO	FILE #	
			b6 -1
			b6 -1 b7C -1 b3 -2
			b7E -3

trans-woc	
WITH/TEXT	GESTANZED_CO. 16 PC
DATE 2-17-03	2003
Case transfer 2-7-030	- Oper
Classification Changed 2-7-03	b3 -2 
	b7C -1 b7E -3

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC BAW/DX/RYS

as the case agent.

64W/EK/RYS b6 -1 16ATION b7C -1

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

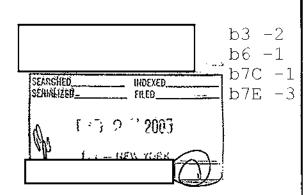
Precedence:	ROUTINE		Date:	02/05/2003	
To: New York	ς	Attn: C-	-37 Rotor -5 Rotor		
	ork uad DT-5 ntact: SA			]	
Approved By:		th work			b3 -2
Drafted By:		slf			b6 -1 b7C -1
Case ID #:					b7E -3
New 3	AN LAMO; York Times-Victim; uter Intrusion;				
Synopsis: Ch transfer to I	nange classificatior OT-5	of above	mentione	d case and	
be changed to attack on the	iter requests the about 1 the	The investi the United	qation ha	as revealed an	
Since writer above mention	has been transferre ned case be transfer	ed to DT-5, red to Squ	writer : ad DT-5 v	requests the writer	<u>c</u>

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Precedence:	ROUTINE		Date:	12/10/2002	
To: New York	k	Attn: 8	SA		
From: Miami C-0 Con	6 ntact: SA				
Approved By:				_	b3 -2
Drafted By:		ajs			b6 -1
Case ID #:					b7C -1 b7E -3
	YORK TIMES-VIOUTER INTRUSION	•			
Synopsis: Re	eport finding	s to Case Agent	•		
Reference(s)	:				
Enclosure(s)	: Copy of ar	ticle titled "In	nside the	Hacker Mind"	

Details: While conducting research via the Internet, writer discovered an article pertaining to ADRIAN LAMO. Per reference EC, enclosure is being forwarded to titled case agent for informational purposes and further investigation if appropriate.

from NEW ARCHITECT magazine, December 2002.



To: New York From: Miami
Re: 12/10/2002

b3 -2 b7E -3

LEAD(s):

Set Lead 1: (Adm)

NEW YORK

AT NEW YORK, NY

Read and clear.

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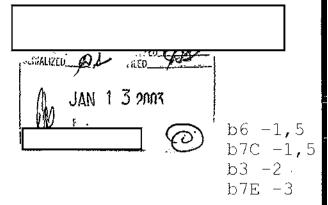
wpa
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UPLOADED					
WITH/TEXT	_				
WITH/OUT FEXT					
BY PAINS					

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DATE 02	13-2010 BY	บอ	BAW/DK/RYS



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DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC BAW/DK/RYS

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## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

	Date of transcription	01/14/2003
telephone number contacted by the interviewing agent identity of the interviewing agent interview, provided the form		sed as to the the
that he has recently a los	with ADRIAN LAMO.  ss prevention intrane ted that once receive atranet site asking i contact the intervie	d he would ndividuals

	<del></del> -							_b3 ·	<b>-</b> 2
Inves	tigation on	01/14/2002	at	New York,	NY		(telephonically)	_~~	-1
File		,,			<u>.</u>	 Date dictated	01/14/2002	b7C _b7E	
by _	SA								

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UC BAW/DM/RYS

WITH/TEXT
WITH/OUTSTEXT
BY AND MAR 2 7 2003

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DATE 02-13-2010 BW	UC	BAW/CK/RYS

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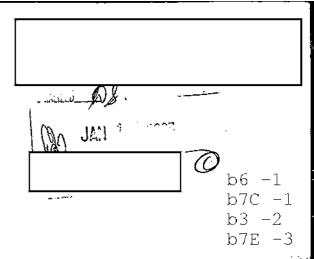
# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

				Date of t	transcription	01/14/2	003
contacted	CA, telephone by the intervie f the intervie provie	iewing ag	ent. Ai	the purpo	ng advi: ose of 1	San lephonica sed as to the	lly the b6 -5 b7C -5
Francisco, information	is fam: TS with LAMO plots CA area store on pertaining they have any	es. <u>L</u> to LAMO a	on ther state nd he wi	m in seve ed to pla ill query	eral of	the San	]has es



		<b>V</b> 48/5						
Investigation on	<u> 01/14/2002</u>	at New	York,	NY		(telephonically)	-b3 - _b6 -	-2 -1
File #			<u></u>		Date dictated	01/14/2002	b7C -b7E	-1 -3
by SA	_						2,2	~

FBI(19-cv-1495)-1751 it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



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DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC BAW/DK/RYS

Out  BEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  DATE 02-13-2010 BY  UC BAW/CM/RYS	Page 1 of 1
To: Subject: Subpoena request: Attn: Hi,	b3 -1 b6 -1 b7C -1
I am not sure if you remember speaking to me regarding the Adrian Lamo invenths ago. We are still continuing to investigate his activities. One of the the since we last spoke was send some of our Agents to interview employees.	
attempting to determine if Lamo utilized their facilities. In speaking to severa of the stores, the Agents were informed that and referred us to your legal department. We In the interium, I have spoken to ultimately referred me to you regarding this issue. She informed me that you the subpoena and would be able to provide me with the information. What the requests is:	who has have a copy of
I was wondering if you had this information available and if you could email it have any questions please call me at  Thank you for your time and help,	to me. If you

	<del>mbq.</del>
Kinkos	wod.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 02-13-2010 BY

UPLOGOED

WITH/TEXT\_ WITH/OUTTEXT

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b7E -3

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CATE 02-13-2010 BY	UC BAW/DK/RYS
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## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 01/14/2003	
Paralegal, KINKO's LEGAL UNIT, telephone umber was telephonically contacted by the nterviewing agent. After being advised as to the identity of the gent and the purpose of the interview, provided the ollowing information:	5
stated that there are loss prevention managers b7C	-5
hat KINKO'S. Eastern Coast	
elephone number Eastern <u>Coast</u> ncluding Washington, DC, telephone number	
Pennsylvania and telephone number	
San Francisco, CA.	

Investigation on	01/14/20	02 at	New	York,	NY			b3 b6	-2 -1
File #						Date dictated	01/14/2002	b70	
hv SA								b7E	<b>2</b> – 3

Soft.wpd

Soft.wpd

With/TEXT

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Soft.wpd

WITH/TEXT

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Soft.wpd

With/TEXT

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC BAW/DK/RYS

b6 -1 6 b7C -1

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Precedence: ROUTINE		Date:	02/21/2003
To: New York	Attn: FMU MIS		
From: New York Squad DT-5 Contact: SA			
Approved By: SAC BILLY. ASAC CSSA ASSA	JOSEPH JE TO KKU	٥	b3 -2 b6 -1 b7C -1
Drafted By:	slf		b7E -3
Case ID #:			
Title: ADRIAN LAMO; New York Times-Vi-	ctim;		

Synopsis: Request for case fund expenditure

Computer Intrusion;

OO:NY

Enclosure(s): One (1) copy of comparision price listing for requested software

Details: ADRIAN LAMO is the subject of the above mentioned computer intrusion investigation.

In February 2002, LAMO discovered several misconfigured proxy servers acting as doorways between the public Internet and the New York Times' private intranet. LAMO utilized the proxy servers to gain access to the New York Times network. Once on the network, LAMO cracked a password for a userid with supervisor rights. Utilizing this userid he was able to broaden his access as well as perform certain functions within the network. LAMO had access to individuals names and Social Security Numbers. LAMO informed The New York Times of the security vulnerability through SECURITYFOCUS.COM.

LAMO has committed computer intrusions into several other corporations such as WORLDCOM, MICROSOFT, AOL, EXCITE@HOME and YAHOO. LAMO uses a "Proxy Hunter" to search the Internet for proxy servers that are misconfigured. Once he obtains this information, he configures his browser to appear and utilize the proxy server as his own. Once the computer intrusion occurs, LAMO searches the network to deserming if there are any other

AND NEXT

and the second

To: New York From: New York Re: 02/21/2003

b3 -2 - b7E -3

vulnerabilities and in the case of The New York Times, left a backdoor so that he could enter at another time undetected.

Each time LAMO commits a computer intrusion on a high profile organization he reports the vunerability and intrusion to the media causing a distrust of the company's clients. The above mentioned corporations have lost significant money and trust of their clients.

Due to the specific technical needs of the investigation, it is necessary for the software be purchased. The software is a necessary component needed to continue and complete the investigation. by 7E-1, 6

The current budget balance in captioned case is allowing these payments, the case budget will be

2

loss-wood

ALL INFORMATION COMMAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 02-13-2010 BY

UPLOADED

WITHTEXT\_L WITH DUTTENT

7 2003

UC BAW/DK/RYS

THEIR OF FILED SAX APR 0 1 2002

b6 -1 b7C -1

b3 -2

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01/14/2003 CAH:cah	ALL INFORMATION CONTA HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIE DATE 02-13-2010 BY		b6 -1,5 b7C -1,5 b3 -2 b7E -3
The attached email email: pert	s were sent to and anning to ADRIAN LAM	telephone number telephone number CO.	email:

From: SA Subject: Adrian Lamo Cc: Bcc: Bcc: Attached: ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNICLASSIFIED DATE 02-13-2010 BY US BAN/DK/RYS  Hi,  As per our conversation, I have attached a flyer of Lamo with detailed information about him and the investigation. As I stated in our telephone call, it is known that Lamo utilizes Kinko's services to access the internet in order to commit unauthorized intrusions of corporations.  Once Lamo does these intrusions, he does contact the companies through a third party but it is not until he reports the vunerability to the media first given other hackers the opportunity to get in the compromised system. Also, Lamo is usually in the system for a long period of time before he contacts the company to let them know of the vunerability.  Lamo does not have a steady home address. He frequents the states of California, Tèxas, New York, Pennsylvania and Washington, DC/Virginia. When he performs his hacks he usually utilizes his own laptop computer, so some of the Kinko's he is using have internet access for laptops.  I appreciate all of your help on this investigation. If there is anything you ever need from my end please let me know. I can be contacted at					
Subject: Adrian Earno Co: Bac: Attached: ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED BEREITH 15 UNILLASSIFIED DATE 02-13-0210 BY  HI, As per our conversation, I have attached a fiyer of Lamo with detailed information about him and the investigation. As I stated in our telephone call, it is known that Lamo utilizes Kinko's services to access the internet in order to commit unauthorized intrusions of corporations. Once Lamo does these intrusions, he does contact the companies through a third party but it is not until he reports the vunerability to the media first given other hackers the opportunity to get in the compromised system. Also, Lamo is usually in the system for a long period of time before he contacts the company to let them know of the vunerability.  Lamo does not have a steady home address. He frequents the states of California, Texas, New York, Pennsylvania and Washington, DC/Virginia. When he performs his hacks he usually utilizes his own laptop computer, so some of the Kinko's he is using have internet access for laptops.  I appreciate all of your help on this investigation. If there is anything you ever need from my end please let me know, I can be contacted at enail.    Document	To:		<del></del>		
Cc: Bbc: Attached: ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED: BEREIN IS INCLESSIFIED DATE 02-13-2010 3Y 00 SAM/DK/RYS  As per our conversation, I have attached a flyer of Lamo with detailed information about him and the investigation. As I stated in our telephone call, it is known that Lamo utilizes Kinko's services to access the internet in order to commit unauthorized intrusions of corporations.  Once Lamo does these intrusions, he does contact the companies through a third party but it is not until he reports the vunerability to the media first given other hackers the opportunity to get in the compromised system. Also, Lamo is usually in the system for a long period of time before he contacts the company to let them know of the vunerability.  Lamo does not have a steady home address. He frequents the states of California, Texas, New York, Pennsylvania and Washington, DC/Virginia. When he performs his hacks he usually utilizes his own laptop computer, so some of the Kinko's he is using have internet access for laptops.  I appreciate all of your help on this investigation. If there is anything you ever need from my end please let me know, I can be contacted at		amo ·			
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ALL INFERRATION CONTAINES  REPERTI 15 INCLESSIFIED  DATE 02-13-2010 SY 00 BANYDK/RYS  HI,	Bcc:				
As per our conversation, I have attached a fiyer of Lamo with detailed information about him and the investigation. As I stated in our telephone call, it is known that Lamo utilizes Kinko's services to access the internet in order to commit unauthorized intrusions of corporations.  Once Lamo does these intrusions, he does contact the companies through a third party but it is not until he reports the vunerability to the media first given other hackers the opportunity to get in the compromised system. Also, Lamo is usually in the system for a long period of time before he contacts the company to let them know of the vunerability.  Lamo does not have a steady home address. He frequents the states of California, Téxas, New York, Pennsylvania and Washington, DC/Virginia. When he performs his hacks he usually utilizes his own laptop computer, so some of the Kinko's he is using have internet access for laptops.  I appreciate all of your help on this investigation. If there is anything you ever need from my end please let me know.  I can be contacted at	Attached:	ALL INFORMATION	CONTAINED		D/C -I
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New York, Pennsylvania and Washington, DC/Virginia. When he performs his hacks he usually utilizes his own laptop computer, so some of the Kinko's he is using have internet access for laptops.  I appreciate all of your help on this investigation. If there is anything you ever need from my end please let me know. I can be contacted at email cell: and email b6 -1  Sincerely. b7C -1	and the investiga services to access Once Lamo does not until he report the compromised	tion. As I stated in our ss the internet in order these intrusions, he d is the vunerability to the system. Also, Lamo i	telephone call, it is know to commit unauthorized loes contact the compar e media first given other is usually in the system	wn that Lamo utilizes k I intrusions of corporati nies through a third par r hackers the opportun	(inko's ons. ty but it is ty to get in
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end please let me know I can be contacted at cell: and email b6 -1 b7C -1	aptops.				
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b6 -1 b7C -1	,	: Know. I can be conta	icted at	cell:	and
Sincerely. SA  b7C -1	GIII ali				b6 -1
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To: Subject: Adrian Lamo Hi,		p6 -1,5 p7C -1,5
you I contacted attached flyer, which I did	time to speak with me today, I really appreciate it. After I spoke who was also very helpful. He told me to forward him the d and he will get the okay to put it on your loss prevention intrait that he will query the areas where Lamo frequents for further	)
	now so that you both and not doing duplicate work. I have atta tion. My contact information is FBI New Yor	
Thanks again for your he	elp. If you ever have any questions please feel free to call me.	
Sincerely, Special Agent	·	b6 -1 b7C -1

transl, wpd	
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DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC SAW/DK/RYS

b6 -1 b7C -1 b3 -2 b7E -3 (Rev. 08-28-2000)

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC BAW/DK/RYS

b6 -1 b7C -1

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Precedence:	ROUTINE	Date:	04/06/2003	
To: New York				
_	rk ad DT-5 tact: SA			
Approved By:				b3 -2
Drafted By:		slf		b6 -1 b7C -1
Case ID #:				b7E -3
New Y	N LAMO; ork Times-Victim; ter Intrusion;			
Synopsis: Ch transfer to D	ange classification T-5	of above mentione	d case and	
be changed to attack on the	infrastructure of the subject is within	e investigation h he United States'	as revealed an computer	

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DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC BAW/DK/RYS

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	ALL INFORMATION CONTAINS HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 02-13-2010 BY	DO BAW/DK/RYS		
05/07/2003				
CAH:cah		•		
subpoena served on by ADRIAN LAMO	I email was received from them requesting any/all document.		regarding the the computer intrusion	b3 -1,2 b6 -1,5 b7C -1,5 b7E -3

Subject: FW: Grand Jury Subpoena: Adrian Lamo		
То:	ALL INFORMATION CONTAIN	ED
	HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 02-13-2010 BY	UC BAW/DK/RYS
From Sent: Tuesday, May 21, 2002 1:39 PM To: Subject: Grand Jury Subpoena: Adrian Lamo		b6 -1,5 b7C -1,5 b7D -1
Agent	,	
records are being produced with the understanding that the will be used solely for your criminal investigation and for no	ov Mr. Lamo as These information	
purpose. I am sending the two files separately because of storage lim your e-mail account.	nitations on	b6 -5 b7C -5 b7E -1 b3 -1 b7D -1

b6 -1 b7C -1

FBI(19-cv-1495)-1769

one 302-wpd
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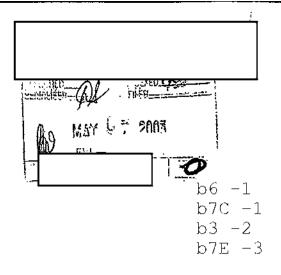
UPLOADE	F17	1
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WITH/TEXT WITH/OUTTEXT

BY (1)

MATE HAY 8 2003

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DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC BAW/DK/RYS



it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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UC BAW/DK/RYS

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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	DCOM, were telephoring agent. After agent and the puwas obtained:			by ntity of the	
information v	was obtained:	rpose or the ri	iterview, th		' -2 C -
had qained un for  contacted him infor necessary.	Securityfocus.com. m and informed h	into their netw ations office. tol im that he had could put her	ork was a voi spoke d tha hacked int	ADRIAN Lib7 cemail lert with the LAMO had by WORLDCOM.	D -
telephonical: LAMO told him to prosecute agreement was	nd work for ly contacted LAMO he was willing to him for hacking sompleted by WORD evealed informations closure.	at (415) 505-4 meet with them into their net LDCOM and LAMO	a and request work. A non regarding thi	stated that ed them not disclosure s incident.	: }
LAMO informed but he had ot	/2001, they had to them he had found ther things to do l a few weeks late	d the open proxy and did not get	/server in C	ctober 2001	
opening unex.		e calls, two (2	) on Saturda	y, December	:
Through  1, 2001 and o with the hack their network captures of that he util	several telephone one (1) on Tuesday ing methods he had to the Internet Prowork of the Internet Prowok ized an open pro-	, December 4, 2 d used to gain u otocol (IP) add al network. LA xy on WORLDÇOM	nauthorized resses he hit NMO specific 's network	access into and screenally stated to gain his	
Through  1, 2001 and of with the hack their network captures of that he util unauthorized  this informat	one (1) on Tuesday sing methods he had k, the Internet Pro WORLDCOM's intern ized an open pro	, December 4, 2 dused to gain wotocol (IP) addrawn LA wy on WORLDCOM network.	nauthorized resses he hit MO specific 's network	access into and screen ally stated to gain his through was LAMO who	
Through  1, 2001 and of with the hack their network captures of that he util unauthorized  this informat	one (1) on Tuesday ing methods he had to the Internet Proposed an open proposed access to their to their network.	, December 4, 2 dused to gain wotocol (IP) additional network. Livey on WORLDCOMMENT of the team was p	nauthorized resses he hit MO specific 's network i	access into and screen ally stated to gain his through was LAMO who have been been been been been accessed by the conically been been accessed by the conically between the conically between the conically bearing and conically between the conically bearing and coni	) 1 1 1 1 2 2 7 E

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Continuation of I	FD-302 of	Conference Call	, <sub>On</sub> 06/07/2002	
Ľ	system had obt	ce in their network, LAM ained enough information hines he compromised.	O had the power to access W  LAMO left footprint in	LAMO
1	familia	provi <u>ded auth</u> orized ac	never an employee of WORLDCO cess into their network. ' e had hacked them in the pas	They were
1		RLDCOM sustained damage ng from the unauthorized	es totaling approximately intrusion by LAMO.	\$500,000 b7E -1 b6 -2,5 b7C -2,5 b7D -1

WITH/TEXT WITH/OU) .....

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05/07/2003 CAH;cah	ALL INFORMATION COMTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC BAW/DK/RYS	b6 -1 <b>,</b> 2
SA	received the attached email from	b7C -1,2
	ere was an attached file containing information pertaining to the	22 2
unauthorized intrusion of	ADRIAN LAMO into WORLDCOM.	b7E -3

A copy will be maintained in the file.

In ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC BAW/CK/RYS	Page 1 of 2
Subject: RE: Adrian Lamo To: 'SA	
Attached is the second file of screenshots that Adrian provided as proof he was in the :-)	b6 -1,2 b7C -1,2
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	b7E -1
Network Security Ops Ctr	
Original Message	
From: SA Sent: Wednesday, May 07, 2003 12:56 PM To:	
Subject: Adrian Lamo	
It has been a year since I last spoke with you regarding Adrian Lamo. So much has happened in that year on my end as I am sure on your end. So how are you doing? We have been so busy here that I had to put this case on the back burner for awhile but now we are getting ready to go forward with the case and present it to a Grand Jury. I am in the process of getting everything organized so that we can do that. With that said I just wanted to make sure of a couple of things:	
1. About a year ago you sent me an email with You told me you were going to send a second file.  At the time, I did not have an fbi.gov account and the email account I was using was restricted in size. I have been reviewing all of the material and I do not see the second email with the file attached. I was wondering if you still have this file and if so could you forward it to me. I believe it is	b3 -1 b6 -2 b7C -2 b7E -1
The second question I have is areandand	
I can imagine how busy you are and I appreciate any help with this matter. As I informed you from the beginning I will keep you informed of all steps forward in this case. I have a meeting with the United States Attorney today to discuss the Grand Jury proceedings. I will email you with an update. I believe at this junction things will be moving forward very quickly to bring this investigation to a resolution.	
If you need to contact me by telephone my number is	b6 −1 b7C −1
Thanks,	
Printed for SA	FBI(19-cv-1495)-1775 5/7/2003

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DATE	nytinsn1, wpd	b6 -1 b7C -1 b3 -2 b7E -3

FBI(19-cv-1495)-1777

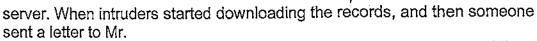
b7E -3

b6	5 -1
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BEREIN IS UNTLASSIFIED	<b>3</b> −2
CARR CO TO COTO DE PORTOR DESCRIPTO	'E -3
05/07/2003	
SA received the attached emails from and of THE NEW YORK TIMES.	
followed up with a question sent to him via email by SA	asking if
any were sent up by ADRIAN LAMO when LAMO gained unauth	
to their system. The answer to this question was that no accounts were generated at	t thin times
	$D \cap C = 1/2$
followed up with several questions stating that the home address an	b7E -1
security numbers for all the staff were accessible to LAMO and that is how he was a	
superuser access.	J
·	
provided a NEW YORK TIMES article referencing LAMO.	
<u> </u>	
Copies will be maintained in the file.	

Printed for SA

5/7/2003 FBI(19-cv-1495)-1779

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Stoll about the phony organization, he and federal investigators traced the intruders to East German and Soviet intelligence agencies.

Today, the use of honeytokens is not uncommon. For example, ForeScout Technologies, based in San Mateo, Calif., has built a commercial software program that

tracks incidents of surreptitious reconnaissance, like port scans? the computer equivalent of someone turning your doorknob to see if it is unlocked. The program

will announce a false message of vulnerability to the scanner in the form of a honeytoken. It then breaks the connection if the hacker follows up with an attack.

Honeytokens, like their cousins the honeypots, are based on the notion that if you build it, they will come. Mr. Spitzner became intrigued by the idea of honeypots

after putting a new computer online at home and watching it get attacked within 15 minutes by an automatic program scanning the Internet for vulnerable prey.

Many computer criminals break into systems simply for the fun and challenge. Others are looking to take over vulnerable systems in order to use them as safe houses

for setting off further, more serious, attacks. Others want to mine credit card addresses or steal corporate secrets. According to a 2002 report by the Computer

Security Institute, 90 percent of the 500 corporations, government agencies, financial institutions, medical institutions and universities surveyed detected security

breaches during the previous year.

Honeytokens could also be useful for national security purposes. Michael Vatis, director of the Institute for Security Technology Studies at Dartmouth University, said

that the Defense Department could use them to snare people seeking unauthorized information on weapons systems. For example, a honeytoken could be designed so

that if it were downloaded and then taken to a different system, it would be able to contact its original server each time it was accessed. One way to do this would be

to include code in the honeytoken that would automatically try to fetch a tiny image or some other file based on the home server, making the honeytoken "phone

home" whenever it is opened.

Honeytokens also can be used to track attacks from within a company by people who have passwords to enter the system legitimately. Pete Herzog, managing

director of the Institute for Security and Open Methodologies, says that he

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has used honeytokens to detect when employees illicitly download forbidden material. For

example, he has entered corporate memos with particular typos into private databases and then monitored company networks to see where those typos show up.

Tracing these honeytokens, he says, often leads to caches of illegal materials stored on the network.

No one believes that honeytokens can stop all cybercrime. But they could offer an upgrade in protection.

Honeytokens offer another advantage: They help reduce the number of false positives in other cyberdefense systems. Like car alarms, intrusion detection systems can go off so frequently because of accidental trespassing that many security administrators ignore the warnings. Honeytokens, if designed correctly, should trigger alarms only if there is a malicious attack.

Hackers, however, are not impressed. Adrian Lamo, who gained notoriety last year when he claimed to have broken into the systems of a number of companies, including Yahoo, says he is not worried. "It's a form of old-school security," he says. "It will work on the people who have been to the old schools."

Mr. Lamo says that he only goes after information that he knows other people frequently seek access to and that he runs credit checks to ensure that information he uncovers, like Social Security numbers, are real. Mr. Spitzner contends that it should not matter whether a hacker bothers to run a credit check because the alarm should ring any time the decoy record is accessed.

Hackers can also evade honeytokens by compressing and password-protecting the information they steal, thereby changing or hiding the data, like fake Social

Security numbers or typos, in memos that the sniffers are searching for. And "phone home" honeytokens designed to trace users could be thwarted if opened only on computers disconnected from the Internet.

Some experts are also worried about the possibility that using honeytokens could violate the federal Wiretap Act, which places limits on intercepting and monitoring

electronic communications. Richard Salgado, senior counsel for the Justice Department's computer crime and intellectual property unit, has said that very little law

governs this new area and that security technicians should consult first their lawyers.

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Printed for SA

5/7/2003 FBI(19-cv-1495)-1781



Mr. Spitzner said that he was less worried about the law than about smart hackers. Honeytokens cannot solve all problems, he said. "But they can make a very simple and powerful tool in a security arsenal."

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> b6 -1 b7C -1

In	Page 1 of 4
To: Subject: RE: Adrian Lamo All Information Contained Herein is unclassified CATE 62-13-2010 BY UC BAW/EK/RYS	b6 -1,2 b7C -1,2
There are numerous areas to access and he appeard to have tried all or most of them.	
The staff list showed home addresses and social security numbers for all staff.  There were metro and op-ed source lists. In some cases op-ed entered social security numbers in the source lists.	
Regards,	
	b7E -1 b6 -1,2 b7C -1,2
Original Message From: VNYT/NYTIMES [mailto: Sent: Tuesday, May 06, 2003 2:41 PM To: YSYS/NYTIMES; CORPHQ/NYTIMES;	
Cc: CORPHQ/NYTIMES; Subject: Re: Adrian Lamo	
Folks:	
As requested, can you please respond to Special Agent questions. Her e-mail address is	
Thank you.	
Forwarded by NYT/NYTIMES on 05/06/2003 02:36 PM	·
SA To: NYT/NYTIMES" cc: > Subject: Re: Adrian Lamo	b6 -1,2 b7C -1,2
05/06/2003 01:27 PM	
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Page 2 of 4

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FBI(19-cv-1495)-1785

Thanks will call you in alittle while.= I appreciate all your help.

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5/7/2003

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### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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		<u></u>	Date of transcription <u>08/29</u>	/2002
	After bei	vas telephonically coning advised as to the	telephone relacted by the interview identity of the interview provided the fol	ving Lewing Llowing
Newsbyte hacker hacker hunauthor identification was utilized He gaine browser and keyw SBC's infeature	telephes reported accept the had contacted accept the had accept and typing and typing accept the had accept and typing accept the had accept and typing accept the had acc	stated that one number for. The Newsbytes reported him and informed ess to SBC's network. In the custome rability in the dial unto their network by one in a particular Interest set to be displayed in the set of the set o	p pools of SBC's customening up his Netscape ernet Protocol (IP) add the attack to occur causing LAMO's browser. The occur. LAMO claimed the	r a ite hat eporter that mers. dress ing index
	LAMO wa	s able to view custom	er account names, passw er's were vulnerable to	
structur The tech change a were pre	pility LAM te to dete mical tea all of the eserved. I to Kinko	No had utilized. They ermine the amount of dominated to call all 360 air passwords. The we some of the IP addres	s able to validate the went through their dia amage LAMO had inflicted customers individually because and dial up loses in the web server addresses resolved to a	ed. Ly and ogs Logs
from SBC About tw	not to sp I's Public 70 (2) to	eak to him directly. Relations Department three (3) weeks later	ect contact with LAMO.  is unaware if any spoke to him directly, an individual who wored by LAMO via email.	yone rks in The
				b3 -2
tigation onC	8/27/02	at New York, NY	(telephonica	b6 -1, ally.b7C -1
		<u> </u>		
¥			Date dictated 08/29/02	b7E <b>-</b> 3

FD-302a (Rev. 10-6-95)

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		b7C -2
		b3 -2
Continuation of FD-302 of	On 08/27/02 Page	<b>2</b> b7E −3

email stated that LAMO was not satisfied with the way SBC handled his unauthorized intrusion announcement and he wanted to speak with someone at SBC. They did not contact him at this time.

In July 2002, LAMO contacted an individual at SBC. LAMO stated that he had further information to provide to SBC. They asked him to write to them regarding this new information. LAMO never contacted them again.

lettergov.wpd

WITH/TEXT\_\_\_\_\_\_A
WITH/OUTTEXT\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
BY\_\_\_\_\_\_\_MAY 1 4 2003\*

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#### U.S. Department of Justice

Federal Bureau of Investigation

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

26 Federal Plaza New York, NY 10278

May 13, 2003

Senate Legal Counsel 642 Senate Hart Building Washington, DC 20510

RE: ADRIAN LAMO, Hack of website www.senate.gov

Dear

As per our conversation on 12/28/2003, I am writing to request information pertaining the unauthorized intrusion of the website www.senate.gov in December 2003. Investigation by the FBI's New York office has revealed that the individual ADKIAN LAMO is responsible for this unauthorized intrusion.

LAMO is a subject of an ongoing investigation by the FBI's New York office. LAMO has claimed credit for the unauthorized intrusions into The New York Times, Worldcom, Microsoft, Yahoo, AOL, SBC Communications and excite@home.com through open proxy servers. LAMO uses a "Proxy Hunter" to search the Internet for proxy servers that are misconfigured. Once he obtains this information, he configures his browser to appear and utilize the proxy server as his own. Once the computer intrusion occurs, LAMO searches the network to determine if there are any other vulnerabilities. LAMO has left backdoors in the networks providing him with the ability to enter the network at another time undetected.

The enclosed article dated 12/10/2002 from Securityfocus.com states that LAMO gained access to www.senate.gov through an open proxy server. TRACY WILLIAMS, Director of technology development for the Sergeant-at-Arms, blamed the incident on misconfigured devices associated with the Web site and that the devices were taken off line until they could be configured correctly.

The FBI's New York Office is requesting all records and other evidence in the possession of www.senate.gov. Such records and evidence include, but are not limited to, all accounts, computer logs, files, communications, E-mail messages, programs, client account records and files, and any other documents: worked on, reviewed by, drafted by, edited by, examined by, received by,

Electric Control

sent to or pertaining to the unauthorized intrusion by in December 2002. The FBI's New York Office is also requesting to speak with the individuals who handled the investigation into the unauthorized intrusion into the proxy server and web-site as well as the individual who had contact with LAMO.

Your efforts in this matter will help to ensure that the privacy and integrity of the information contained within www.senate.gov will be maintained.

matter at Please contact SA regarding this matter at or email: Please note, the aforementioned information is sensitive in nature, not meant of external distribution.

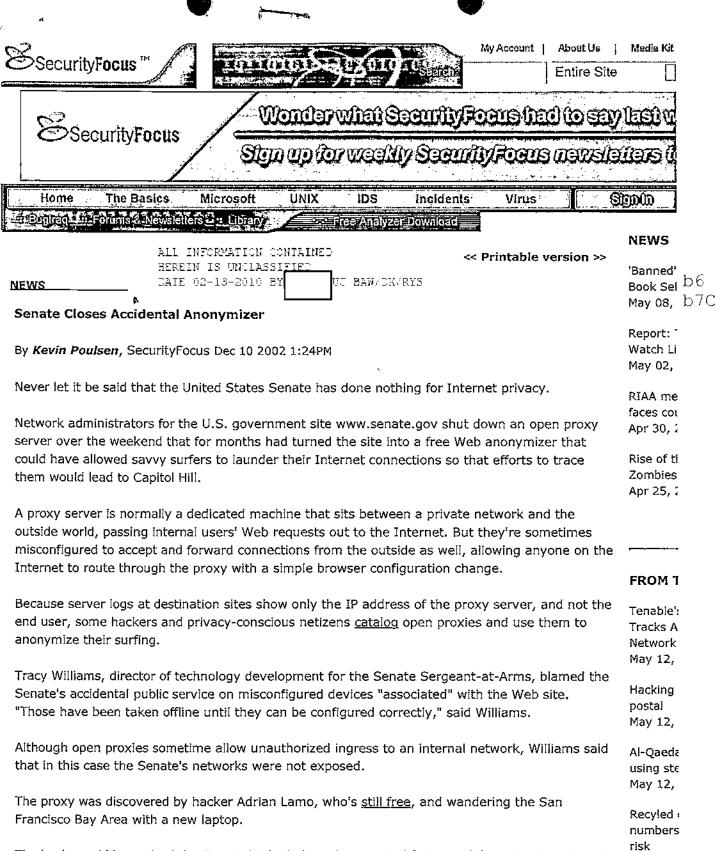
b6 -1 b7C -1

Sincerely,

Kevin P. Donovan Assistant Director in Charge

By:

Supervisory Special Agent



The hacker said he noticed the Senate Web site's undocumented feature while reviewing a list of proxy servers he scanned and cataloged last April. Uncharacteristically, <u>Lamo</u> said he made no 'effort to hack the Senate's internal network through the system. Instead, late last week he used it to send a message to any administrators monitoring the site.

May 12,

Senategot.

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WITH/TEXT\_\_\_\_

WITH/OUTTEXT

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#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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	Date of transcription 12/30/2002
Building, Washington, DC 20510, telephowas telephonically contacted by the integration being advised as to the identity of the	erviewing agent. After b6 -6
hacked. stated that she has spoke individuals involved in investigating to	the unauthorized intrusion the FBI to send a request in ng agent to speak with the
	,
	b3 -2 b6 -1
Investigation on 12/28/02 at New York, NY	(telephonically) b7C -1
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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  DATE 02-18-2010 BY UC SAW/DK/RYS	b3 -2
05/13/2003 CAH:cah	b6 -1 b7C -1 b7E -1
SA has made the following telephone contacts and emails on the dates specified for the above mentioned case number:	
05/13/2003 Called and left message for NBC , regarding technical contact for Lamo hack	<b>ng</b> b6 −1,2
05/13/2003 The New York Times, contacted informed of upcoming complain and asked for to contact at	,
05/13/2003 SBC, called after I left him a message. Stated he would send me the logs I requested regarding Adrian Lamo. He left his email address of SA sent an email. A copy is attached.	

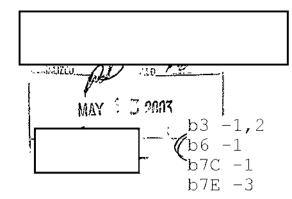
BY MAY 1008

05:10 PM 5/13/2003 -0400, Qu	uestions about Lamo
To: From: SA Subject: Questions about Lamo Cc: Bcc: Attached:	ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC SAW/DW/RYS
Hi,	b6 -1,2 b7C -1,2
Here are a couple of questions I came up we last August. I am sorry if some of them are think this will be it unless I have some question	with when reviewing the information you provided to e repetitive I am just trying to get things in order. I has about the logs.
2. Can you find out if anyone in your PR Dept s 3. Do you have any of the emails that Lamo se	b6 -1
S. Who from Newsbytes 1st contacted you,	b7C - b7E -
. Who from Newsbytes 1st contacted you,	and on what date?
think that is it. Thank you again for your help.	
<u>Best wish</u> es,	
tod for CA	b6 -1
ted for SA	<b>1</b>

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SA	contacted	telephone number	b7C -1,5 b3 -1,2
email:	re	garding the subpoena request for information pertaining	8h7E = 3
to ADRIAN I		that the case is assigned to a case worker and that he	<b>5</b> ,11
would have th	e case worker contact me to	oday regarding this matter.	

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	ad CD-Rom contains files that were extracted from a TAR file sent to age the computer intrusion of ADRIAN LAMO.	b7C -1 b7E -1

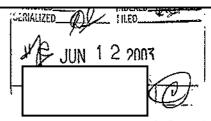
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#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date of transcription	on <u>06/12/2003</u>
General Counsel, T-Mobile, 41:  International Parkway, Suite 1000, Carrolton, TX 750  facsimile (972) 930-4741, email:  was telephonically contacted by the interview of the interview the purpose of the interview, provided the folianformation:	07, telephone  rviewing agent.b6 -6 ring agent and b7C -6
T-Mobile provides the Wi-Fi Internet services Starbucks. In order to use a T-Mobile hotspot at a must either be an existing T-Mobile hotspot customer provide Starbucks with a credit card number and be a go" customer. All customers receive a userid and painto the Wi-Fi service stated to review the mobile.com/hotspot for more details regarding the service.	Starbucks you or you can "pay as you ssword to sign website <u>www.t-</u>
stated that	
	was
unable to provide stated he would need to reference technical person for this answer.	b7C -6 b7E -1
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<del></del>				-b3 −2
Investigation on06/12/2003	at New York, NY		(telephonically)	_b6 -1
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	LOCK/	LINE, INC,	telephone number	rwas		b7C -1,
telephonically conta	cted by SA	i	regarding the hack	by ADRIAN LAMO	of	b3 -2
CINGULAR LOC	K/LINE, INC hos	ts the servers	s for CINGULAR	that were hacked by	LAMO.	b7E −3
refer	red SA to	their Genera	al Counsel,	telephon	e	
number		stated that	t he was the techn	ical person involved in	n the	
hack by LAMO on	their servers.	sta	ated he is familiar	with LAMO's past ha	cking	
activities.				•	_	
SA_	attempted to cont	act	but met with neg	ative results.	will	

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# Lamo Hacks Cingular Claims Site

By Christopher Null 🍪 | 🗗 Also by this reporter

10:55 AM May, 29, 2003 PT

Cingular can issue insurance to its mobile-phone customers to protect them against loss and damage, but it apparently can't ensure that hackers won't have full access to their personal data.

Adrian Lamo, a hacker who in the past has broken into *The New York Times* and Yahoo, found a gaping security hole in a website run by a company that issues the insurance to Cingular customers. By accessing the site, Lamo said he could have pulled up millions of customer records had he wanted to.

He said he discovered the problem this weekend through a random finding in a Sacramento Dumpster, where a Cingular store had discarded records about a customer's insurance claim for a lost phone. By simply typing in a URL listed on the detritus, Lamo was taken to the customer's claim page on a site run by lock\line LLC, which provides the claim management services to Cingular.

Normally, this page should have been reachable only by passing through a password-protected gateway, but by simply entering the valid URL, Lamo discovered that individual claims pages could be accessed, no password authentication needed.

Each page contained the customer's name, address and phone number, along with details on the insurance claim being made. Altering the claim ID numbers (which were assigned sequentially) in the URL gave Lamo access to the entire history of Cingular claims processed through lock\line, comprising some 2.5 million customer claims dating back to 1998.

Lamo said the hack was similar to his discovery of a security hole at Microsoft in October 2001, where the server was configured to assume that if a user could reach a certain URL that was otherwise unpublished on the Internet, that user must be authorized to do so and must already be logged in.

As with his other hacks, Lamo said he had no intent of profiting from the exploit, just pointing out a security flaw.

Lamo first exposed the problem to Wired News. After this reporter pointed out the flaw, Cingular and lock\line closed the hole by Wednesday morning.

Cingular spokesman Tony Carter said lock\line has enabled password protection for the site and has now incorporated "obfuscation techniques" that scramble URLs so that, even in the event of a site compromise, additional records should not be easily accessible.

Lock\line spokesman Reed Garrett confirmed the hack. Carter noted that no financial information or social security number data were taken and the information wasn't even available to lock\line.

"We screwed up," said Carter. "Our policy is that any time there is a document with customer information on it is to be shredded. They've been trained on this. They just didn't do it. There's no excuse for it."

The event highlights the problems of managing vendor relationships when customer information needs to be shared but each company has different processes for handling that information. Carter says Cingular has nearly 40,000 vendors, and staying on top of them all is an "arduous" task, which the company continues to evaluate.

Jerry Brady, CTO of security services company Guardent, said incidents like the Cingular episode are not that uncommon.

"This usually happens because people whip together quick-and-dirty front ends without much thought to the construction of the data," he said. "You see this all the time, not just in the private sector, but in government systems as well. You just can't expect that outsourcer (to) treat confidential data the same way as the firm. They have no vested interest in worrying about the customer."

Lamo noted that outsourcing arrangements continue to yield a treasure trove of weak links in electronic security. Said Lamo, "As companies begin to outsource more and more of their businesses, the line of where security begins and ends gets blurry." He added that in this case, the security was "tremendously bad."

The Cingular discovery is the latest in a line of exploits from Lamo. In the past few years, Lamo has found his way into the database containing sources for the *The New York Times*, has altered news stories on Yahoo and has repeatedly compromised AOL. Companies have contemplated suing him, but security experts have lauded his efforts for pointing out flaws.

Lamo, 22, doesn't have a permanent address. He wanders cross-country on foot or by public bus. Spring and summer usually bring him to Northern California. Until recently, he used terminals at Kinko's to perform his hacks. He has graduated to using a Wi-Fi-ready laptop at Starbucks to do his work.

For Lamo, there's a bigger issue at stake with the Cingular hack.

"If only they had recycled the document instead of throwing it away," he quipped, "this wouldn't have happened."

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Unlimited \$29.99 Unlimited . N/A Unlimited 12 month contract required.

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Early termination fee of up to \$200 a You may terminate service without p

early termination fee if you cancel w first 30 days after plan commencem "Unlimited" \$39.99" Unlimited" N/A "Unlimited"One month commitment required.

National - per Includes unlimited minutes and data month at all service locations nationwide.

An administrative fee of \$25 applies terminations within the first 12 mont plan commencement. You may term service without paying an administration you cancel within the first 30 days a commencement.

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Wi-Fi Prepay Plans
Give the Wi-Fi service a try with a national, refillable prepay plan.

Prepay 300 \$50.00 300 300 minute Unlimited No Minimum commitment.

Sign-up and refill online at your con

Minimum user session is 10 minute: login

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If you expect to check email or download files only occasionally, try a pay as you go plan.

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go per additional minute. Minimum user session is 60 minute: login.

Use at any service location nationw

» Sign Up » Additional terms and conditions apply, click here to see Rate Plan

If your laptop or handheid is already Wi-Fi 802.11b enabled, you can also sign up by simply lau your browser at thousands of HotSpot locations.

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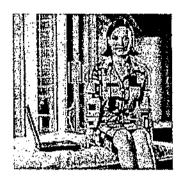
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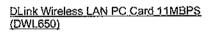
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Connecting to the T-Mobile HotSpot network is simple. Here's what you'll need:

1. A laptop, pocket PC or handheld device with Wi-Fi 802.11b wireless capability. Your existing device may already have this capability built-in. If not, you can purchase a Wi-Fi 802.11b wireless networking card for most laptops and many handhelds at any major electronics retailer.

Wireless Cards for Laptops





Netgear 11Mbs - 802,11b Wireless PC Card for Laptops



Featured Handheld Device

Sharp Zaurus SL-5500

Using a Wireless LAN Compact Flash card with your Zaurus will allow you to use Instant Messaging, email, the Internet, and various other applications via the T-Mobile HotSpot network.

Several CompactFlash cards are available from different manufacturers. Visit

http://www.myzaurus.com/buyaccess.asp for a complete list of cards you can use with the Zaurus.

Compact Flash cards

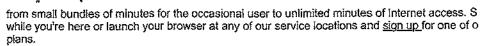
Netgear MA701 CompactFlash Card -802.11b 11 Mbps wireless card for handheld devices.





When your device is wireless-enabled, you will need to set your SSID (or network identifier) to 't Refer to your wireless network card documentation for specific instructions on how to make this or visit <u>customer support</u>.

- Web Browser You can use any standard Internet-ready browser on any operating system. I additional software is required.
- 3. Service Plan T-Mobile HotSpot has a full line of service plans to meet the needs of any mol



Now you're ready to go. Visit any of the thousands of T-Mobile HotSpot service locations, launch browser, log-in and you're connected. It's that simple.

if you have more questions on how to connect, we're here to help.

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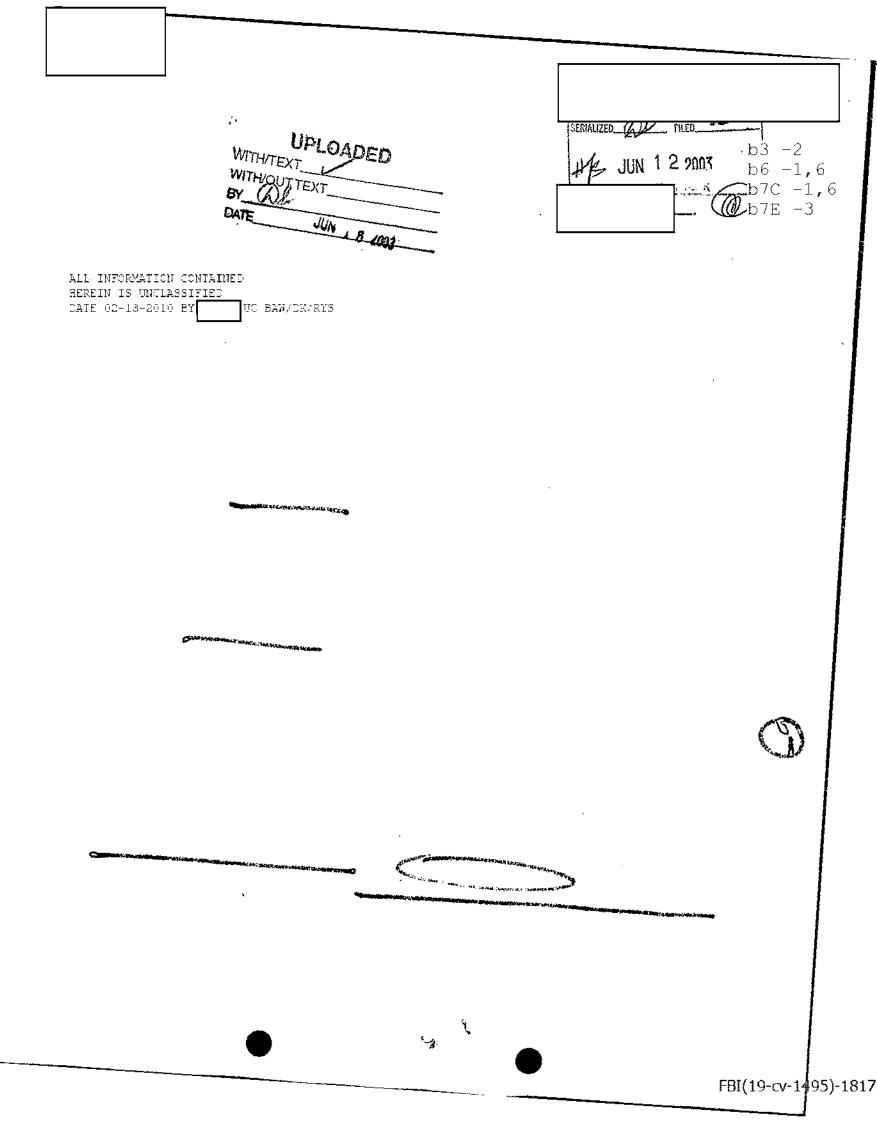
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CAH:cah

The attached article from Wired News, titled "Lamo Hacks Cingular Claims Site" was written on 5/29/2003 stating that ADRIAN LAMO has hacked CINGULAR using a T-Mobile hot spot at Starbucks.

b6 - 1, 5b7C -1,5The attached information pertaining to T-Mobile hot spot services provided to b3 -2 STARBUCKS was obtained from t-mobile.com/hotspots. It states that an individual can either b7E -3 have a monthly account with T-mobile or a pay as you go account to utilize their hot spots throughout the country including STARBUCKS.

General Counsel, T-Mobile regarding The attached email was sent to the article in Wired News.

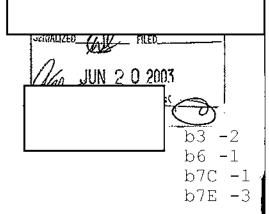


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SA	contacted Senate Legal Counsel, 642 Senate	
	shington, DC 20510 regarding the letter sent to their office on 5/13/2003	_
requesting informati	ion of the unauthorized intrusion of ADRIAN LAMO into senate gov.	
stated that their tech	nnical people told her that	
	I explained to	•
	understood this concept and stated	
that I would have to	speak to the technical people about this further.	06 -1,6
that I would have to	speak to the technical people about this further.	o7C −1,6
F <sub>1</sub> -r	ther stated that her technical people did not like the term unauthorized intrusion $^{lambda}$	o7E −1
	sent to them. I explained to that in the article the Director of	
	Y WILLIAMS stated that their proxy servers were misconfigured allowing access	
	vere not authorized to use them. WILLIAMS stated the servers were taken off-	
	liscovered. I explained to that that is what is meant by unauthorized	
intrusion.	iscovered. I explained tothat that is what is meant by anauthorized	
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we	ent on to explain that the hack of LAMO or anyone else into senate gov is not	
	e fact that the computers do not hold pertinent information. I asked if	
	www.senate.gov to allow hackers or anyone to gain full access to their proxy	
	vers to use them, as they deem appropriate. She stated she was not sure if this	
	I I would need to speak to the technical people about the policy.	
	, i i	
exi	plained that the	b6 -6
technical people kn	ew that it was an open proxy server that could be accessed by anyone and they	b7C -6
were working on thi	is problem. I asked her if they knew about the problem why were they not pulled	b7E -1
	disclosure by LAMO. stated I would need to speak to the technical	
people regarding th	is matter.	
<del></del> .		
	she believed the technical people only spoke with the reporter and that no contact	
was made with LA		
technical people inv	olved in this matter call me, when she had time.	

email, wpd

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On 6/20/2003, S. from SBC, Inc. The em	A received the attached email from tail contained files pertaining to the hack of ADRIAN LAMO of SBC.	b6 -1,2
Copies will be ma	aintained in the file.	b7C -1,2 b3 -2

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To: "SA	ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC BAW/DK/RYS
Finally got everything approved to release information. The attached files should be helpful. If you let me know.	ation on the Lamo Case to have questions please
Per your request here is my address.  2600 N. Central Expressway Suite 528 Richardson TX. 75080	b6 -1,2 b7C -1,2 b7E -1
Thanks  Corporate Information Security	y
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FBI(19-cv-1495)-1821

6/20/2003

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HEREIM IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 02-13-2010 BY UC BAW/EK/RYS

Date: 07/08/03 Time: 08:53

Automated Serial Permanent Charge-Out FD-5a (1-5-94)

Case ID:

Description of Document:

Type : INSERT Date : 07/07/03

Co : NEW YORK

From : NEW YORK

Topic: CHECKS ON 81 INDIVIDUALS W/ATTACHED RESULTS

b3 -2

b6 -1

b7C -1

b7E -3

Reason for Permanent Charge-Out:

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Transferred to:

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Case ID:

Employee:

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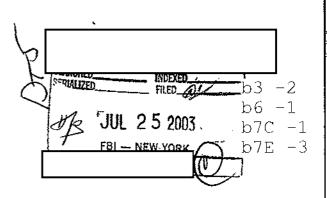
(937) 686-2766.

b6 -1 b7C -1

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Precedence: ROUTINE	Date: 07/18/2003
To: New York A	Attn: SA
From: Cincinnati Squad 4/Columbus RA Contact: SA	
Approved By:	
Drafted By: re	<b>b</b> 3 −2
Case ID #:	b6 -1 b7C -
Title: ADRIAN LAMO; New York Times-Victim; Computer Intrusion; OO:NY	b7E -
Synopsis: To respond to lead set	by New York.
Reference:	
Details: Vincent Glaze died on 09 alongside his wife, Dorothy S. GlaMcArthur Township, 3691 Road 37 We	aze, at Huntsville Cemetery

Cincinnati considers lead covered.



199REWQZ, EC FBI(19-cv-1495)-1886

To: New York From Cincinnati
Re: 07/18/2003

b3 -2 b7E -3

LEAD(s):

Set Lead 1: (Info)

NEW YORK

AT NEW YORK, NY

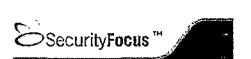
For information only.

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FOI/PA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET
Civil Action# 19-cv-1495
Total Deleted Page(s) = 79
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#### **SECURITYFOCUS NEWS**

## Adrian Lamo charged with computer crimes

By Kevin Poulsen, SecurityFocus Sep 5 2003 10:11AM

FBI agents armed with a federal arrest warrant out of New York were searching for Adrian Lamo Thursday, SecurityFocus has confirmed.

Lamo has been charged in New York under Title 18 U.S.C. 1030 and 1029, according to deputy federal public defender Mary French, who says she's spoken with one of the FBI agents that were searching for Lamo. The federal laws prohibit unauthorized access to a protected computer, and illegal possession of stolen "access devices" -- a term that encompasses passwords, credit card numbers, and the like. French did not know what the specific allegations were, because the charging document is sealed.

Two agents visited the home of Lamo's parents, Mario and Mary Lamo, near Sacramento, California, Thursday afternoon, Mary Lamo said Thursday. "They wouldn't tell us anything but that they had an arrest warrant and they wanted to come in," she adds.

When she demurred, the agents vowed to return with a search warrant, then began overtly watching the house from parked cars, she said. "They followed me when I went out, so they're not hiding it."

Friday morning, a spokesperson for the U.S. Attorney's office in New York confirmed that the office had an open case file on Lamo, but otherwise declined to comment.

Lamo frequently stays at his parents' home, but he was not there at the time of the FBI's visit, and has not returned since. His mother contacted the Federal Public Defender's office in Sacramento, which has agreed to handle his surrender.

'I have always said that actions have consequences, and this is something that I was always aware might happen.'

-- Adrian Lamo

"If he's arrested or turns himself in in this district, we will represent him for the initial proceedings," French said Friday morning. "I haven't had any direct contact with him yet."

In a telephone interview Thursday, Lamo said he was in California, but did not plan to turn himself in until after conferring with the attorney. The hacker was quick-witted and seemingly in good humor, with only a trace of nervousness in his voice. He quipped about the proper etiquette of being arrested by the FBI, and suggested jokingly that SecurityFocus should purchase the publication rights to a favorite photo. He said he was in the

company of a camera crew producing a television documentary on hackers.

"I have always said that actions have consequences, and this is something that I was always aware might happen," said Lamo. "I don't intend to deny anything that I have done, but I do intend to defend myself vigorously."

The 22-year-old Lamo has become famous for publicly exposing gaping security holes at large corporations, then voluntarily helping the companies fix the vulnerabilities he exploited -- sometimes visiting their offices or signing non-disclosure agreements in the process.

Until now, his cooperation and transparency have kept him from being prosecuted. Lamo's hacked Excite@Home, Yahoo, Blogger, and other companies, usually using nothing more than an ordinary Web browser. Some companies have even professed gratitude for his efforts: In December, 2001, Lamo was praised by communications giant WorldCom after he discovered, then helped close, security holes in their intranet that threatened to expose the private networks of Bank of America, CitiCorp, JP Morgan, and others.

Lamo believes the arrest warrant is for his most high-profile hack. Early last year he penetrated the New York Times, after a two-minute scan turned up seven misconfigured proxy servers acting as doorways between the public Internet and the Times private intranet, making the latter accessible to anyone capable of properly configuring their Web browser.

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Once inside, Lamo exploited weaknesses in the Times password policies to broaden his access, eventually browsing such disparate information as the names and Social Security numbers of the paper's employees, logs of home delivery customers' stop and start orders, instructions and computer dial-ups for stringers to file stories, lists of contacts used by the Metro and Business desks, and the "WireWatch" keywords particular reporters had selected for monitoring wire services.

He also accessed a database of 3,000 contributors to the *Times* op-ed page, containing such information as the social security numbers for former U.N. weapons inspector Richard Butler, Democratic operative James Carville, ex-NSA chief Bobby Inman, Nannygate veteran Zoe Baird, former secretary of state James Baker, Internet policy thinker Larry Lessig, and thespian activist Robert Redford. Entries with home telephone numbers include Lawrence Walsh, William F. Buckley Jr., Jeanne Kirkpatrick, Rush Limbaugh, Vint Cerf, Warren Beatty and former president Jimmy Carter.

In February, 2002, Lamo told the *Times* of their vulnerability through a SecurityFocus reporter. But this time, no one was grateful, and by May federal prosecutors in New York had begun an investigation.

"I think this is unsporting of the New York Times," Lamo said Thursday.

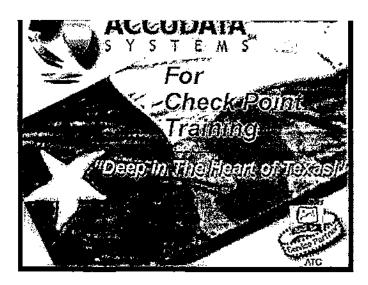
Lamo's mother said she has no opinion on her son's exploits. She's just worried about him.

"I don't really know much of anything about computers," says Mary Lamo. "He's my son. Right now, all I can worry about is how I can help him."

"I hope there will be a time when Adrian can do positive things that everyone agrees are positive," she adds.







<tips@securityfocus.com>

#### Discussion

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Good luck SilverStar

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**Dumb Americans** Jean Pierre Rupp

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<u>Dumb Americans</u> Anonymous

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World-wide police Anonymous

this is not right jfrances@mcintoshstudent.com

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Companies that he helped should now help him Anonymous

Some free advice for Adrian (the lawyers will charge ;-) Anonymous

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Heh...he was in Sacramento 2 days ago. Ericka

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not another mitnick trial Anonymous

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DON"T BECOME A FUGITIVE FROM INJUSTICE, TURN YOURSELF IN NOW. Anonymous

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No good deed goes unpunished ... Anonymous

keep on truckin my friend mick\_nobody

Adrian Lamo charged with computer crimes digital reciever

Adrian Lamo charged with computer crimes Blah

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Playing nice might get you busted Anonymous

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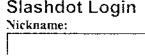
Services Jobs Advertising Adrian Lamo Charged With Hacking

Posted by Cowboy Neal on Saturday
September 06, @10:41AM
from the high-profile-hacking dept.
retro128 writes "Drifting around the US
from state-to-state, Adrian Lamo has
been making news for some time with
his 'White Hat' hacking exploits. His
highest-profile hacking has included
Excite@Home and Yahoo. After he
would break into a network, he would
call up those in charge of it and help
them fix the holes. So far, it has earned
him praise from the administrators of
those systems, but now Security Focus is
carrying the story that the FBI has filed

charges against him, and currently has

his parents' house staked out. The

records are sealed, so nobody knows
who is responsible, but Lamo suspects the New York
Times initiated the investigation when they found
out how deep into their system he got."



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Adrian Lamo Charned With Hacking Top in Create an Account. Top. 504 comments (Spill at 501)

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- <u>Fit? Stops. R</u> by Anonymous Coward (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @10:43AM
  - Re:Fit? Stops. R by Anonymous Coward (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @04:15PM
  - Re:Fit? Stops. R by jbottero (Score:1) Sunday September 07, @01:33AM
    - o Re:Fit? Stops. R by krymsin01 (Score:3) Sunday September 07, @02:26AM
      - Re:Fit? Stops. R by zootread (Score:2) Sunday September 07, @10:12AM
      - Re:Fit? Stops. R by zootread (Score:2) Sunday September 07, @10:24AM
    - o 1 reply beneath your current threshold.

## The Real Problem (Score: 5, Funny)

by Goo.cc (687626) \* <jeff@goo.cc> on Saturday September 06, @10:43AM (#6887104)

(http://goo.cc/)

Maybe the real problem that the New York Times has with Lamo is that he was able to read stories without having to register for a free account. (Hell, that stupid registration requirement make me want to hack them too.)

[ Reply to This ]

## Re:The Real Problem (Score:5, Funny)

by Surak (18578) \* < surak@mailblHORS ... minus herbivore > on Saturday September 06, @10:47AM (#6887125)

(http://colonialfamilies.com/ | Last Journal: Thursday September 04, @03:14PM)

Yep. That whole &partner=GOOGLE thing will get the FBI after ya. Watch out! [ Reply to This | Parent ]

- o Re: The Real Problem by Anonymous Coward (Score: 2) Saturday September 06, @11:40AM
- o Re:The Real Problem by shfted! (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @01:01PM
- o Re: The Real Problem by crucini (Score:2) Sunday September 07, @01:44AM
- Re: The Real Problem by Anonymous Coward (Score: 1) Saturday September 06, @10:48AM
- Re: The Real Problem by SunPin (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:11AM

#### Re:The Real Problem (Score:5, Informative)

by FsG (648587) < 'ten.ecivrestob' 'ta' 'gsf'> on Saturday September 06, @11:33AM (#6887374)

(http://fsg.botservice.net/)

No need to look for new exploits when the existing ones suffice..

- 1. Click on URL, you're redirected to registration/login page
- 2. Go to URL bar, replace "www" with "archive" in the URL, leaving the rest alone, and hit ENTER
- 3. The system will bounce you around a few erroneous URLs, before returning you to the homepage
- A All MVT links will now work without registration thanks to a enemial analis

4. All INT I mike will now work without registration, mailes to a special cookie set by the bouncing process

[ Reply to This | Parent ]

- Re:The Real Problem by twofidyKidd (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @01:29PM
- <u>Re:The Real Problem</u> by Anonymous Coward (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @02:50PM
- o Re: The Real Problem by dmuth (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @06:07PM
- o 2 replies beneath your current threshold.
- <u>Re:The Real Problem</u> by Anonymous Coward (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:34AM
- Re:The Real Problem by Anonymous Coward (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @12:52PM
  - o 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Re:The Real Problem by Digitalexikon (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @04:17PM
- Re:The Real Problem by CodeGorilla (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @07:32PM
- Hack the NYTIMES?! by Safety Cap (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @10:21PM
- And good riddance, by JeffTL (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @10:46AM

# Re:And good riddance. (Score:5, Insightful)

by <u>SerpentDrago (703376)</u> \* on Saturday September 06, @10:52AM (#6887138)

If you ask and tell theam your going to try to hack. Then they will tighten security. Thats exactly why you can't tell theam. You have to just do it. at a random time without theam knowing, then see if they catch it. Thats the only true way to "test" Do it Blind or it is not real. A BlackHat will never ask or tell you when.

#### [ Reply to This | Parent ]

o Re: And good riddance. by the 2nd coming (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:34AM

# Re:And good riddance. (Score:5, Insightful)

by Shoten (260439) on Saturday September 06, @11:46AM (#6887427) I think you're confusing what Lamo did with something that the NYT actually gave permission for. I agree with you, that a penetration test should be performed in such a way as to be unexpected, so paranoid admins can't do stupid things to improve the results (like turn off all inbound access for a day). But this wasn't a penetration test, it was nothing more than an uninvited and deeply illegal intrusion plus some spin control for the media.

I know a lot of people look at it and say, "Oh, but he had good intentions, that makes it ok!" It's not really like that...we don't KNOW his real intentions at all, just what he SAYS his intentions are. But, if someone owned your network, would you just trust them when they say they didn't do anything more insidious than they told you about? I wouldn't, and the resulting cleanup to make sure that nothing more was done is an expensive and disruptive process. This is part of why the damages for relatively minor hacks end up being so enormous in many cases.

We're always pushing ourselves to question what we're being told by the media, by our leaders, by our educators, by big business...we should really question anyone who might have an ulterior motive.

## [ Reply to This | Parent ]

- Re: hacking and intentions.... by King\_TJ (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @01:28PM
  - Re: hacking and intentions.... by parliboy (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @03:00PM
  - Re: hacking and intentions.... by Quothz (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @06:39PM
  - Re: hacking and intentions.... by Tadghe (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @08:19PM
  - Re: hacking and intentions.... by RancidBeef (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @08:54PM
    - Re: hacking and intentions... by aricusmaximus (Score:1)
      Saturday September 06, @11:36PM
  - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Re:And good riddance. by frater\_corvus (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @09:34PM
- 3 replies beneath your current threshold.

Good intentions don't mean it is legal (Score:5, Insightful) by <u>rblancarte (213492)</u> on Saturday September 06, @11:50AM (#6887448)

(http://www.blancarte.com/ron | Last Journal: Thursday January 23, @11:31PM)

Drago - you are a fool. If you are hacking people's systems without their permission, YOU ARE BREAKING THE LAW. PERIOD. END OF STORY. If people were allowed to say "Well, I was doing it so I could help their security", then you would have all sorts of Blackhats hacking systems, and then claiming, "I was going to help, but you arrested me first." No.

Look, there are ways to do security checks like this, without the security teams knowing that you are doing it. Get permission, make sure that no one is tipped off, and then test the systems.

If there is one thing I can't stand it is people doing illegal actions and then claiming they are doing it for the greater good. This type of action cannot be condoned. Sure, you might be doing help, but you also might not.

[Reply to This | Parent]

- Re:Good intentions don't mean it is legal by rwise2112 (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @12:52PM
- Re:Good intentions don't mean it is legal by ThePorkHawke (Score:1)
   Saturday September 06, @01:13PM
  - Re:Good intentions don't mean it is legal by rikkards (Score:2)
    Saturday September 06, @01:27PM
    - Re:Good intentions don't mean it is legal by MoneyT (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @01:30PM
      - Re:Good intentions don't mean it is legal by rikkards (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @03:21PM
    - Re: Good intentions don't mean it is legal by staticdragon

(acore:1) assurdsy achientoet no' (@oz:21EtM

Re:Good intentions don't mean it is legal (Score:4, Funny) by Kenja (541830) on Saturday September 06, @03:00PM (#6888534)

(http://www.klassy.com/)

If the post man goes into your house, rumages around and then leaves you a note that your underwear is dirty and your out of milk he should be arested.

[ Reply to This | Parent ]

- Re:Good intentions don't mean it is legal by 1lus10n (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @06:41PM
- 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Re:Good intentions don't mean it is legal by FussionMan (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @01:55PM

Re:Good intentions don't mean it is legal (Score:5, Insightful) by Izago909 (637084) on Saturday September 06, @02:59PM (#6888530)

So let's throw the (relatively) most desirable type of hacker in jail so he gets out of the way of the black hats. This is some bullshit logic. Regardless of what his 'true' intentions were, his track record speaks volumes: He's always come clean with people.

While network admins are busy giving themselves kudos for integrating Microsoft's latest and greatest secure systems, he is busy looking for holes. Without these types of white hats, all the world would have is insecure networks remaining open to black hats until they discovered the holes the really hard way.

Screw all the evil, sinister things you think his 'true' intentions are. He and his counterparts have potentially saved your company millions in expenses when some black hat could have made off with gigabytes of confidential data. Think these white hats are bad? Wait until you have class actions out the wazoo because many of your customers are now facing the business end of your over confidence. Screw modern hacking laws because they are stale and outdated. People always like to tack on new laws without even considering removing or revising obsolete sections. All it's going to do is alienate any potential allies. The bad guys won't get caught because they hide, the good guys don't hide because they think they don't have a reason to.

White hats are thrown in jail because they get bad attention and can cause a PR mess. Many times, the work of black hats can be covered up by the company or government. How many stories have we heard of hackers holding sensitive data ransom or extorting businesses in some way? You really don't think EVERY incident gets publicized, do you? These people want to make it look like they are tough on hackers, so they go after the easiest and most public targets.

You will be giving a powerful message to upcoming generations of hackers. If the end result is the same, what the hell do I need this white hat for?

Comanna will come brooking at your door it's inevitable What

color hat do you want him to be wearing?

[ Reply to This | Parent ]

- Re:Good intentions don't mean it is legal by putaro (Score:2)
  Saturday September 06, @11:22PM
  - Re:Good intentions don't mean it is legal by Izago909 (Score:2) Sunday September 07, @04:47AM
- 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Re:Good intentions don't mean it is legal by arose (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @03:39PM
- 2 replies beneath your current threshold.
- Re:And good riddance. by HidingMyName (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @02:59PM
  - Re:And good riddance. by HidingMyName (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @07:45PM
    - Re:And good riddance. by HidingMyName (Score:2) Sunday September 07, @02:13PM
    - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
  - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.

Re:And good riddance. (Score:4, Insightful) by xplenumx (703804) on Saturday September 06, @05:27PM (#6889410)

The University of Washington had a "student run" program where returning students could volunteer to help freshmen move into their dorm room. In return for their help, the UW would supply the volunteers with free food (Usually through SubWay, Dominos, etc, with a student leader ordering the food using UW budget codes). After everyone moved in, the group would disband and everyone would forget about it until the following fall. Approximately six years ago, the student leader who was in charge of ordering food decided in Winter quarter that he would use the budget codes and try to order up some food for him and his friends (http://tinyurl.com/mhck). What was Eric's excuse when he was eventually caught? "I was just trying to show how insecure the system was" and "I was really doing Res. Life a favor". Sound familiar? Eric Feigenbaum then wrote a series of articles to the student newspaper, The Daily, regarding his experience and how the university didn't appreciate his 'generous act'. Personally I become extremely nervous when someone decides to conduct some unannounced public service, especially through illegal means. Usually the "I'm just misunderstood. I was really trying to help out" excuse comes out after the individual gets caught, but some individuals will come forward first, hoping that it'll cover their tracks. For example, I had one employee to came up to me and said that they learned how to use the copier without first putting in their copy code. Turns out the employee decided to "test" his method by making over 5000 copies over a period of three days (all after hours). Another employee within the firm reported that some equipment was missing (it would have been discovered later that week). It was eventually discovered that the very same employee had stolen the equipment the night before. I don't know the first thing about Adrian Lamo besides what's written in the referenced article. He may be the most honest, altruistic, and generally nice guy in the world. Good for him. The problem is that the next Adrian Lamo may not

be.

[ Reply to This | Parent ]

- Re: And good riddance. by Planx\_Constant (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @07:49PM
- o 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Re: And good riddance. by arose (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @03:32PM
  - o Re: And good riddance. by JeffTL (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @09:38PM
- Great Excuse by Pave Low (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @10:48AM
  - Re:Great Excuse by UWC (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @10:53AM
    - Re:Great Excuse by alienw (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:04AM

Horrible analogy. (Score:5, Insightful)

by pb (1020) on Saturday September 06, @11:08AM (#6887234)

What if I just leave a signed note on the inside of your car that says "follow these three easy steps, and then no one else will be able to break into your car again"? Do you say "hey, thanks, buddy!", or "hey, someone broke into my car!"...

[ Reply to This | Parent ]

Response (Score:4, Insightful)

by Overly Critical Guy (663429) on Saturday September 06, @12:08PM (#6887586)

(Last Journal: Sunday August 10, @10:26PM)

I say, "Why did you have to break into my car to write me a note?"

[ Reply to This | Parent ]

- How else... by idontneedanickname (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @01:05PM
  - Re:How else... by Nept (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @04:29PM
  - Because... by idontneedanickname (Score:2)
     Saturday September 06, @06:42PM
  - Re:Because... by Nept (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @08:07PM
  - Sorry, I misunderstood by idontneedanickname (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @10:49PM
- 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Re:Horrible analogy. by Sycraft-fu (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @12:12PM
  - <u>Re:Horrible analogy</u>, by irc.goatse.cx troll (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @03:54PM
    - And? by Sycraft-fu (Score:2) Sunday September 07, @05:17AM
  - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Re:Horrible analogy. by Art Tatum (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @12:50PM
- Re:Horrible analogy, by Just Some Guy (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @02:02PM
- Re:Horrible analogy. by WhaDaYaKnow (Score:2) Saturday Sentember 06 @02-08PM

copication on, working the

• 1 reply beneath your current threshold.

Re:Great Excuse (Score:5, Insightful)

by <u>pantropik (604178)</u> on Saturday September 06, @11:21AM (#6887307)

That's a really awful analogy.

If someone steals your car they are doing you a serious disservice and actively depriving you of something you cannot easily do without.

To use your analogy in a way that actually makes sense:

He isn't stealing your car. He is walking up and seeing if the door is unlocked and the keys are in the ignition. At the very MOST he is starting the car to prove he COULD steal it if he wanted to. But he never actually steals the car or harms you in any way (except maybe making you feel really stupid for having such an easily stolen car). He doesn't deprive you of it "for a month".

Basically he's checking to see if he COULD steal your car, NOT stealing it. Then he tells you what to do to keep others from stealing it.

Doesn't sound like evil incarnate to me. If I was being a total idiot as regards security I think I'd appreciate it if someone pointed that out to me before someone else came along and took advantage of it and ended up doing real harm.

The shame would be worth it in the end, I think. Unless you happen to be the NY Times, which is probably pretty sick of being shamed at this point.

[ Reply to This | Parent ]

- Re:Great Excuse by Anonymous Coward (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:51AM
  - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Re:Great Excuse by rblancarte (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:58AM

Re:Great Excuse (Score:5, Funny)

by <u>Shanep (68243)</u> on Saturday September 06, @12:22PM (#6887653)

(http://slashdot.org/)

YOU CANNOT BREAK THE LAW, EVEN FOR GOOD REASONS! IF YOU DO, EXPECT TO GO TO JAIL!

I would bust his skull open with my tire iron, then call the cops.

Okay, so busting this guys skull open is breaking the law for:

- a) A good reason.
- b) A bad reason.
- c) No reason at all.
- d) None of the above.

BTW, the thief will sue you from here to eternity. Maybe if you make it out of jail alive some day, you might be able to find a job to pay off that lifetime of debt to him.

;)

You can't just go around breaking open skulls because someone pisses you off. YOU CANNOT BREAK THE LAW, EVEN FOR GOOD REASONS! IF YOU DO, EXPECT TO GO TO JAIL!

[ Reply to This | Parent ]

- Re:Great Excuse by Planx\_Constant (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @07:58PM
- Re:Great Excuse by Angram (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:14PM
- Re:Great Excuse by shepd (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @12:40PM

**Re:Great Excuse** (Score:5, Insightful) by <u>arth1 (260657)</u> on Saturday September 06, @01:07PM (#6887895) (http://2130706433/)

What companies do about those who warn them is what irks me. Not only do they press charges as if they had been maliciously broken into, but they tend to want to bill the white hat hacker for EVERYTHING related to the incident, including but not limited to ignorant PHBs spending months in meetings about it, as well as the price for fixing the mess.

It's like you getting to work one day and finding a note stating "the bathroom window opens from the outside, and the spare key for the filing cabinet where you keep customer data shouldn't be taped to the bottom of the counter." Then what do you do? Call in all the staff, and close up the store for a week while you hold meetings, followed by changing all the locks and buying a gun, and finally suing the person who left the note, charging him with the total costs of what you did?

Or you tell a farmer that you were hiking in his woods when you discovered that his game warden was poaching. The farmer's reaction is charging you with trespassing. While he may have a legal right to do so, he'd be a real jerk AND idiot to do so.

The above is, unforunately, the analog to what's happening in the electronic world.

I'm not saying that Lamos and other self-appointed white hat hackers are RIGHT in what they do (I believe they aren't), but even if the messenger isn't welcome, you don't shoot him or blame hime for all the problems he reports.

The main reason why you shouldn't do that isn't just because it's a petty thing to do, but because you HURT yourself and others in the long run.

See, if I were a hacker operating like Lamos, and saw companies doing that, instead of alerting the companies and risking facing their and the paranoid law makers full wrath, I would stop alerting the companies about their flaws -- instead, I would anonymously alert the PUBLIC.

Seen from the viewpoint of a company, what's better about that? Yet, that's what they're pushing hackers into. The companies might argue that they would want people to stop rattling doors in the first place, and that's a valid argument. However, it's not going to happen until you have exterminated every potential criminal and curious kid on the planet.

In a Utopia, you don't even need a door lock, because no-one would ever walk through the door without a right to do so. However, companies can't argue that as a defense -- not installing a lock would be seen as gross negligence, because it's **expected** that criminals and curious people will trespass unless minimal safety measures are taken. That's how our society is.

Charging Lamos is a signal, all right. Unfortunately the signal isn't "don't test our security uninvited", but "once you've tested our security uninvited, don't tell us -- stay anonymous and tell it to everyone else".

Regards,

\*Art

[ Reply to This | Parent ]

- Re:Great Excuse by Penguin's Advocate (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @04:30PM
- Re:Great Excuse by Shdwdrgn (Score:1) Sunday September 07, @01:50PM
- Re:Great Excuse by iserlohn (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @01:17PM
- Re: the car analogy by King\_TJ (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @01:38PM

- Re: the car analogy by Mordanthanus (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @07:48PM
- Re: the car analogy by King\_TJ (Score:2) Sunday September 07, @12:48PM
- 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Re:Great Excuse by Just Some Guy (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @02:07PM
  - Re:Great Excuse by Just Some Guy (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @02:54PM
    - Re:Great Excuse by arose (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @03:52PM
      - Re:Great Excuse by Just Some Guy (Score:2)
        Saturday September 06, @04:01PM
        - Re:Great Excuse by arose (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @04:09PM
          - Re:Great Excuse by Just Some Guy (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @04:15PM
            - Re:Great Excuse by arose (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @04:22PM
  - 2 replies beneath your current threshold.
- Re:Great Excuse by WhaDaYaKnow (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @02:31PM
  - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- 1 reply beneath your current threshold.

Re:Great Excuse (Score:4, Insightful)

by <u>xenoandroid (696729)</u> on Saturday September 06, @11:21AM (#6887310)

(http://www.xenouniverse.com/)

The difference is that he didn't hijack the servers and use them for his own deeds for a month and returned them. He got in, observed how severe the exploit was, got out, and told the admins that they need to fix it. If someone broke into my car without doing any damage to it and then left a note giving me suggestions I'd welcome it, it's not like they drove off with the car and they might have saved my car from future theft.

[ Reply to This | Parent ]

- Re:Great Excuse by sms (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:52AM
- Re:Great Excuse by laing (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:52AM
  - Re:Great Excuse by alienw (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @03:33PM
    - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Re:Great Excuse by rikkards (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @01:29PM
- Re:Great Excuse by Anonymous Coward (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @01:47PM
- Re: Your fly is open by Ignis Flatus (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @01:56PM
- 2 replies beneath your current threshold.
- o Get permission, get paid. by FreeLinux (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:12AM
  - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.

Re:Great Excuse (Score:5, Interesting)

by hattig (47930) on Saturday September 06, @10:53AM (#6887147)

(Last Journal: Tuesday August 26, @08:53AM)

Agreed. If he wanted to perform white hat hacking, he should have approached the companies involved and asked for a job to test their security. Hell, he'd have earned money that way as well.

But he did commit a crime - he broke into and entered their systems without permission. Sure, he did it for a good reason in his own head, and wasn't going to be malicious ... but it isn't as if he was doing the internet equivalent of rescuing the baby in a house fire.

[ Reply to This | Parent ]

Re:Great Excuse (Score:5, Insightful)

by <u>nearlygod (641860)</u> on Saturday September 06, @11:01AM (#6887191)

How different is this from the investigative reporters on your local news broadcast. In many cases a white hat my find that customer's CC numbers or SS numbers are accessable via an exploit or weak security. In a way, he/she would be helping the public by giving the company and opportunity to correct the situation or at least take it public. An investigating reporter may find that a company or governemnt office is throwing out sensitive info without shredding it or taking the proper preventative measures. If I am giving a company like Amazon my CC#, I want to oknow that they are going to protect that info. Who is going to watch/audit the company if they get lazy?

#### [ Reply to This | Parent ]

- Re: Great Excuse by jjhlk (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @02:39PM
- Re:Great Excuse by mindstrm (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @02:42PM
- Re:Great Excuse by mindstrm (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @02:44PM
- Re: Great Excuse by bitflip (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @03:00PM
- Re:Great Excuse by mariox19 (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @04:23PM
- o 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Re: Great Excuse by themassiah (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @10:56AM
  - o Re:Great Excuse by moonbender (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @11:32AM
  - o 2 replies beneath your current threshold.
- Re: Great Excuse by Lost Cluster (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @10:57AM
  - o Re:Great Excuse by SSJVegeto2001 (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:18AM
    - Re:Great Excuse by Shanep (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:34PM
  - o 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Re: Great Excuse by Spicerun (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @10:58AM
- Re:Great Excuse by AArmadillo (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:01AM
  - o 1 reply beneath your current threshold.

Re:Great Excuse (Score:5, Interesting)

by moonbender (547943) <moonbender AT t-online DOT de> on Saturday September 06, @11:02AM (#6887197)

(http://moonbender.host.sk/)

So if someone had broken into my house without permission, then

told me about it afterwards, am I supposed to feel better about it?

That analogy doesn't have a lot of merit. You're a private person, he didn't break into private computers. If a bank has a door to their vault which they don't know of and which is never locked, then yeah, they should be grateful for being told about it. Obviously, there's no bank so stupid, but that just goes to show that banks have a lot more experience dealing with real-world break-ins - another reason why this guy should be acknowledged for his deeds, he's making people aware of problems which they are *not* experienced in dealing with.

[ Reply to This | Parent ]

- o Re:Great Excuse by Sycraft-fu (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:07PM
  - Re:Great Excuse by moonbender (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:28PM
- o Re:Great Excuse by Asmodean (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @12:36PM
- o Re: Great Excuse by Nept (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @04:26PM
- o 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Can't ask or tell .... Its just not the same thing by SerpentDrago (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:03AM

Re:Great Excuse (Score:5, Insightful)

by atp (461286) on Saturday September 06, @11:07AM (#6887230)

So if someone had broken into my house without permission, then told me about it afterwards, am I supposed to feel better about it?

But if someone noticed that you can see into your bathroom and bedroom from the street, do you get them busted for being a peeping tom?

The guy's not threatening anyone, nor is he stealing or endangering anyone's life. The "Housebreaking" metaphor doesn't realy apply.

OTOH, your mention of the deadbolt and alarm does apply, but only in the sense that if I did buy/install a deadbolt and alarm, I'd be royally pissed if they didn't work.

[ Reply to This | Parent ]

Re:Great Excuse (Score:4, Insightful)

by maggard (5579) < maggard@mac.com > on Saturday September 06, @11:17AM (#6887280)

But if someone noticed that you can see into your bathroom and bedroom from the street, do you get them busted for being a peeping tom?

But he didn't just "look in", he went and altered files. And the curtians were down, the door closed, he didn't just happen to glance in but broke in.

The guy's not threatening anyone, nor is he stealing or endangering anyone's life. The "Housebreaking" metaphor doesn't realy apply.

Breaking & Entering doesn't mean anyone has to be home or their life

directly threatened.

[ Reply to This | Parent ]

- Re:Great Excuse by qtp (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:31AM
  - Re:Great Excuse by Shanep (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:49PM
- altered files? by asv108 (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:37PM
  - Re:altered files? by maggard (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @01:55PM
    - Re:altered files? by arose (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @04:05PM
    - <u>Re:altered files?</u> by catenos (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @08:54PM
      - Re:altered files? by maggard (Score:2) Sunday September 07, @01:11AM
      - Re:altered files? by catenos (Score:2) Sunday September 07, @07:35AM
- 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- o Re:Great Excuse by Agent Deepshit (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:17AM
  - Re:Great Excuse by qtp (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @11:34AM
    - Re:Great Excuse by Agent Deepshit (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @12:20PM
    - Re:Great Excuse by ionpro (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:59PM
    - 2 replies beneath your current threshold.

Re:Great Excuse (Score:4, Insightful)

by dirk (87083) < dirk@one.net > on Saturday September 06, @11:19AM (#6887294)

(http://cafeleprick.no-ip.com/)

Except we was in the systems and could have done anything while in there. Maybe he is a true "white hat" and didn't do anything bad and told them everything. But it is just as likely that he left a trojan or backdoor in the system. They can't tell what he did or didn't do, so they now have to not only secure their systems against whatever hacks he used to get in, but they have to scour everything on the system to make sure he didn't change any data or leave anything behind (and there is no way to tell whether he copied anything from the system).

[ Reply to This | Parent ]

- Re: Great Excuse by Piquan (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @07:23PM
  - Re:Great Excuse by dirk (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @10:18PM

Re:Great Excuse (Score:5, Funny)

by <u>Have Blue (616)</u> on Saturday September 06, @11:19AM (#6887296) (http://slashdot.org/)

But if someone noticed that you can see into your bathroom and bedroom from the street, do you get them busted for being a peeping tom?

No, but if he calls me up and says "I was watching you through your bedroom window last night" I would.

I Reniu to This | Parent 1

[ xxxxxx to ruid | ruivite ]

- Mod parent up. by qtp (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:55AM
- Re:Great Excuse by Snowspinner (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @01:59PM
- 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- o Break in by AtariAmarok (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:26AM
  - Re:Break in by urmensch (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:40AM
  - Re:Break in by efflux (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @01:49PM
    - Desevres Repeating by qtp (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @04:59PM
- o Re:Great Excuse by frankjr (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:32AM
  - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- o Your counter-analogy sucks too try mine. by GreenEggsAndHam (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @12:37PM
  - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- o Re:Great Excuse by jjhlk (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @02:43PM
- Re: Great Excuse by practicalista (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:25AM
- Re:Great Excuse by lactose99 (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:44AM
  - o Re:Great Excuse by lactose99 (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:32PM
  - o 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- You're a goddamn moron. by Anonymous Coward (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:48AM
  - o Re: You're a goddamn moron. by LearnToSpell (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @12:50PM
  - o Re: You're a goddamn moron. by Acts of Attrition (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @03:57PM
    - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
  - o 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Re:Great Excuse by mod\_parent\_down (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:50AM

  Re:Great Excuse (Score:5, Interesting)

by MrHanky (141717) on Saturday September 06, @12:01PM (#6887533) (http://www.google.com/)

An interesting analogy.

After drinking heavily in a bar, a friend of mine and I bought some slices of pizza at a shop, and went outside to eat. Since we were too drunk to stand up, we sat down on the steps outside another shop, which was closed for the night. That is, it should have been. My friend was leaning his back on the door, which was open. He fell right in.

Now, the right thing to do, according to you, would be to go away, minding his own business. And what the hell was he doing, trespassing on the steps outside the shop and all. If this was in Texas, he would be rightfully shot. However, my friend, being both an imbecile and a crook with neither morals, nor respect for private property, went inside to look for a telephone and hopefully the phone number to the owner (we were both too tired to do any serious looting). And so the owner was noticed and the door was closed, and my friend got a serious hangover.

The moral of this story is: if you drink, you get a hangover, so alchohol is bad, 'mkay?

## [ Reply to This | Parent ]

- <u>Re:Great Excuse</u> by Anonymous Coward (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @01:03PM
  - Re:Great Excuse by MrHanky (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @01:35PM
    - Re:Great Excuse by jjhlk (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @02:46PM
    - Also by mindstrm (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @02:47PM
- Hey, you left your keys in the door by cpopin (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @12:06PM
- Re: Great Excuse by jeffasselin (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @12:25PM
- Re:Great Excuse by ScooterBill (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @12:41PM
  - o Re:custom client by jimsxe (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @12:51PM

## Re:Great Excuse (Score:5, Insightful)

by morissm (22885) <morissm AT lexum DOT umontreal DOT ca> on Saturday September 06, @12:48PM (#6887775)

(http://www.lexum.umontreal.ca/)

The home invasion analogy is a very bad one. A home is by its very nature badly protected (you don't spend millions securing it, do you?) but it is also a sanctuary, a place where a break-in results in a certain emotional stigma.

A better analogy would be this one: Suppose that somebody is waiting in an airport's lobby. He has not gone through the security checks yet. While waiting, he notices airport personnel going through what seems to be an unlocked employee-only door. A thought flashes in his mind: "This doesn't seem very secure. I thought airports were supposed to be secure." So he goes to the door and lo and behold, it is unlocked! He goes through it and find a bunch or corridors and doors.

Naturally curious and a little adventurous, our guy wonders how far he can go. He goes forward and manages to get to the departure area WITHOUT going through security. He feels a little proud of having easily broken a system on which governments and airlines has spent millions.

Being a good citizen, our guy then goes to the security counter and shows his finding to the cop. But suddenly, the cop puts cuffs on him and charges him with trespassing and attempting to bypass security in an airport. Of course, the proper action would have been for the guy to go to security as soon as the unlocked door was found. Adrian Lamo should have stopped his investigation at the misconfigured proxy.

However, is it reasonable to charge somebody with a federal crime for having gone a little further in testing the security of a system? Whether is was an airport or NYT's intranet.

I don't think so. The FBI can claim that they don't know whether the guy smuggled dope during his attempt and the NYT can claim that they'll have to check every system for backdoors but I believe it's mostly bad faith from people lashing out because they felt humiliated. Get a grip... fix your stuff and move on. Destroying the life of somebody who tried to help you is just stupid and cruel.

[Reply to This | Parent ]

- oh good by waspleg (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @01:31PM
- Re:Great Excuse by Qrlx (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @01:41PM
- Re:Great Excuse by CaptainTux (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @01:56PM
- Re:Great Excuse by linkjunkie (Score: 1) Saturday September 06, @02:05PM
- my struggle... by C10H14N2 (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @04:18PM
- 6 replies beneath your current threshold.
- stupid lame 'grey hats' by xtturbo (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @10:49AM
  - Re:stupid lame 'grey hats' by krumms (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:22PM
- Damn straight he should be arrested by Servo (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @10:50AM
  - He got what he deserved by nuggz (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @10:56AM
    - o Mens rea by yerricde (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:34AM
  - <u>Re:Damn straight he should be arrested</u> by FunkyELF (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:03AM
    - o Re:Damn straight he should be arrested by The Unforgiven (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:08AM
  - Re:Damn straight he should be arrested by Anonymous Coward (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:15AM
    - Re:Damn straight he should be arrested by the 2nd coming (Score:1)
       Saturday September 06, @11:56AM
    - o Re:Damn straight he should be arrested by the greywolf (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @02:35PM
    - o 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
  - Re:Damn straight he should be arrested by Epistax (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:46AM
  - Re:Damn straight he should be arrested by Idou (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:52AM
    - Day of the dumbass by Servo (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:27PM
      - Re:Day of the dumbass by Idou (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @03:14PM
        - Re:Day of the dumbass by Servo (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @04:42PM
          - Re:Day of the dumbass by Idou (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @06:33PM
            - Re:Day of the dumbass by Servo (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @07:22PM
            - Re:Day of the dumbass by Idou (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @07:57PM
            - Re:Day of the dumbass by Servo (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @10:17PM
  - Re:Damn straight he should be arrested by Mt. Honkey (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:54AM
    - Re:Damn straight he should be arrested by Servo (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:20PM
      - Re:Damn straight he should be arrested by Mt.\_Honkey (Score:1) Monday September 08, @12:40AM
    - o Re:Damn straight he should be arrested by dtrent (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @12:52PM
  - Re:Damn straight he should be arrested by Laughable (Score:1) Saturday September

06, (a)02:18PM

Damm the law by bshroyer (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @02:25PM

## Call to "The Screen Savers" (Score:5, Informative)

by <u>Larkfellow (265776)</u> on Saturday September 06, @10:51AM (#6887134) (http://comic.skilledinsanity.com/)

Here's a link to The Screen Savers (on Tech TV) that has some information about what Adrian had to say [techtv.com] when he called in live to speak with Leo.

[Reply to This]

- Re:Call to "The Screen Savers" by FearedThought (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @04:40PM
- 1 reply beneath your current threshold.

## hacking... (Score:5, Insightful)

by <u>softspokenrevolution (644206)</u> on Saturday September 06, @10:52AM (#6887135) Well, zero tolerance. The thing here is that to an awful lot of people, and especially those who make the laws, hacking is hacking is hacking, who cares what someone says they were doing it for.

I can realy understand how someone could consider that they're doing a service for admins and all of that, but the point is that you are still breaking into a system and then turning around and saying, "hey, this is a security hole, you should fix it" is kind of like G. Guido coming down to your house, breaking in through a window with a golf-club and then saying, "Hey, I can break into your house, better listen to me or I'll do it again."

I'm sure that Adrian has some noble goals, but fundamentally when a company decides that they don't like people creeping into their system and then presses charages against those who do, it's their right to feel that their security was violated. Good luck to him really, but there are other ways you can help people protect their network security than by breaking into them.

[ Reply to This ]

• Re:hacking... by Felinoid (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:03AM

Re:hacking...a service (Score:4, Interesting)

by globalar (669767) on Saturday September 06, @11:08AM (#6887233) (http://slashdot.com/)

From the article:

"I hope there will be a time when Adrian can do positive things that everyone agrees are positive,"

This service analogy, or the positive light of the grey hacker's actions, does have some weight, as the hacker can inform the admins about the specific flaws of their system security.

But then again, any service should be prompted or invited. And a larger problem is this isn't just washing windows, these are problem areas, flaws, and security flaws at that. These might even give access to a company's dirty laundry. So not

only is this service uninvited and not approved, it gives access to private company resources and information, and uses the security holes to get in.

Yes, I assume if security is the only dimension that your job entails, then this is all worth it. But to most people in charge, and arguably the general populace at large, this is an intrusion by illegal means.

I personally value my private virtual space. If you get on my computer and get into my root account, it's an intrusion. Yeah, I will listen to how you did it, but for your troubles you'll never use my computer again.

[ Reply to This | Parent ]

- Wish I had mod points for once by jbarket (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:10AM
  - o Re: Wish I had mod points for once by williewang (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:33AM
  - o 1 reply beneath your current threshold.

Re:hacking... (Score:5, Insightful)

by El Cubano (631386) on Saturday September 06, @11:35AM (#6887387)

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I can see your point, but what he was doing was exposing flaws in the security of "public" places on the net. How is this any different than when the local news where I live broke into the nearby international airport's restricted area and did a report from there (this was about a year after 9/11) to show how lax security had become again.

When the journalists do it, it is a public service. When a private citizen does it, it is a crime. WTF? Personally, if I am going to be utilizing the services of these sites, I want to know that they have good security (and not just because they say so).

There is no way anyone can convince me that what he was doing was wrong. He was providing a public service, and if the public is too ungrateful to realize that, then it is really sad.

It's not like he extorted money from the comapnies, or demanded some compensation, heck he even *helped* them fix the holes. It is just sickening that you can't even be a good Samaritan without someone wanting to take your head off.

#### [ Reply to This | Parent ]

- o 2 replies beneath your current threshold.
- 5 replies beneath your current threshold.

## Go Mom! (Score:5, Insightful)

by The Tyro (247333) on Saturday September 06, @10:53AM (#6887140)

Heheh... when the agents wanted to come into her home, she told them to get stuffed and come back with a warrant...

That's love, folks.

It would be ironic if this was set up by the NYtimes. I thought investigative/secret camera/sting operation reporting was supposed to be agressive journalism... couldn't his "hack" be considered the same sort of thing? "Unsporting" doesn't begin to describe it, particularly if he was up-front and honest about helping them out. If the NYtimes can investigate, blow the whistle on others, and embarass them into action, I'd say the same card can be played against the Times. "Sour Grapes" anyone?

Yes, he was likely technically in the wrong, no doubt about it, particularly if you adhere to the letter of the rule, rather than the spirit of the rule... even so, this seems a bit heavy-handed.

[ Reply to This ]

- Re:Go Mom! by LostCluster (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @11:01AM
  - It brings up another issue by The Tyro (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @11:54AM
    - Re:It brings up another issue by cthugha (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @10:36PM
      - My understanding by The Tyro (Score:2) Sunday September 07, @01:25AM
        - Re:My understanding by cthugha (Score:2) Sunday September 07, @03:59AM
  - o 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Re:Go Mom! by SunPin (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @11:19AM
- Re:Go Mom! by Drogo Knotwise (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @01:11PM
- 2 replies beneath your current threshold.
- Seems fair by TheFairElf (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @10:55AM
  - Re:Seems fair by practicalista (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:05AM
- Damn by Timesprout (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @10:56AM

## This seems unfair (Score:5, Insightful)

by practicalista (686436) on Saturday September 06, @10:57AM (#6887166)

I am not sure what he did at the New York Times can even be considered hacking.

So far as I can tell he set his web proxy to the address of the company infranet, surfed around that downloaded some documents and used the information contained in these

to get some more.

Whilst I don't approve of hacking per-se, I'd have to say that here, this is very little more than exposing a badly designed web site.

Imagine that you go to you Gas company's online web site, look at the URL and see your account number in it. You think to yourself, I wonder what would happen if I changed one of the digits. You do and lo and behold up pops all the information to another customer.

Now you can go for your 15 minutes of fame and ring up SecurityFocus or you can have a quiet word with the Webmaster of the Gas company - either way, you are not a hacker.

[ Reply to This ]

 He accessed an internal network by mindstrm (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:04AM

**Re:He accessed an internal network** (Score:5, Insightful) by <u>practicalista (686436)</u> on Saturday September 06, @11:16AM (#6887277)

The law make distinctions between trespass, breaking and entry, armed robbery and so on.

The guy who wanders around your house is a trespasser not an armed robber. It seems here that a better analogy would be:

A guy walks in to your unlocked house, boasts about it and you insist that he prosecuted for the worst possible crime he \*may\* have committed, not the crime he did commit (to walk through an unlocked door).

[ Reply to This | Parent ]

- Re:He accessed an internal network by catenos (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @08:37PM
  - Re:He accessed an internal network by MegaFur (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:28PM
- 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- o Re:He accessed an internal network by Uerige (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @02:48PM
  - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- o 2 replies beneath your current threshold.
- Re:This seems unfair by Anonymous Coward (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:12AM
- Re:This seems unfair by davesag (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @07:29PM
- · 2 replies beneath your current threshold.
- It's about time. by FreeLinux (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @10:58AM
  - Re: It's about time. by krumms (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:28PM
- Sheesh! by joto (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @10:58AM

- <u>Re:Sheesh!</u> by WindowLicker916 (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:51AM
   <u>Re:Sheesh!</u> by joto (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:14PM
- Re:Sheesh! by serviscope\_minor (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @12:01PM

How lame... (Score:4, Funny)

by Jon Abbott (723) on Saturday September 06, @10:58AM (#6887174) (http://www.eng.fsu.edu/~jabbott)

...the FBI has filed charges against [Lamo], and currently has his parents' house staked out.

Well that's just... lame-o! [ducks for cover] [Reply to This]

- another scapegoat by segment (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @10:59AM
  - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- He did nothing wront, because... by Jacer (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:00AM
- Common Sense!! by drakman (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:02AM
  - Re:Common Sense!! by serviscope minor (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @12:06PM
  - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.

What was he thinking? (Score:5, Insightful)

by tarranp (676762) on Saturday September 06, @11:04AM (#6887208)

If you break into someone's house, telling him after the fact how yo got in does not automatically pardon you from the crime...

Had Adrian simply notified the New York Times in a timely manner about the open proxy servers, he would have been fine and probably accomplished his mission.

Instead, he took his time cracking the system, widening the holes so to speak, and then went to a reporter(!), of all people.

There is nothing inherently wrong with his desire to improve security. There is nothing wrong with him looking around the public spaces on the internet for chinks. What was wrong was that he failed to tell the people maintaining the chinks directly about them, widened them until he got at valuable data, didn't tell the affected people about the data he had received, but then went to a third party and told them about the wanging big hole he had made. I'm sure he views himself as a knight in shining armor, but in this matter he behaved like a publicity-seeking self-promoter.

Yes, shame on the NYT for misconfiguring their systems, but even more shame on Adrian for doing something so illegal and counterproductive.

It does not matter if a person thinks he's a good guy, he still does not have carte

[ Reply to This ]

- Re: What was he thinking? by FussionMan (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @01:43PM
- Re: What was he thinking? by ChannelX (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:26AM
   1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- 4 replies beneath your current threshold.
- Enter the Matrix by GillBates0 (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:04AM
- Code of Ethics by Maradine (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:06AM
- finaly a good analogy by claude\_juan (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:07AM
  - Re:finaly a good analogy by LostCluster (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:19PM
- This is actually good news by weileong (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:09AM
  - You're right by KalvinB (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:59AM
  - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- <u>ADRIAN DON'T COME HOME!</u> by Anonymous Coward (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:09AM

Um, what?? (Score:5, Interesting)

by <u>GrouchoMarx (153170)</u> on Saturday September 06, @11:12AM (#6887257) (http://slashdot.org/)

OK, white hat cracking someone is still cracking their system, no matter how benevolent the intent. But this part just makes my blood boil:

French did not know what the specific allegations were, because the charging document is sealed.

Especially in light of this part of another article that people need to spend more time reading:

In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defense.

Excuse me, what part of cracking the NY Times is a threat to national security? Why are so many court documents sealed these days? There is NO legitimate reason for securing this sort of charge. Even if the prosecutors were to go as far as claiming he were a terrorist, there's still no nuclear weapons secrets (which we all know by now anyway, despite being classified) in the NY Times payroll database.

He chould use that in his defence herause the race was sealed it's unconstitutional and

therefore he can't be found guilty.

I don't support this sort of vigilante white hat hacking, but I oppose ignoring the constitution even more.

[ Reply to This ]

- Re:Um, what?? by mellonhead (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @12:06PM o 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Re:Um, what?? by One Louder (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @12:39PM
   Re:Um, what?? by aminorex (Score:2) Sunday September 07, @09:56PM
- 1 reply beneath your current threshold.

# Mixed feelings on this issue (Score:5, Insightful)

by Orion Biastar (457579) on Saturday September 06, @11:12AM (#6887262)

If he was hired to test security it would be a different matter. But he allegedly broke into those systems without permission. That puts him in violation of Cybercrime laws.

I feel sorry for him, because he did allegedly report the weaknesses to the admins and he could have just read the data and not told anyone and used the information for his on purposes. So his intentions were good, to plug security holes by finding them and telling the admins about it. But he is doing it the wrong way, without permission.

He may want to think about pleading guilty and making a deal to get reduced charges. This will make him famous and when he gets out of jail and ends probation, he can become a security consultant. Otherwise they may try to make an example out of him and charge him with a full pentalty and any other charges they can think of.

But then the places he broke into didn't use good security practices and didn't apply the latest updates. Personally, I wouldn't put a machine on the Internet that contains sensitive data on it that only my company should have access to like contact information, credit card numbers, etc.

[ Reply to This ]

- Re:Mixed feelings on this issue by Daedalus-Ubergeek (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:30AM
  - o Re:Mixed feelings on this issue by Orion Blastar (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @05:11PM
  - o 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Re:Mixed feelings on this issue by ratboy666 (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @01:00PM
  - o Cybercrime by Orion Blastar (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @05:15PM
  - o 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Jayson Blair? Ah. by Atari Amarok (Score: 3) Saturday September 06, @11:12AM
  - Now HERE is some honesty! by AtariAmarok (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:45PM
- Why they're after him by mabu (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:13AM

- More likely... by Brian Stretch (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:46AM
- Re: Why they're after him by stevejsmith (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:51AM

## Why do they do it? (Score:5, Insightful)

by <u>Knunov (158076)</u> <<u>eat@my.ass</u>> on Saturday September 06, @11:14AM (<u>#6887271</u>)

(http://goatse.cx/)

I know what many of you are thinking. Why not tell these companies BEFORE you break in?

Because IT'S NOT FUN, that's why. Or perhaps more accurately, it's not stimulating.

Hacking these sites takes time, and the payoff is getting inside and saying, "WOO-HOO! I DID IT!" The fact that he does nothing malicious afterwards and even calls and helps the sysadmins unfuck their systems is a testament to his character.

For those who would compare his antics to breaking into your home, but not stealing anything, it's a poor analogy. Why? Because your house is your personal meatspace. And if he went inside, he would see many things personal to you, such as family pictures, your kid's toys, or if he was REALLY unlucky, your fat, naked ass sitting in a Lazy Boy with a bowl of chips balanced on your ponderous belly, flipping through the channels.

"Uhhh... hey dude. Your lock is vulnerable."

See? Just not the same.

Getting past a computer's defenses is not the same as physically entering a home or bank vault, though I would find the latter far less intrusive than home invasion, especially if he never even touched the money.

Now, if he LOOKED at personal/confidential files once inside, that is a different story. But beating a system's defenses, with the only ambition of proving you can do it, then calling the responsible party and helping them fix the security flaw SHOULD NOT be punished.

Misdemeanor, at most.

It doesn't matter what he *could* have done while inside, it matters what he did, or more specifically *did not* do while inside the system.

"That bastard! He saw my FILE NAMING SCHEME!"

Yeah, he should fry for that...

Knunov

[ Reply to This ]

- Re: Why do they do it? by Sycraft-fu (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:59AM
- Re: Why do they do it? by buttahead (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:59PM
- Re: Why do they do it? by Caeldan (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @01:28PM
- Re: Why do they do it? by RzUpAnmsCwrds (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @07:40PM
- Re: Why do they do it? by eddie can read (Score:1) Sunday September 07, @04:09AM
- · 3 replies beneath your current threshold.
- No more bullshitting. by Henry Stern (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:16AM
  - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.

## Hacker the Gray (Score:5, Funny)

by AppHack (622902) on Saturday September 06, @11:18AM (#6887289)

So he's a gray hat hacker who has fallen into shadow. Will he come back as a white hat hacker, more powerful than before?

[ Reply to This ]

- lotr jokes ... by krumms (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:32PM
- MS upset at free choice?? by Martigan80 (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:19AM
  - Re:MS upset at free choice?? by Hatta (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:35PM
- Run. Just get out of here... by Jerk City Troll (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:20AM

#### Dialectic (Score:5, Insightful)

by Henry V .009 (518000) <marstrail AT hotmail DOT com > on Saturday September 06, @11:22AM (#6887313)

(http://thrasymachus.typepad.com/thras/ | Last Journal: Monday August 11, @12:39PM)

Everyone enjoys comparing hacking to breaking into someone's house or trespassing on private property. It is not. You cannot be 'inside' someone else's server. (It is doubly impossible given the girth of most hackers.) The physical definitions fall apart. And the metaphorical analogies do not mesh physical property and Turing machines so well.

We can begin with what we do know for sure about hacking. A hacking incident is when someone sends packets of information (in some form and by some medium) from a computer or computers to someone else's computer or computers. Which packets are illegal and which are not? Any exact definition raises problems. You can say that any packets that change the functioning of the target system in an unintended way is hacking. So the ignorance of the owner becomes the limit of what is or is not hacking. Faking an email address on a badly designed sign up page (or using mailinator) might be hacking under that definition. Other definitions are similarly problematic. Currently our legal system tends to default (once it actually gets to jury trial) to the above definition, but (in effect) adds that the act must be highly technical and use specialized tools. (Other definitions exist, and I am of course willing to bust holes in any particular one you care to suggest—so go ahead and suggest them.)

But there is such a thing as computer hacking. Everyone knows that. Even if we cannot have an exact legal definition, we know that some things are clearly computer hacking. What is the best way of creating law (which is now inexact) to deal with this behavior? I would suggest making the motive of the hacker one of the main considerations of law. It is always hard to for legal systems to judge guilt based on motive—and they should not if they can avoid it—but in this case, they must either judge the motive of the victim or the perpetrator. If the motive is vandalism or theft, then the act should be punished. Adrian Lamo's motive appears to have been an act that should not have been punished—though it is highly important to state that we do not yet know the facts.

[Reply to This]

- My house, my property by KalvinB (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:05PM
  - Re:My house, my property by Henry V .009 (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @12:18PM
    - Further evidence of our retarded society by KalvinB (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @04:17PM
      - Re:Further evidence of our retarded society by Henry V .009 (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @04:31PM
        - Even more evidence of our retarded society by KalvinB (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @05:18PM
          - Re:Even more evidence of our retarded society by Henry V .009 (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @05:36PM
          - Re:Even more evidence of our retarded society by GoneGaryT (Score:1) Sunday September 07, @04:31PM
          - Re:Even more evidence of our retarded society by GoneGaryT (Score:1) Sunday September 07, @04:40PM
          - 2 replies beneath your current threshold.
      - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
  - o Re:My house, my property by qeveren (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @01:19PM
    - Re:My house, my property by KalvinB (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @04:21PM
      - Re:My house, my property by egc4ever (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @06:11PM
      - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Re:Dialectic by Chester K (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @01:33PM
  - o Re:Dialectic by Henry V .009 (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @01:57PM
- Re:Dialectic by goldfindr (Score:2) Monday September 08, @12:59AM
- Re:Dialectic by Henry V .009 (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:01PM
  - o Re:Dialectic by Henry V .009 (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @12:33PM
    - Re:Dialectic by Henry V .009 (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @01:45PM
      - Re:Dialectic by Henry V .009 (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @02:05PM
        - <u>Re:Dialectic</u> by Henry V .009 (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @02:34PM
        - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
      - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
    - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
  - o 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- 1 reply beneath your current threshold.

- More alarming is ... by dominic.laporte (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:22AM
  - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- And after this is over..... by micaiah (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:30AM

Adrian we're here to help (Score:4, Funny)

by <u>Kurt Russell (627436)</u> on Saturday September 06, @11:30AM (#6887353) (Last Journal: Wednesday May 28, @01:51AM)

you [spr.org]

[ Reply to This ]

- Re:Adrian we're here to help by Theodore Logan (Score:2) Sunday September 07, @06:18AM
- 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Ethical but illegal by r6144 (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:31AM
  - Re:Ethical but illegal by Courageous (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @11:56AM
  - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- What a joke by Vellocet (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:32AM
  - Re: What a joke by Entrope (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @11:50AM
    - o Re: What a joke by Vellocet (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @12:32PM
      - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- What country does he think he lives in? by Cyno (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @11:37AM
- You're all just mad... by whoda (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:39AM
- Am I supposed to cry now? by davmoo (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:44AM
  - Re:Am I supposed to cry now? by LostCluster (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:27PM
  - Re: Am I supposed to cry now? by dtfinch (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @10:05PM
  - · 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- What we need is an intermediary by capedgirardeau (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:48AM
- I have another analogy.... by PalmAddict (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @12:03PM
  - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Wall Street Journal by srichman (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:06PM

Oh, because corporations are always trustworthy (Score:5, Insightful) by the-banker (169258) on Saturday September 06, @12:06PM (#6887571)

I understand most of the arguments against what Lamo did, but there are a few points I want to get off my chest:

- 1. To all those saying, 'Its like he broke in your house': No it isn't. The machines were connected to the internet, which is a public medium. A house is a physically closed space where courts have rules one can have an expectation of privacy. Nobody can claim that the internet should provide an expectation of privacy by its very nature of using shared resources it flies in the face of such an argument.
- 2. I don't know how it needs to be done, but truthfully do you (the collective Slashdot you) trust companies to secure their networks, perform audits and be upfront and honest about their failures? If I were a NYT partner I would be furious that my information may have been publicly accessible, yet I would never have known about its vulnerability without Lamo. How many companies have been hacked, had credit card or other info stolen, and just not said anything about it? When Acxiom was hacked, personal information on individuals was stolen over 8 months before they "discovered" the hack and the hack was found by Hamilton County, Ohio Prosecutor's office when investigating another case that had come forward. What are the chances that Acxiom KNEW they had been hacked, compromised personal information, and said nothing? I am guessing with the current climate of corporate ethics, a pretty high chance exists that a lot of information is being disseminated by people who stole it and consumers have no idea because the company in question is sweeping it under the rug.

Hacking into someone else's system is bad. Nobody can disagree there, but the bottom line is a tradeoff of negative impacts - for what Lamo did I see a lot fewer negative consequences than today's corporate irresponsibility with personal information and computer security.

#### [ Reply to This ]

- Re:Oh, because corporations are always trustworthy by juuri (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @04:09PM
- Re:Oh, because corporations are always trustworthy by gothicpoet (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @07:50PM
- 3 replies beneath your current threshold.
- Breaking into House/Car Analogy by wiredbuddy (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @12:15PM
- <u>First false stories</u>, then shoot the messenger by cpopin (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @12:18PM
  - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Ingrateful by Bruha (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:20PM
- . Did the Times admins lie on their resumes? hy I adragandraoidh (Score:?) Saturday

- September 06, @12:28PM
- why do I have to put a subject by BRUTICUS (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @12:37PM
- Interview him by BortQ (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @12:46PM
- Stupid NY-Times by caffeineHacker (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @12:51PM
- is there such a thing as cracking... by lobsterGun (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:52PM
- that's smart thinking... by buttahead (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @12:52PM
- The Problem is how they're handling this by miraclemax (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @12:55PM
  - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Its a sad world by madstork2000 (Score:3) Saturday September 06, @12:58PM
  - Re:Its a sad world by gvc (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @01:29PM
- <u>Isn't INTENT part of committing a crime?</u> by Quizo69 (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @01:02PM
  - Re:Isn't INTENT part of committing a crime? by gvc (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @01:13PM
- New York Times story by cpopin (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @01:10PM
- So I was walking downtown... by ZackSchil (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @01:20PM

All the news thats is fitted to print (Score: 5, Insightful) by <u>cluge (114877)</u> on Saturday September 06, @01:25PM (#6887988) (http://www.italian-cars.com)

The NYT is one of the most hypocritical organizations today. They sue to get 9/11 tapes of people dieing - all in the name of "openess" and "public information", yet they have a network connected to the public network - which is open and transparent through their own doing - and thats bad/illegal? PLEASE - The NYT's proxy servers were so misconfigured that it was akin to them posting information in the window of the downtown offices and then getting pissed if people read what they posted.

You can bet your rear quarters that if our hacker had been a reporter on a story for the NYT that they would be vigorously defending his actions. Like most large corporate entities the NYT has no moral basis for anything it does, in the end it's about money, not honesty, truth or enlightenment. It sure as hell isn't about the times mission statement which is "The Company's core purpose is to enhance society by creating, collecting and distributing high-quality news, information and entertainment."

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remaps our nacker should have emanced society by distributing the information he found to the world. It would have been high quality news to see how one of the most influtential papers is really run.

[Reply to This]

- Re: All the news thats is fitted to print by bradleyjg (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @06:40PM
- Non-Issue by Visceral Monkey (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @01:34PM

NYT? (Score:4, Funny)

by wolf- (54587) on Saturday September 06, @01:46PM (#6888105) (http://www.lobosoft.com/)

They were worried he knew just how much of their news was faked. [Reply to This]

- 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Police vs. judiciary by gvc (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @01:50PM

Entering via an open door... (Score:4, Insightful)

by podperson (592944) on Saturday September 06, @01:54PM (#6888143) (http://www.zip.com.au/~tonio)

If you leave your front door open and I take a look inside your house, what crime have I committed? At most, I am told, trespass. If you left the keys under the mat and I opened the door, it's breaking and entering.

Similarly, if I take your car with the clearly stated intention to return it when I am done (e.g. if I desperately needed to drive someone to the hospital), I haven't stolen it, I've borrowed it -- with or without your permission.

Theft, burglary, etc. are crimes defined in part by the intention of the alleged perpetrator and the damages suffered by the alleged victim.

OTOH we live in a world where one of the first "terrorist" groups targeted by the government after 9/11 were Environmental Activists who destroy machinery but have been careful never to hurt anyone.

But I'm no lawyer.

- [Reply to This]
  - Re:Entering via an open door... by tiny69 (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @07:46PM
     Re:Entering via an open door... by podperson (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @10:18PM
    - Re:Entering via an open door... by tiny69 (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:19PM
  - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Consider The NY Time's Liability by nutznboltz (Score:2) Saturday September 06,

@02:13PM

- I know Adrian. by musingmelpomene (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @02:17PM
- Government agecy for hacking by jjhlk (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @02:34PM
- Legality. by mindstrm (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @02:39PM
  - Re:Legality. by x Golden Hawk x (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @03:29PM
    - o Re:Legality. by mindstrm (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @03:36PM
      - <u>Re:Legality.</u> by x Golden Hawk x (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @03:46PM
- Surprising lack of common sense by StormReaver (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @02:52PM
  - 1 reply beneath your current threshold.
- Apparently the NY Times heeded sec zealots by aricusmaximus (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @02:54PM
- Give the NY Times a piece of your mind by aricusmaximus (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @03:09PM
- <u>Legality?</u> by Tellalian (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @03:17PM
- It's all proceeding according to plan. . . by Fantastic Lad (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @03:20PM
- White hat? by Cyberllama (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @06:45PM
- first.... by PhreakOfTime (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @07:03PM
- see by ShadowRage (Score:1) Saturday September 06, @10:53PM
- Adrian Lamo! by TheLoneWolf (Score:1) Monday September 08, @12:32PM
- Re:you got beat by LostCluster (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @10:53AM
- Re:better avoid mom and dads house by deglr6328 (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @01:30PM
- GODDAMN I'M UGLY AND STUPID by pr0ntab (Score:2) Saturday September 06, @11:35PM
- Re:Imagine two countries: by crucini (Score:2) Sunday September 07, @01:56AM
- 29 replies beneath your current threshold.

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Search	Oh, I get it!! "The BEACH goes on", huh, SONNY??

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OCTOBER 2003

NATIONAL PRESS PHOTOGRAPHERS ASSOCIATION ~ WWW.NPPA.ORG

A SUDDEN DEADLY ENDING

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## Letter Of The Law

Who can forget the scene in "Network" where Howard Beale, the aging UBS news anchor, tells his viewers: "I want you to get up right now. Get up. Go to your windows, open your windows, and stick your head out, and yell, 'I'm as mad as hell and I'm not going to take this anymore!"

We need to follow Howard's lead. We need to say that we are as mad as hell because one of our premier law enforcement agencies, the FBI, is mounting a direct assault on our First Amendment freedoms.

This assault comes from FBI Special Agent Christine Howard. She recently sent letters to several news organizations demanding that journalists keep all information they have on Adrian Lamo, a computer hacker who said that he had gained access to The New York Times Intranet in 2002. Lamo, a 22year-old drifter who is also known as the "Homeless Hacker," claims that he accessed a list of The New York Times Op-Ed contributors. The list included the social security numbers and home phone numbers of many prominent individuals, including former president Jimmy Carter, former secretary of state James Baker, Warren Beatty, Robert Redford, and James Carville. Lamo has been charged in federal court with computer fraud and unlawful access.

The FBI letters sent to journalists covering Lamo's story warn that all records regarding conversations with Lamo may soon be subpoenaed. The letters, according to The Reporters Committee for Freedom of the Press, include the statement, "you are requested nocto disclose this request, or its contents, to anyone."

Agent Howard's letters do not follow Justice Department guidelines on issuing subpoenas to journalists. These guidelines include the requirement that federal prosecutors must pursue all other sources of information before issuing a subpoena to a reporter. In addition, federal prosecutors must also negotiate with a reporter before issuing a subpoena unless the negotiations would compromise an investigation. We believe that the FBI has grossly overreached its authority by threatening journalists with subpoenas while demanding their silence.

The FBI's actions strike at the heart of the First Amendment. Threats of subpoenas and demands for silence violate the traditions and protections afforded to the gathering and publishing of newsworthy information. The FBI must retract its subpoena threats and must withdraw the demands for silence. Anything less will keep Howard Beale at our window, expressing our anger to all in our audience.



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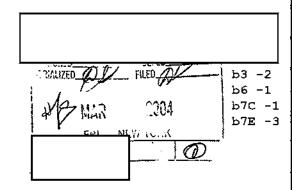
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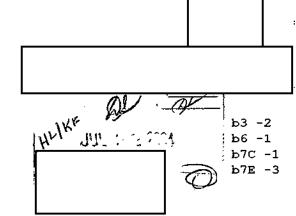
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## ROOTSECURE.NET

SECURITY NEWS SITE FOR SYSTEMS ADMINISTRATORS & HACKERS

Random Quote: I do not fear computers I fear the lack of them - Isaac Asimov

17:07:07 GMT 11/09/2003

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Rootsecure Homepage 11/09/03 - In Depth: Adrian Lamo, the charges

Accused New York Times hacker Adrian Lamo is charged with two title 18 violations of U.S.C (United States Code). Specifically section 1030 (a) (5) (A) (ii) "intentionally accesses a protected computer without authorization, and as a result of such conduct, recklessly causes damage" and section 1029 (a) (2) "knowingly and with intent to defraud traffics in or uses one or more unauthorized access devices during any one-year period, and by such conduct obtains anything of value aggregating \$1,000 or more during that period".

Count one alleges Adrian Lamo used the New York Times private Intranet without authorization causing damage in excess of \$25,000 (the cost of "confirming, addressing, and repairing" the vulnerabilities) and altering contributors information. Count two alleges Lamo created, then used five usernames / passwor to obtain search services from "LexisNexis" valued at over \$300,000.

Bringing the charges is Special Agent Christina A. Howard of FBI Cybercrime Task Force who states:

In or about late February 2002, I read an article on website SecurityFocus.com dated February 26, 2002 and entitled "New York Times Internal Network Hacked". Article reported that ADRIAN LAMO, the defendant, had hacked into the New York Times' private intranet...

Likely based on reading that article, Special Agent Christina contacted the New York Times who then initiated an internal investigation. The investigation revealed Lamo had accessed various information ranging from staff lists to social security numbers and created a new "super user" account. Next after a two-three month wait another New York Times representative contacted Agent Howard informing her about compromised usernames / passwords which had been used to access LexisNexis search facilities. LexisNexis then provided further details including the IP addresses used to access the service that were found to belong to various Kinko's locations (which it has been reported Lamo used to carry out computer intrusions before) in California and search queries including among others "Adrian. Lamo".

#### Background:

In relation to the case New York Times supplied copies of:

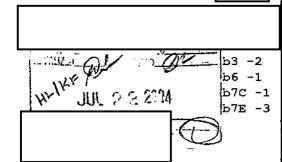
- 1. Their administrative database (admin\_db) / Op-Ed database (Oped\_db) both before and after the alleged intrusion.
- 2. Various log files from a proxy server, and the NYT Intranet.
- 3. An email automatically generated by the creation of a new "super user"
- 4. Usernames / passwords created by the new "super user" account relating to "LexisNexis".

Special Agent Christina A. Howard has been with the FBI for six and a half years, and has an undergraduate degree in computer science. She views hackers in general as those who "discover and explorer vulnerabilities and computer weaknesses in computer networks and software" and that carry out their activities using "hacker tools that can be either custom written software code or, as is more common, software readily available for download on the internet or for purchase".

Related Links:

2 . . .

Adrian Lamo Speaks With Leo Before Arrest, TechTV Exclusive Video of Lamo's Surrender, TechTV Adrian Lamo Deposition, FindLaw.com Lamo surrenders, is released, Security Focus Adrian Lamo charged with computer crimes, Security Focus Lamo's Adventures in WorldCom, Security Focus



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#### United States Attorney Southern District of New York

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

CONTACT: U.S.

ATTORNEY'S OFFICE SEPTEMBER 9, 2003

MARVIN SMILON, HERBERT HADAD, MICHAEL KULSTAD PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICE (212) 637-2600

FBI JOSEPH A. VALIQUETTE JAMES M. MARGOLIN (212) 384-2715, 2720 MARK F. MENDELSOHN (212) -637-2487

### U.S. CHARGES HACKER WITH ILLEGALLY ACCESSING NEW YORK TIMES COMPUTER NETWORK

JAMES B. COMEY, United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York, and PASQUALE D'AMURO, the Assistant Director in Charge of the New York Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, announced that ADRIAN LAMO was charged in Manhattan federal court with hacking into the internal computer network of the New York Times. LAMO surrendered today to federal authorities in Sacramento, California.

According to a two-count criminal Complaint
unsealed today in Manhattan federal court, on February 26, 2002,
LAMO hacked into the New York Times' internal computer network
and accessed a database containing personal information
(including home telephone numbers and Social Security numbers)

for over 3,000 contributors to the New York Times' Op-Ed page.

As described in the Complaint, soon after being notified of the computer intrusion, the New York Times conducted an internal investigation and confirmed that an intruder had in fact hacked into its network and accessed the personal information for contributors to the Op-Ed page. In addition, according to the Complaint, the Times determined that the intruder had added an entry to that database for "Adrian Lamo," listing personal information including LAMO's cellular telephone number (415) 505-HACK, and a description of his areas of expertise as "computer hacking, national security, communications intelligence."

The Complaint states that the New York Times later learned that while inside its internal network, LAMO had set up five fictitious user identification names and passwords ("userids/passwords") under the New York Times' account with LexisNexis, an online subscription service that provides legal, news and other information for a fee. The Complaint charges that over a three month period, those five fictitious userids/passwords conducted more than 3,000 searches on LexisNexis; in the month of February 2002, the five userids/passwords conducted approximately 18% of all searches

performed under the New York Times account.

According to the Complaint, the unauthorized

LexisNexis searches included searches for "Adrian Lamo";

searches for other individuals with the last name "Lamo";

searches using the Northern California home address of LAMO's

parents; searches for various reputed hackers; and searches for

various known associates of LAMO. The LexisNexis charges

incurred by these five accounts was approximately \$300,000,

according to the Complaint.

In an interview with a reporter from an online publication called "SecurityFocus.Com" later on February 26, 2002, LAMO admitted that he was responsible for the New York Times intrusion, it was charged.

The Complaint also identifies a series of other computer intrusions for which LAMO has acknowledged responsibility in interviews with members of the press. In some instances, according to the Complaint, LAMO personally admitted responsibility for the computer intrusion to representatives of the victimized company, explaining how he hacked their computer network, and providing corroboration that he was, in fact, the intruder. The other intrusions, and the approximate dates according to the charges, are: (1)

Excite@Home, May 2001; (2) Yahoo!, September 2001; (3)
Microsoft, October 2001; (4) MCI WorldCom, November 2001; (5)
SBC Ameritech, December 2001; and (6) Cingular, May 2003.

LAMO, 22, is scheduled to be presented before a United States Magistrate Judge in Sacramento, California, federal court later today.

If convicted, LAMO faces a maximum sentence of 15 years in prison and a \$500,000 fine.

Mr. COMEY praised the investigative efforts of the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Cybercrime Task Force and Computer Hacking and Intellectual Property Squad, and also thanked the New York Times, LexisNexis, Yahoo!, Microsoft, MCI WorldCom, SBC Ameritech, and Cingular for their assistance.

Assistant United States Attorney MARK F. MENDELSOHN is in charge of the prosecution.

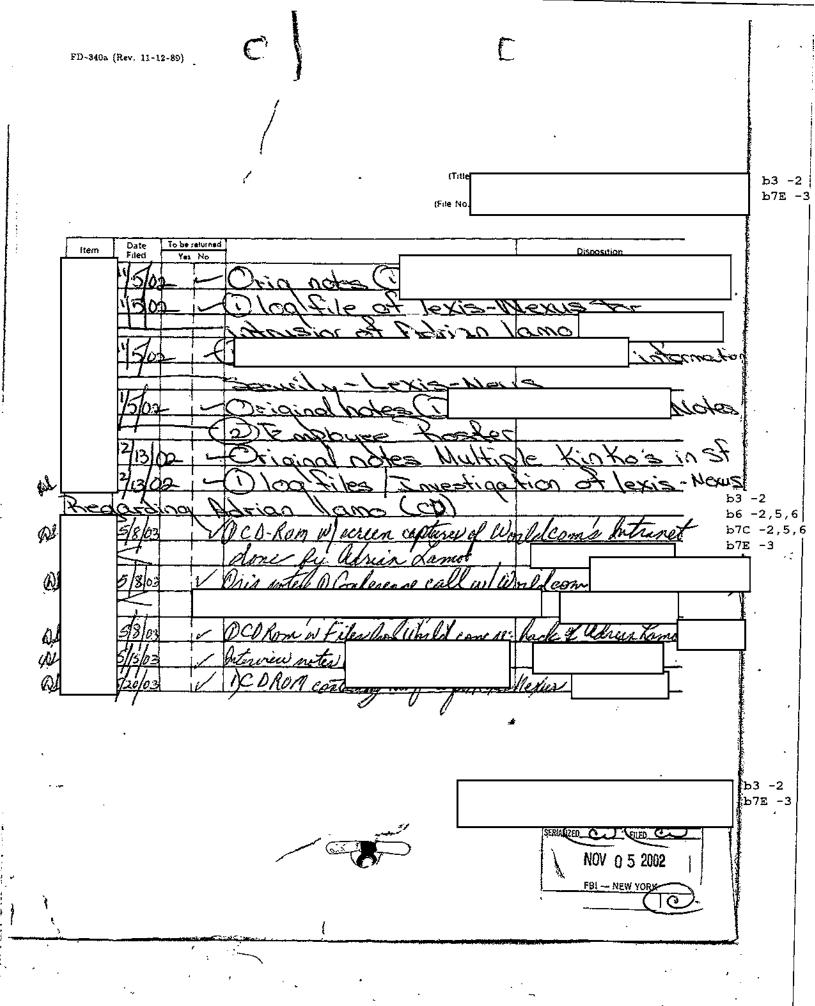
The charges contained in the Complaint are merely accusations and the defendant is presumed innocent unless and until proven guilty.

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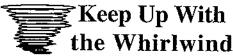
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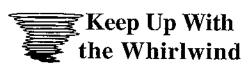


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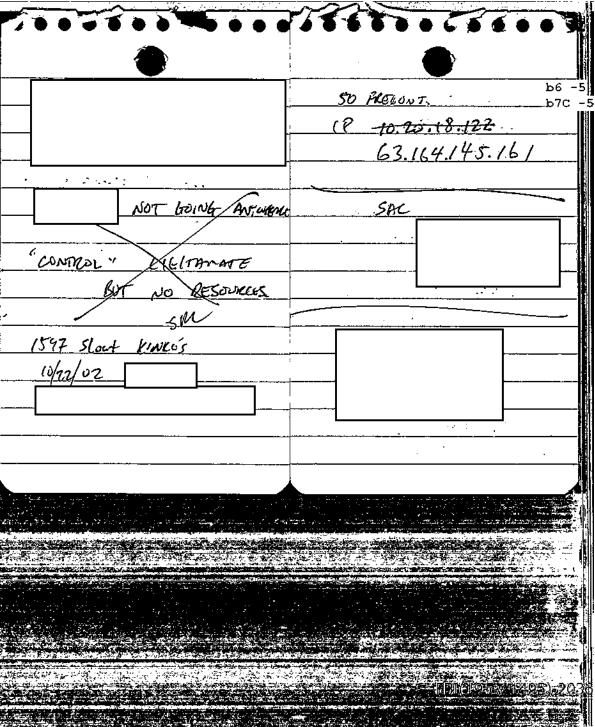
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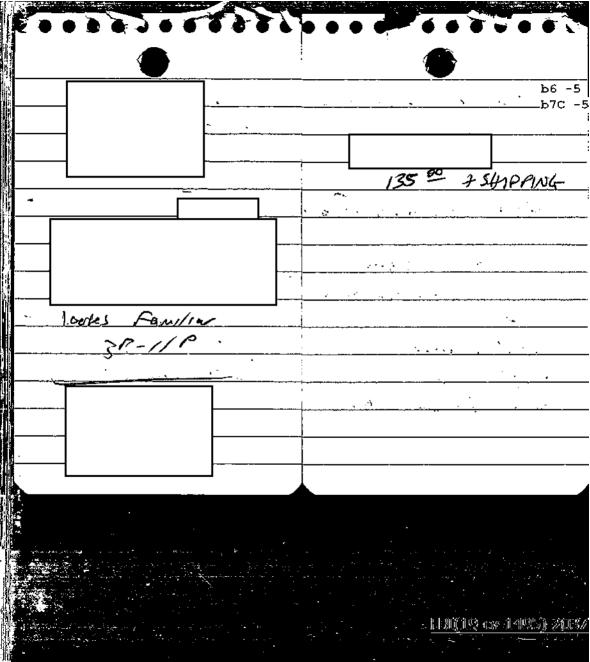
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anything saidor did was priviledged. 6/7/02 Report Call into to public relations internal hetwork unformed, not awara, <u> Mai</u> b6 - 2.5b7D -1 Said hand would be able to Called Lamo Cell phone? Recorded? said willing to meet? FBI(19-cv-1495)-2041

The year consider 4	hathe both both both both both both both both
hon-disclosure,	
how he had soften in he hit in files recognized voice,	n diffect ips he sent, that
- rever sow face to face - Came into through	
Heft footprint in	H(19-cv-1495)-2042

12/101 1st call, found have in october had	
12/101 1st call, found have in october had other things to do did not get boach. Several weeks pater.	te
Several weeks fater.	
do not have web server logo,	
2 on Saturday Calls one on	
Tuesday (aiscussed which that he could)	
Was Never authorized entry, no	

ъ6 −5 ъ7с −5

- retwork from intranet, other then anything that was \$500,000 \$483.000

Outpull Came out affected that he broke hon-disclosure

employee

FBI(19-cv-1495)-2043

When far beyond what he sould he would borld com would have been hacked

b6 -2 b7C -2 b7D -1

no contact directly.

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WORLDOOM regarding hack of Adrian Lamo.	•
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FBI(19-cv-1495)-20	( 14

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FBI(19-cv-1495)-204

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Alibert Municipal grationally --> 360 Custoney runeably 20 passig called customers enally qually 3 pulla, web-serves logs for Share loss back in Jed. Job loss indicate Douce if 15 Jone Still newbred to June 1 most of access other Daces, Some from deal up 3 Agran Jana Claimed Junipolet M Hottes of & Chail UP Defected vanishing that well in the sure

come in through customer aual Findurest Contact of Jamo-> Wel Jeb incident allerated mot to talk to him, mot sure if FR Alaple Apale M. Hem, In 3 weeks later Someone who works in slewity was app be mail was met salistica of What went on ellented to FBI(19-cv-1495)-2049

have something, did out have another thing from tanang Adrian doing in communa NBC, lawyers in NB > Be inew hach > lestinate & will provide. at a later date. a did mot provide any screen captains FBI(19-cv-1495)-2050

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To Be Returned Yes No
Receipt Given  Yes  No
Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6 (e) Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure
☐ Yes ☐ No
Federal Taxpayer Information (FTI)
Yes No
Title:
Reference:
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Description: Original notes re interview of
UCDKOM Contouring Tar tiles
for Levis Nexus -

b3 -2 b6 -1 b7C -1 b7E -3

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Page 25 ~ Duplicate;
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Page 32 ~ b6 - -3; b7C - -3; b7E - -1;
Page 33 ~ b6 - -3; b7C - -3; b7E - -1;
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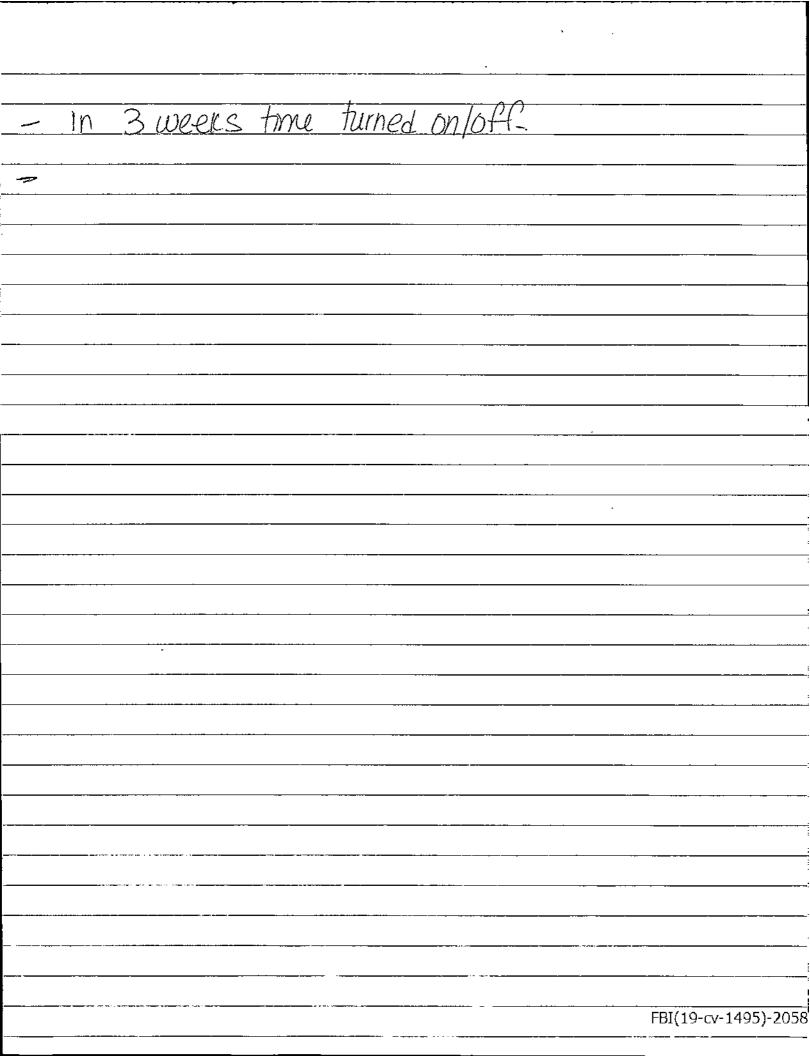
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FBI(19-cv-1495)-2056

- open proxy through IDS early November saw :
evidence implemented sategnards to hunds end Nov.
[Dier Thanksqiving), got specifics from vencor to turn off
NOT Obvious John Johns to see if activity stopped Source address was DS Logs, reports that were issued part. had packet, some >URL requests in packet. NO SNIFFER. - iDS reported to be outbound not traffic NO operational impact. more than I source ip address. du whois but does not remember. - up for awhile then taken down system problem put back on line vight before - Proxy was IN DMZ. (not Inside) FBI(19-cv-1495)-2057 - nothing was changed conot think have seen anything, no back doors



FD-340b (Rev. 8-7-97)
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FBI(19-cv-1495)-2059

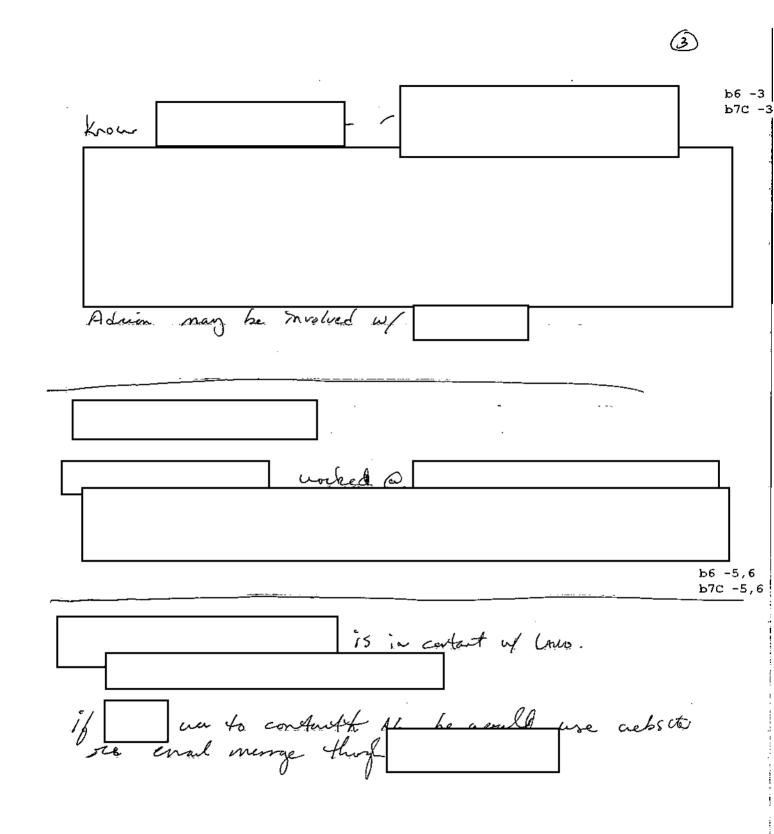
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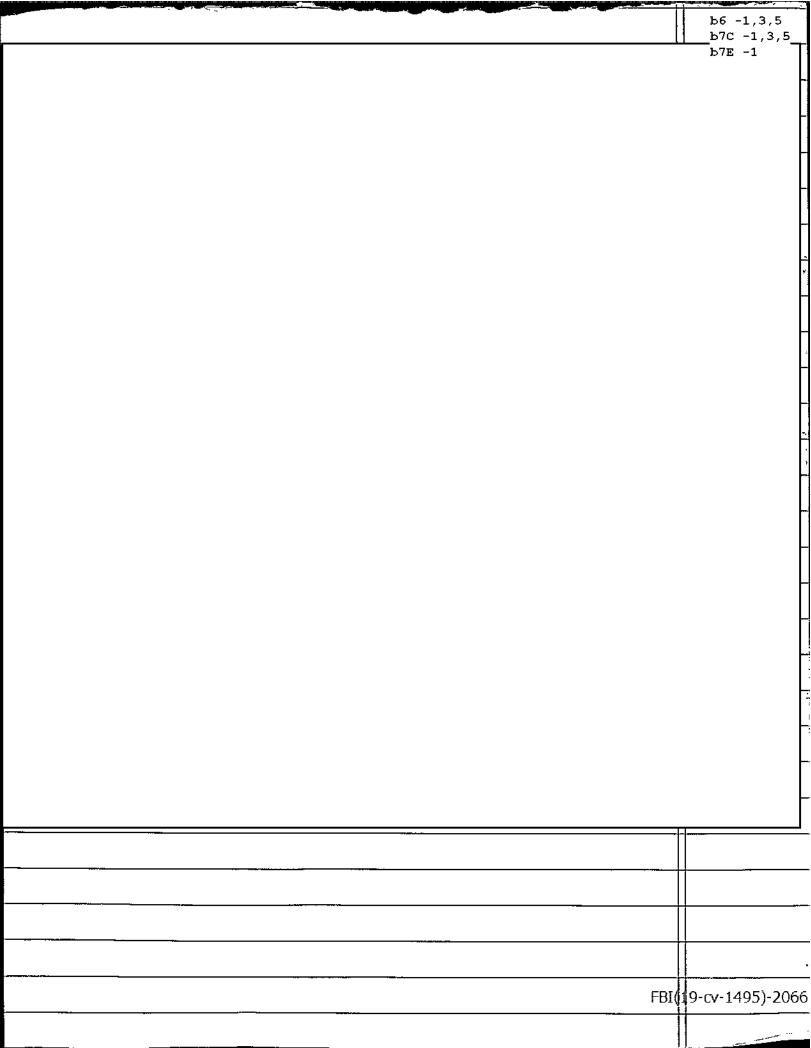
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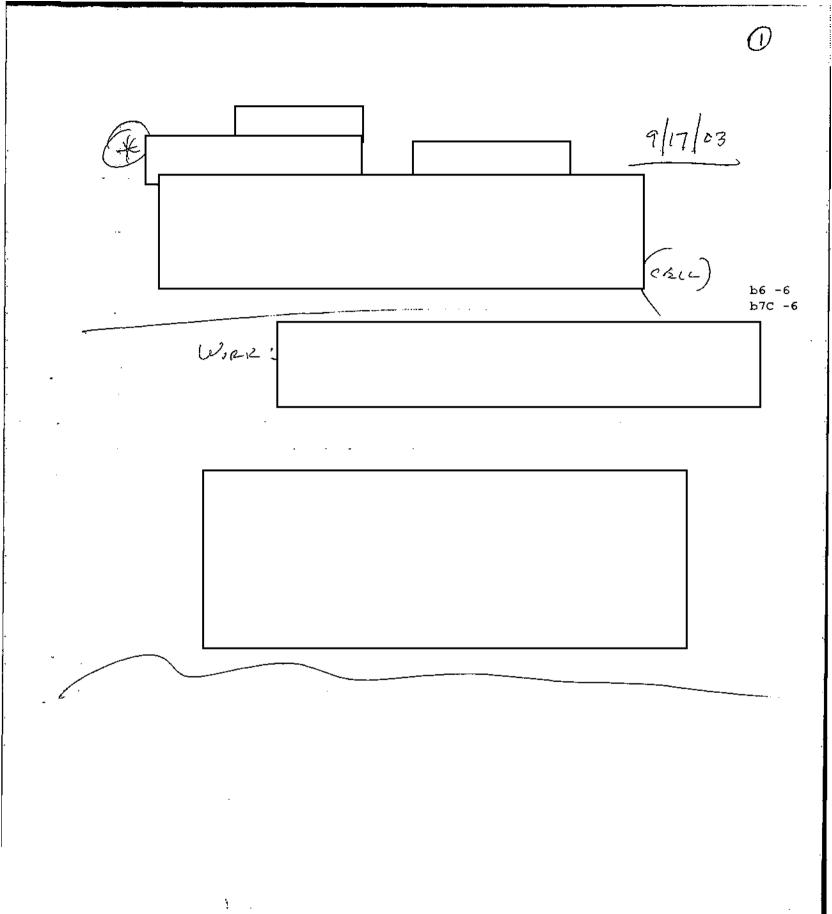
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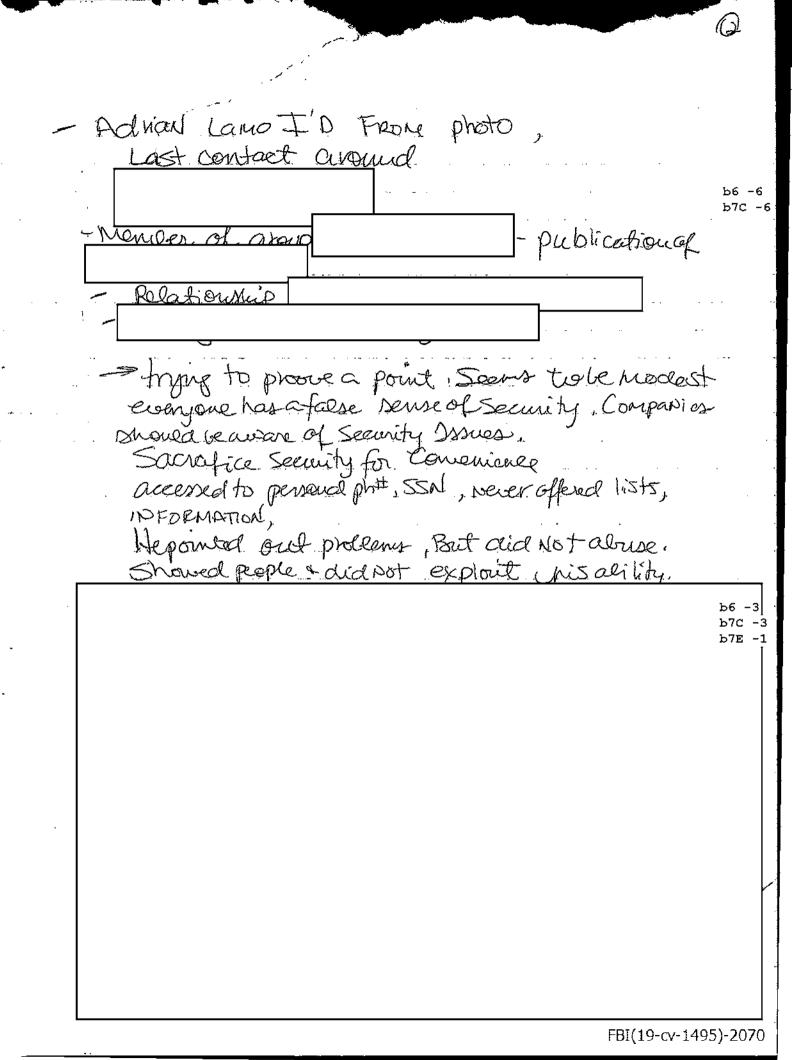
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Question Worksheet Individual background questions <u>ъ</u>6 -3 ъ7С -3 b7E -1 Lamo b6 -3,5 b7C -3,5 b7E −1

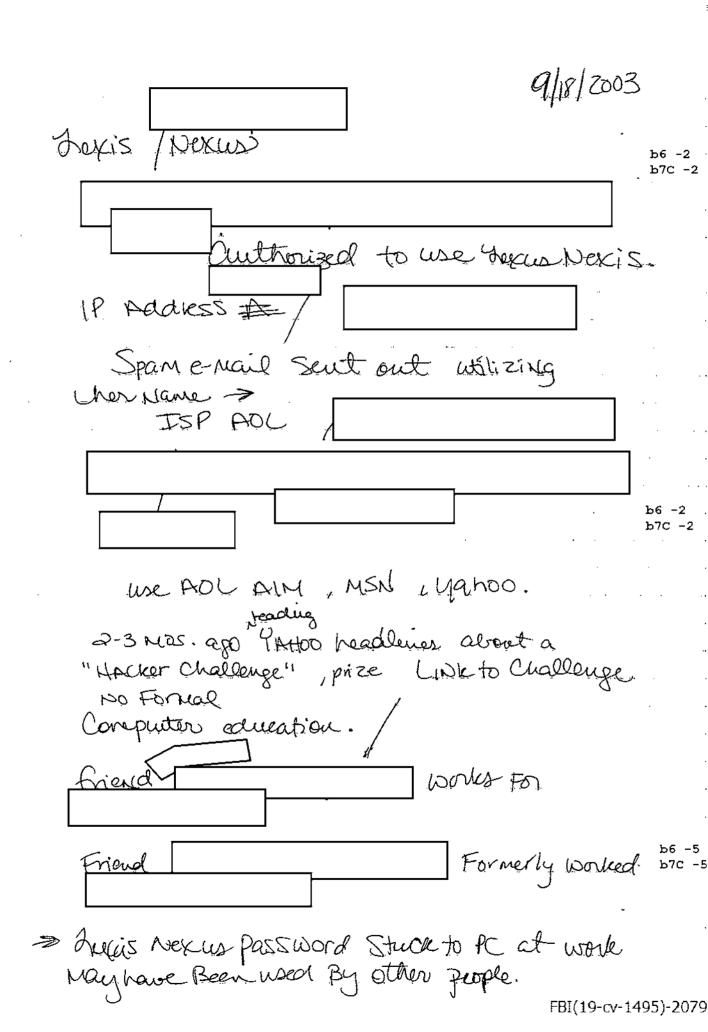
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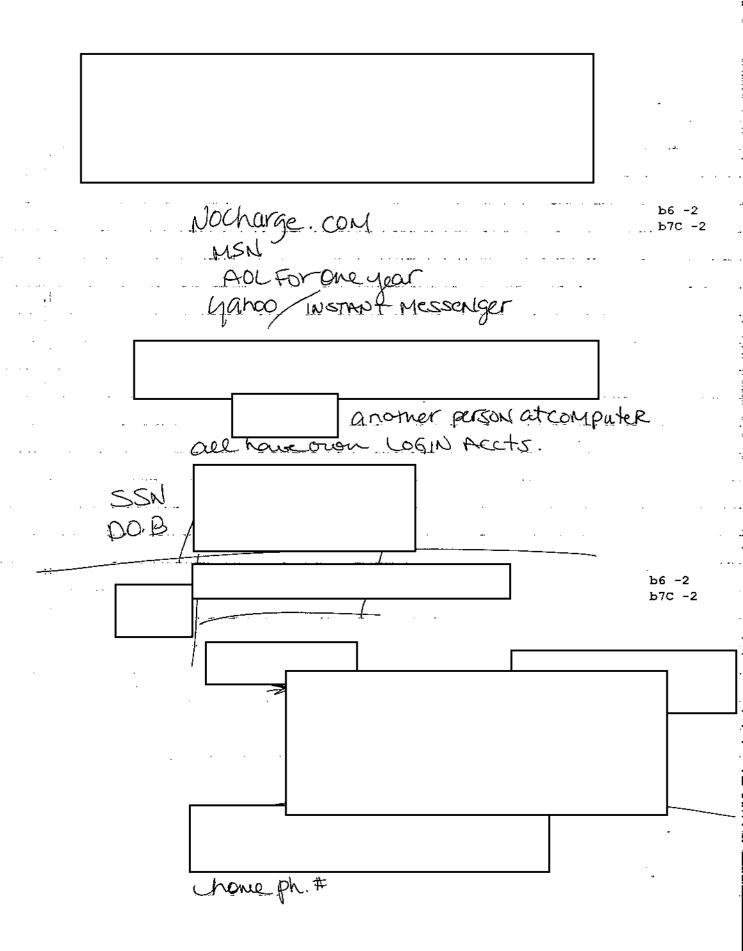
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To Be Returned Yes No	
Receipt Given	
Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure	
Yes No	
Federal Taxpayer Information (FTI)	
☐ Yes 【☐ No	
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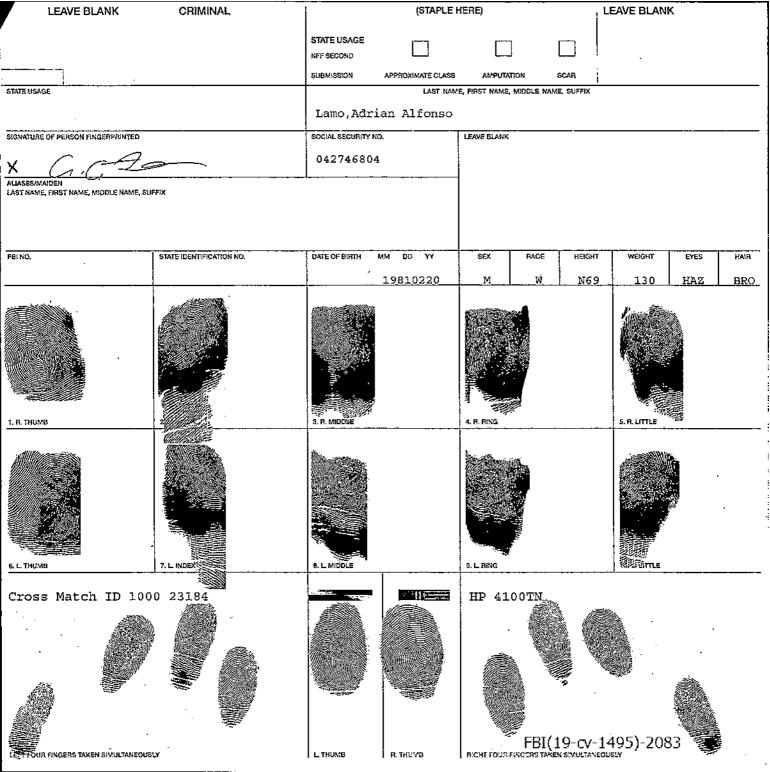
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To Be Returned ☐ Yes ☑ No
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<b>Description:</b> □ Original notes re interview of
a ownest openwork for ADRIAN
O numest paperwork for Adrian LAMO-photos, fingerprint cords,
FO-395. ARREST LOG WARSHILL
FD-395, ARREST LOG, Marsholt form, Medical forms.

FBI/DOJ

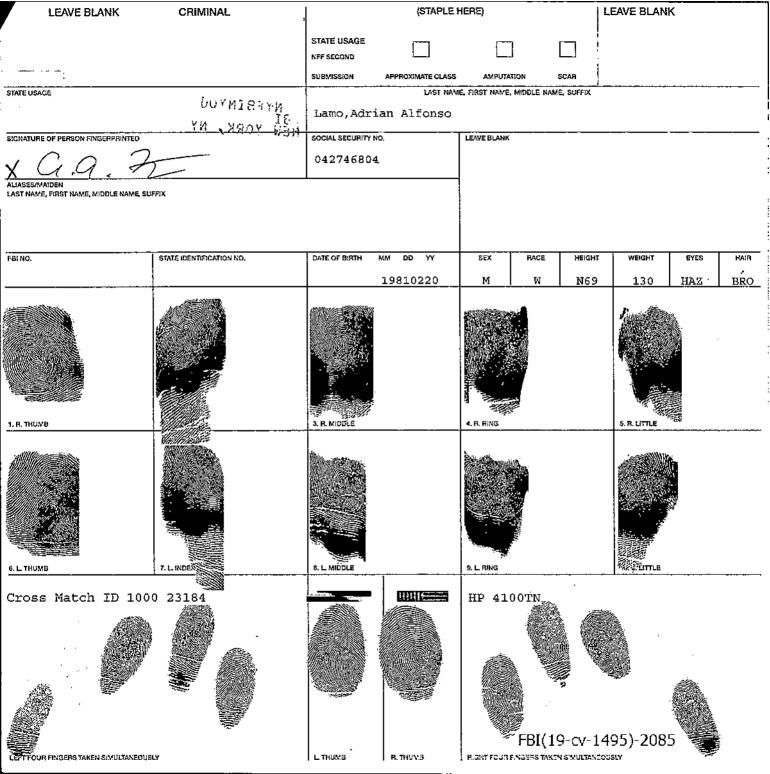
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	REAU OF INVESTIGATION				
PRIVACY ACT OF 1974 (P.L. 93-579) REQUIRES	S THAT FEDERAL, STATE, OR LOCAL AGE	NOIES INFORM INDIVIDUALS WHOSE	SOCIAL SECURITY NUM		ER
JUVENILE FINGERPRINT	DATE OF ARREST	on NYFBINY00		· · ·	<del></del>
SUBMISSION YES	MM DD YY 20030911	ADDRESS FRT	BINYOO		
TREAT AS ADULT YES		NEW Y	ORK, NY.		
SEND COPY TO:	DATE OF OPPENSE	PLACE OF BIRTH (STATE OR COU	NTRY)	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHI	P
(ENTER ORI)	MM DD YY 20030911	MA	·	US	
MISCELLANEOUS NUMBERS	SCARS, MARKS, TATTOOS, AND AMPU	JTATIONS		_1	
	NONE				
	RESIDENCE/COMPLETE ADDRESS			CITY	STATE
	3506 Lynnmar Way, Carm	nichael, CA, US 9560	8		b6 -1
OFFICIAL TAKING FINGERPRINTS		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			b7C -1
OFFICIAL TAKING FINGERPRINTS  (NAME OR NUMBER)	LOCAL IDENTIFICATION/REFERENCE			PHOTO AVAILABLE?	YES 📈
				PALM PRINTS TAKEN?	YES
EMPLOYER: IF U.S. GOVERNMENT, INDICAT			OCCUPATION		
if Military, List Branch of Unemployed	SERVICE AND SERIAL NO.		FORMER A	UETWORK ADV	MIN
CHARGE/CITATION			DISPOSITION		· · ·
<sup>1</sup> 20030911 2609 - Fraud and Abuse -	Computer Hacking		1.		
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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION/BASIS FOR CAUT	ION		STATE BUREAU STAME	,	
FD-249 (REV.5-11-99)		,		FBI(19-cv-1	495)-2084



ъ7Е -3,9 **—**ъ3 -2

From:

Sent:

Submit

Thursday, September 11, 2003 2:19 PM

To:

Subject:

RE: FBI Submission for lamo

JABS TRANSACTION IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:

577201

EFTS TRANSACTION CONTROL NUMBER:

127.0.0.1.00702 LAMO,ADRIAN ALFONSO

BOOKING NAME: ARREST DATE:

09/11/2003

Fingerprints have been submitted to IAFIS. Response should be sent within 2 hours. This transaction can be tracked at:

http://149.101.253.5

	<u> </u>
From: Sent: To: Subject:	Submi Thursday September 11 2003 2:45 PM RE: JABS Trans id: #577201IAFIS RESPONSE RECEIVED

EFTS TRANSACTION CONTROL NUMBER:

JABS TRANSACTION IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:

BOOKING NAME:

ARREST DATE:

127.0.0.1.00702

577201

LAMO, ADRIAN ALFONSO

09/11/2003

IAFIS response received: New FBI number assigned.

FBI NUMBER:

FBI MASTER NAME:

665020CC1

LAMO, ADRIAN ALFONSO

STATE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:

JABS data is for official criminal justice use only. Unauthorized or improper release is prohibited. Secondary dissemination must be in accordance with NCIC policies and procedures.

TAFIS RAP SHEET ATTACHED

b7E -1,3,9

#### 577201\_rap

FBI# 665020CC1 SID

OCA

LAMO, ADRIAN ALFONSO

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NYFBINYOO FBI

NEW YORK NY

2003/09/11

A SEARCH OF THE FINGERPRINTS ON THE ABOVE INDIVIDUAL HAS FAILED TO DISCLOSE PRIOR ARREST

DATA.

CJIS DIVISION

2003/09/11 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

NYFBINYOO SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE FEDERAL BUREAU INVEST 23RD FLOOR 26 FEDERAL PLAZA NEW YORK,NY 10278-0004

## ADVICE OF RIGHTS

Place	24 Federal	Plaza, NY, NY
	9/11/03	· ·
	2:20pm	

#### YOUR RIGHTS

ALABefore we ask you any vestions, you must understand your rights.

ACAYou have the right to remain silent.

A CAAnything you say can be used against you in court.

A Cayou have the right to talk to a lawyer for advice before we ask you any questions.

A/a. You have the right to have a lawyer with you during questioning.

alf you cannot afford a lawyer, one will be appointed for you before any questioning if you wish.

QLf you decide to answer questions now without a lawyer present, you have the right to stop answering at any time.

#### <del>- WAIVER OF</del> RIGHTS

I have read this statement of my rights and I understand what my rights are. At this time, I am willing to answer questions without a lawyer present.

		Signed	Cook
Witnes			
Witnes			•
Time:	2.21pm		

\* Adman Lomo does not wish to waive his rights at this time

**b6 -1** b7C -1

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION MEDICAL TREATMENT/REFUSAL FORM



DATE: 9/11/03

IF PRISONER REQUIRES OR REFUSES MEDICAL COMPLETE THIS FORM PRIOR TO COMMITTING	
NAME: FIRST.	MIDDLE:
D.O.B.	FBI:
2/20/1981 042-74-6804	INS: OTHER:
CHARGES NARRATIVE: Computer Intrusion	
NARRATIVE: COMPUGEY INTUSION  TITLE: 18 USC: 1030	b
NARRATIVE	d 
TITLE: 18 USC: 1029	
	-1/
DATE OF OFFENSE:	DATE OF ARREST: $9/11/03$
PLACE OF ARREST: NOW YORK, NY	\
ARRESTING OFFICIAL (NAME)  AGENCYADI  (NYO)	
FB1 -	SDNY-
NATURE OF ILLNESS/INJURY: () OLD INJ.	( )NEW INJ.
tooth infection	
IF TREATED BY E	.M.S. OR HOSPITAL E FOLLOWING
TREATED BY DR./E.M.S.	HOSPITAL:
	ADMITTED ( )YES ( L)NO
DIAGNOSIS:	MEDICATION PRESCRIBED OVER the Counter
	(V)YES ()NO
	MEDICAL TREATMENT E FOLLOWING
DATE:TIME:PRISONER'S SIG	GNATURE:
REMARKS: (PRINT)	
1	Off today @ Duane Reade
·	



### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

UNITED STATES MARSHALS SERVICE ... SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

#### ARRESTEE INFORMATION

Before any arrestee can be processed by the USMS any and all medical problems/conditions must be declared. This form must be completed for each arrestee and given to the responding USMS personnel before the arrestee and given to the received for processing.

Advance I am A man will be received for processing.	
Arrestee name: A(V)(U) 60 Y)(	
Does arrestee have a prior federal arrest? Circle: (YES) NO	
If yes, please list the arrestee's USMS number.	
If you cannot identify USMS number, please provide arrest information (IE: Jate, arresting agency, loc	ation) .
919103 USIUS SACRAMENTO	
Arrestee's representation for this days proceeding: (Circle) Legal Aid CJA retained	
If legal aid, has arrestee met with counsel? Circle: YES NO	
Does the arrestee have any current detainers? Circle: YES NO	
If yes, please list: bond 360,000	
Does arrestee have any long term medical condition or conditions (to include: heart problems diabetes, asthma,	•
tuberculosis, HIV, AIDS, hepatitis etc.)? Circle: (YES) NO	
Does arrestee require medication/medical attention for this condition? Circle: YES NO	
Do you, as the arresting agent, currently possess at least one days dosage of the arrestee's medication?	
Circle: (YES) NO	
Explain: has heart murmon taking medication	
TOP TO THE CHOIL	
Does arrestee have/display/complain of any other medical ailments(IE: broken bones, open wounds etc.)? some Circle: YES OF OFFICE COMPLAINTS The display of has solved to	stina =
Circle: (YES) (Q) John Complainted 94 Della Services (2)	ny to
Does arrestee require medication/medical attention for this condition? Circle: YES NO	ospital.
Do you, as the arresting agent, currently possess at least one days dosage of the arrestee's medication?	
Circle: YES NO	
Explain:	
Is the arrestee a drug addict/user? Circle: YES (NO)	
If yes, does this require any special medical program (IE: methadone treatment)? Explain:	
Do you, as the arresting agent, if applicable, possess a medical clearance/fix for confinement letter from a health	care
professional? Circle: YES MO (Please attach)	
ARRESTEE PROCESSING CHECKLIST	
Please check when completed	
1. Have you completed any and all USMS paperwork.	,
To include: USMS 312 (Please fill out all forms as completely as possible)	
2. Attached a photo of arrestee to paperwork.	
3. Fingerprint cards	
*I for USMS file	
*1 for the FBI for FPC classification	
5. Strip searched arrestee.	
6. Taken any	b6 -
ARRESTING AGENT:	, b7C
AGENCY: F131	, 2,0
CONTACT # WHILE IN THIS BUILDING:	
****NOTE TO ALL ARRESTING AGENTS****	

Be advised, the USMS provides the <u>COURTESY</u> of holding and producing arrestee prior to the arrestee's magistrate court appearance. However, the arrestee is not considered a USMS prisoner until a U.S. Magistrate Judge <u>REMANDS</u> said arrestee to USMS custody. This means that as the arresting agent, you must be available at all times to respond to any and all matters concerning your arrestee, as you are the responsible party.

United States Marshals Service Policy and Procedures Manual 5.1-1.(a)

Defendant Name	DOB	SSN/	Race	Gender	Arrest Date
Lamo,Adrian Alfonso	02/20/1981	042-74-6804	White	Male —	09/11/2003





Front Side

R-84 (Rev. 5-14-80)	FINAL DISF	POSITION REPORT	Leave Blank
Identification Division without f obtain subject's right four finge	inal disposition noted thereon. If no final d er impressions on this form, complete left s ency on notice as to final disposition should sion.	fingerprints have been forwarded to the FBI lisposition is available to arresting agency, also side and forward the form when case referred to discomplete this form and submit to: <b>Director, FBI,</b>	Washington, D.C. 20537,
FBI No.  Name on Fingerprint Card Subm Last Firs		Final Disposition & Oate (If convicted or subject pleaded guilty to less modification with disposition.)	er charge, include this
Date of Birth	Sex		
Henry Fingerprint Classification From FBI 1-B Response			
State Bureau No. (SID)	Social Security No. (SOC)	This Form Submitted By: (Name, Title, Agency, ORI No., City & State)	
		Signature	Date
		Title	
Arrest No. (OCA)	Date Arrested or Received	COURT ORDERED EXPUNGEMENT: Return Arrest Fingerprint Card to Contribut Certified or Authenticated Copy of Court O	
Offenses Charged at Arrest		Right Four Fingers Taken Simultaneously	
If additional space is needed, ch	neck 🗀 and continue on reverse side of th	I ais form.	FBI(19-cv-1495)-

#### INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. The purpose of this report is to record the initial data of an individual's arrest and thereafter secure the **final disposition** of the arrest at the earliest possible time from either the arresting agency, the prosecutor or the court having jurisdiction. (INTERIM DISPOSITION INFORMATION, e.g., RELEASED ON BOND, SHOULD NOT BE SUBMITTED.) The SUBJECT'S NAME, CONTRIBUTOR AND ARREST NUMBER should be exactly the same as they appear on the (ingerprint card IN THE FILES OF THE FBI. The FBI number should be indicated, if known. Agency ultimately making final disposition will complete and mail form to: FBI identification Division, Washington, D.C. 20537.
- 2. The arresting agency should fill in all arrest data on left side of form and obtain the finger impressions of the right four fingers simultaneously. This should be done at the same time as the full set of fingerprints are taken on the arrest fingerprint card. If the arrest is disposed of by the arresting agency, as where the arrestee is released without charge, then the arresting agency should fill in this final disposition and mail form to FBI Identification Division. Of course, if final disposition is known when arrest fingerprint card is submitted it should be noted thereon and this form is then unnecessary. In the eyent the case goes to the prosecutor, this form should be forwarded to the prosecutor with arrestee's case file.
- The prosecutor should complete the form to show final disposition at the prosecution level if the matter is not being referred for court action and
  thereafter submit form directly to FBI Identification Division. If court action required, the prosecutor should forward form with case file to court having
  jurisdiction.
- 4. The court should complete this form as to final court disposition such as when arrested person is acquitted, case is dismissed, on conviction and when sentence imposed or sentence suspended and person placed on probation.
- When arrested person convicted or enters guilty plea to lesser or different offense then that charged when originally arrested, this information should be clearly indicated.
- If subsequent action taken to seal or expunge record, attach certified or authenticated copy of court order to this form so that FBI can return arrestee's
  fingerprints to original contributor.
- 7. It is vitally important for completion of subject's record in the FBI Identification Division files that Final Disposition Report be submitted in every instance where fingerprints previously forwarded without final disposition noted thereon.

#### FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

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Page		

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Receipt for Property Received/Returned/Released/Seize

City) Cormichael, CA 957608  Description of Item(s):  1) ORUDIS KT TABLETS	b3 - b7E
Received From Returned To Released To Seized  Name) Adnan Lama  Street Address) 3506 Lynninge Way,  City) Cormichael, CA 95668  Description of Item(s):  1) ORUDIS KT TABLETS	;
Street Address) 3506 Lynnmae Way, City) Cormichael, CA 95608  Description of Item(s):  1) ORUDIS KT TABLETS	
1) ORUDIS KT TABLETS	<del></del>
Description of Item(s):  1) ORUDIS KT TABLETS	_
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1) ACID REDUCER	_
D CALIFORNIA IDENTIFICATION CARD D1225973	<del>_</del>
1) DUANE READE DRUG CUSTOMER RECEIPT	
1) PAIR Shoelaces	_
(1) TIMS	_
i) Beit black leather	_
(1) RECEIPT HUB JAMBA JUICE	_
1) one United Delay Ventication receipt	<del></del>
1) ONE CROSS DEM	_
(1) ove lip balm a) succeed sum fast bars	_
	_
(1) black jacket	_
	_
	_
	_
Received From: (a ( )	
(Signature) FBI(19-cv-149	_b7C



ADRIAN ALFONSO LAMO 1755 ALABAMA ST SAN FRANCISCO CA 94110

SEX: H HAIR: BRN EYES: HZL HT: 5-09 HT: 130 DOB: 02-20-81



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04/13/99 503 39/



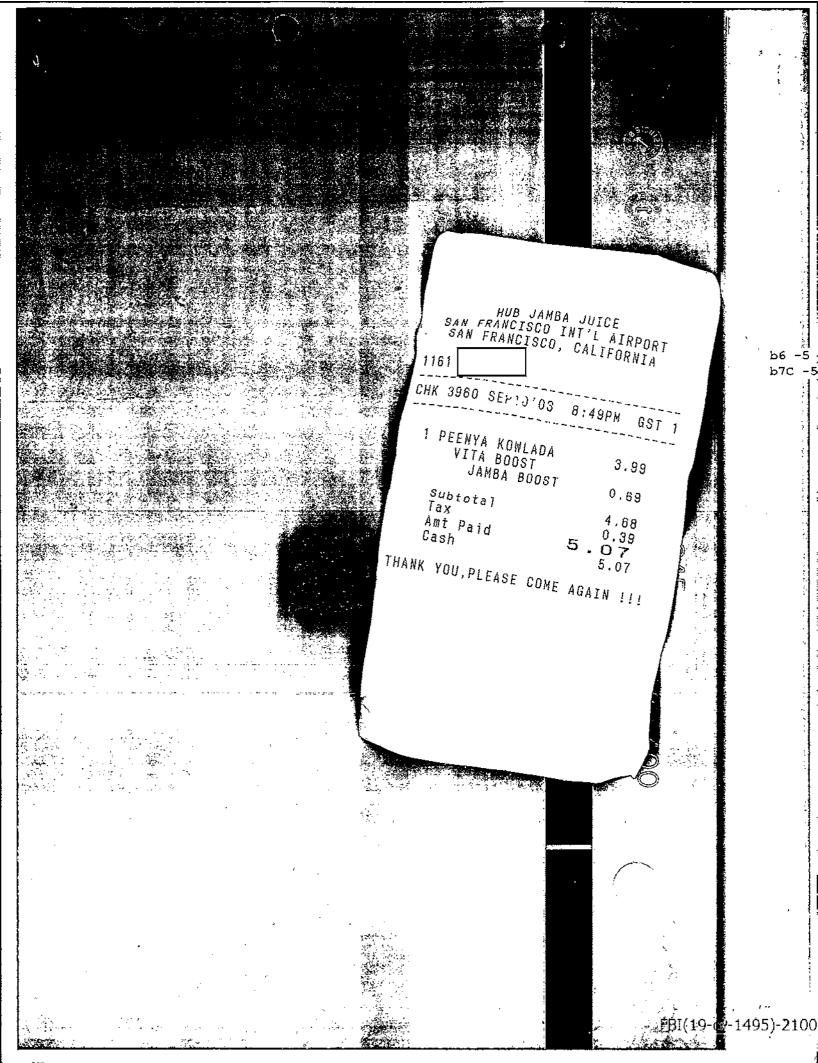


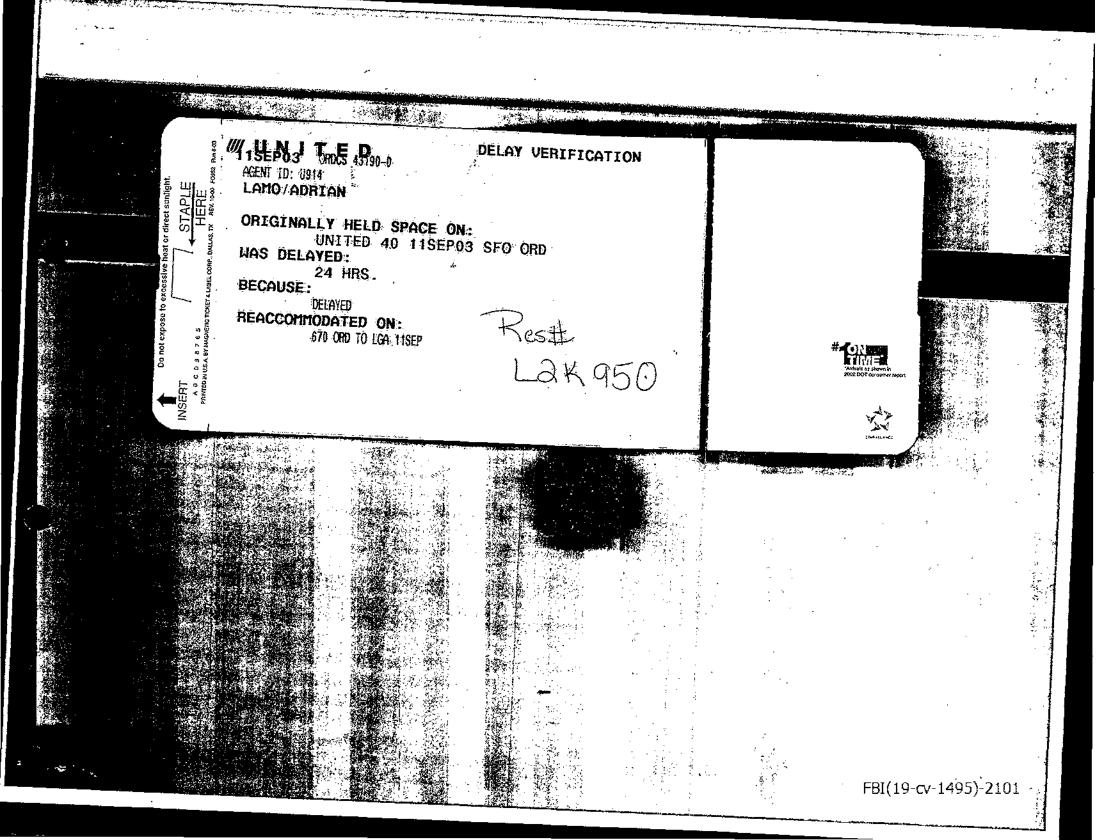
justomer's Receipt

5338462

○ □ MC5400

FBI(19-V-1495)-209







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File #				-5 C -5
1				E -3
0- (1-4-)	01.102			
On (date)	911102		item(s) listed below were: Received From	
			Returned To Released To	
			Seized	
(Name				_
(Street Address)	ia Duan	e Street		
(City)	VOI, F			-
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-
Description of Item(s	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-
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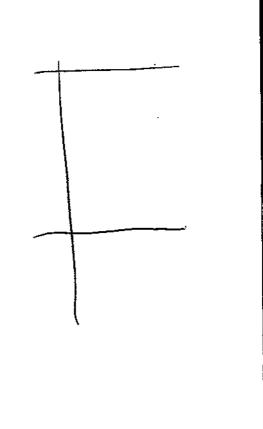
FBI(19-cv-1495)-2104

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UNITED ST	ATES	DEPAI	RTMEN	IT OF	JUSTICE
FEDERAI	BUR	EAU C	F INV	ESTIG	ATION

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  Paris From Paris Pari		
File #	Seizeu	b3 −2 b7E −3
On (date) 9/11/03	item(s) listed below were:  Received From Returned To Released To Seized	
(Name) ADRIAN LAND (Street Address) 35000 LYNNMAR WAY		_
(Street Address) SSUD LYNIMAR YVAY (City) CARMChael, CA		_
Description of Item(s):		- -
(1) black belt		_
1) PAIR OF SHOCLAGES		_
(1) bothe ACID REDUCER PRUS		<b>→</b>
1) bottle of orupis		_
1) toentification card (A DI225973		_
1) DEIAY VENTICATION UNITED TICKET	<del></del>	_
(1) Succeed bur		
(1) lip balm		_
(1) Cross pen		_
1) 1/2 package Tums		<del></del>
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	FBI(19-cv-1495)-2	- 2105
		6 -1 7C -1
Received By: Received From:	~	

Nyu Downdown Beetenan William 55 Energency Dept Musse coordale (212) 312-5000 FBI(19-cv 1/4/



FBI(19-cv-1495)-2107

# Justice United States Marshals Service USM Form 312. Prisoner Intake



CIRCLE ONE: SAFEKEEPER ( PRISONER LODGED OV  MCC (NYC)MDC(BROOKLYN)OTHER	
USMS NO. LAST NAME	first name Middle name Adrian Albuso
M W brown ho	color height weight 130
2 / 20 / 198 22 Boston	STATE CITIZENSHIP  NASS
F.B.I. # SOCIAL SECURITY NO.  042-74-6804	I.N.S. ALIEN #
STREET ADDRESS APARTMENT # CI	
TELEPHONE # (AREA CODE) MARITAL STATUS  ON O	GED CELL PHONE #
ARREST INFORMATION  ARREST INFORMATION  AGENCY  ADDRESS OF ARREST OR LOCATION	AGENCY
*CHARGE MANDATORY EXAMPLE 21 U	9 / 11 / D.3 SC 846,DRUG CONSPIRACY  b3 -: b7E
UNIVERSAL PRECAUTIONS	ECT EXPLAIN
does arrestee complain of medical attention tooth infliction, over the bunker.	N YES OR NO EXPLAIN Duane head? alipped off prescription
SECURITY CAUTION YES OR NO EXPLAIN	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

AST NAME	FIRST NAME	REMARKS		
JA		<del></del>		
<u> </u>				
	CO-DEFENDANTS, ASS	OCIATES		
LAST NAME	FIRST NAME			
11				
STREET ADDRESS APT. #		STATE		
TELEPHONE # (AREA CODE)		DATE OF BIRTH		
		1		
,	LOCALES FREQUENTED, (	HANGOUTS)		
OCALE NAME	STREET ADDRESS	APT.#		
NA				
CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE		
TELEPHONE NUMBER	REMARKS .			
SCA	RS, MARKS, TATTOOS,	PECULIARITIES		
NIA				

# VEHICLES

YEAR NA	MAKE	MODEL		LOR PLATE	# STATE	REGIS
<u> </u>						
KEMAKK:	S:					
LICENSE	E #		LICENS	SES STATE		TYPE OF LICENSE
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OCCUPA	TION, TRADE	XIA		NETWORK	ADMIN	ſ
	•	STREE			CITY	
EMPI OV	TER NAME					~
EMPLOY	TER NAME	STALL				•
·				CONTACT		
START I	DATE EN	ID DATE	POINT OF C			
START I		ND DATE	POINT OF C			

### RELATIVES

WIFE, GIRLFRIENDS, CHILDREN, BROTHERS, SISTERS, AUNTS, UNCLES, OTHER RELATIVES RESIDING IN U.S.

LAST NAME	FIRST NAME	RELATION	PHONE #	D.O.B.	
ADDRESS:				APT.#	b6 - b70
LAST NAME	FIRST NAME	RELATION	PHONE #	D.O.B.	
ADDRESS:				APT.#	_
LAST NAME	FIRST NAME	RELATION	PHONE #	D.O.B.	
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ADDRESS :				APT.#	_
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LAST NAME	FIRST NAME				
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# FINANCIAL INFORMATION

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REPORTED BY:	<u>NI</u> AGENIS NAME		TELEPHONE #	9/11/03 DATE	b6 - b7с

#### NYU DOWNTOWN HOSPITA EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT LARO. ACRIAN ZZ AFTERCARE SUGGESTIONS TO PATIENTS FROH DATE: I TAM NOTE: The examination and treatment you have received in the Emergency Department have been rendered on an emergency basis only and are not intended to substitute for or an effort to provide complete and comprehensive medical care. If you have further questions regarding your emergency care, call the Hospital at (212) 312-5000. 32 You have been evaluated by the physician and it is felt that you are able to return home. There are nowever, things which can make your condition better. These have, or will be discussed with your prior to your departure from the Emergency Department DIAGNOSIS: **MEDICATIONS RECOMMENDED:** SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: WOTSON REFERRALS: Your own primary care practitioner or clinic [ ] Prompt Care Area of the Emergency Department (10A-10P): [ ] Wound Check [ ] NYU Downtown Hospital Outpatient Clinics: Phone: 212-312-5260 170 William Street Specialty Clinic: \_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ Suggested Appointment:\_\_\_\_ days NYU Downtown Medical Associates: Dr. \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_ Phone: \_\_\_\_\_ NYU Downtown Surgery Faculty Practice: Dr. \_\_\_\_\_ Phone: \_\_\_ [ ] Gouvenir Clinics (medicald applicant referral) 227 Madison Street, NYC Phone: 212-238-7794 Downtown Family Care Center 150 Essex Street, NYC Phone: 212-801-1730 [ ] Brooklyn Primary Care Center 5222 8th Avenue, Brooklyn Phone: 718-851-8881 [ ] Queens Chinatown Health Clinic 136-26 37th Avenue, Flushing Phone: 718-886-1200 [ ] Soho OB/GYN Group 135 Spring Street, NYC Phone: 212-274-0900 [ ] Chinatown Health Clinics 125 Walker Street, NYC Phone: 212-226-8866 Phone: 212-979-4000 [ ] New York Eye and Ear Hospital 14th Street & 2nd Ave., NYC MYU Dental Clinics 345 East 24th Street, NYC Phone: 212-998-9800 (1 Bellevue Clinics Phone: 212-562-4721 462 First Avenue, NYC Phone: 212-562-4230 [ ] Bellevue Psychiatric Center 462 First Avenue, NYC [ ] Alcohol or Drug Detoxification: Suggest: NYUMMTP / Trinity Meth. Program 74 Trinity Place, NYC Phone: 212-422-0250 462 First Avenue, NYC Phone: 212-562-4141 Beilevue Hospital Beth Israel (Bernstein Pavillion) 2 Nathan Periman Place, NYC Phone: 212-420-2000 [ ] Other Outpatient Department; \_\_\_ [ ] Private Practitioner: Specialty: \_\_ Dr.\_ **FOLLOW-UP IN:** DAYS DOL: [] IMMEDIATELY [ ] SCHOOL: RETURN TO: COMMENTS: .b6 -5 **INSTRUCTIONS TRANSLATED INTO: b7**C −5

Patient or Guardian W-81 (6/98) FBI(19-cv-1495)-2113

I hereby acknowledge receipt of and understand the suggestions indicated above. I understand that I have had emergency treatment only, I take

the responsibility to arrange for the follow-up care as indicated a

2:38pm Nurse allived 2:45 pm-Stated & made arrangements to go to doctor a:51pm- allowed to lay down 2:52pm- 100.1 temperature, blood pressure taken 3:00pm-uade arrangements to take to Doctor 3:15pm - transported to hospital, 3:31 pm-arrived at hospital 3:33pm- met w/ triage 3:40pm- met w/ Registration 3:44epm- waiting for Doctor 4:01 - met with Doctor 4:20 - gare 2 ipuprofen 4:21- left hospital. 4:32- arrived warshal's refused entry past 4:30 5:25 pm - turned over to the custody of olelense attny. 912/03 - 100gm- received phone call Lorens Lamo @ Marshalls 1132 went to Marshalls, processed by Marshal's 115th - went to pre-trial, processed by pre-trial John - walked acconstairs got food / arisk 25n- arrived court 254 - Leaning

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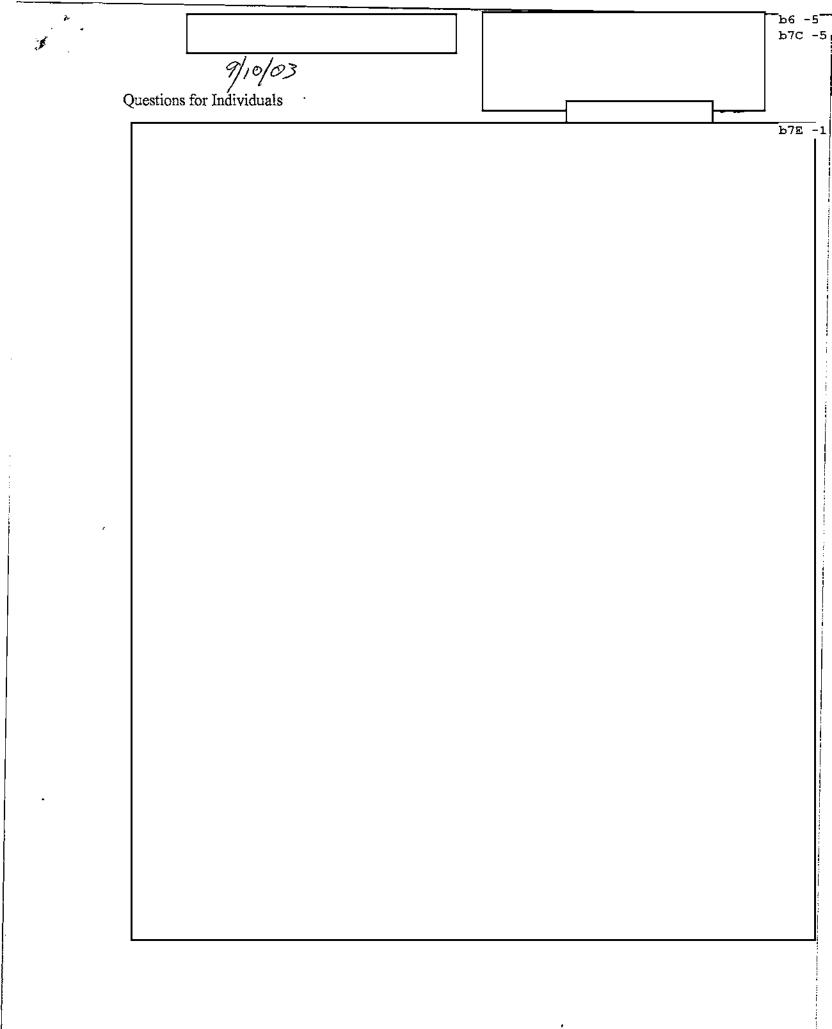
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ARREST LOG
SUBJECT: Adrian Lamo
ARRESTING AGENTS:
The state of the s
PLACE OF ARREST: 26 Federal: Plaza WYNY 10276
DATE OF ARREST: $\frac{91103}{2}$
TIME OF ARREST: 1.55 pm
TIME ADVISED OF RIGHTS (ORAL W (FD-395. ) 2120 pm
ADVISING AGENT:
TIME SUBJECT SIGNED WAIVER OF RIGHTS:
TIME SUBJECT TRANSPORTED TO FBI OFFICE: N/A/.
BEGINNING MILEAGE: ENDING MILEAGE:
TIME SUBJECT ARRIVED AT FBI OFFICE: N/A
TIME SUBJECT FINGERPRINTED AND PHOTOGRAPHED: 800 PM
TIME PEDIGREE TAKEN: 1.50 pm
TIME INTERVIEW BEGAN: N/A
TIME SIGNED STATEMENT TAKEN: _ \(\mathcal{L}\)/A
TIME INTERVIEW CONCLUDED: N/A
TIME SUBJECT TRANSPORTED FOR HEARING/INCARCERATION: 42m from WSF
TIME SUBJECT ARRIVED AT COURT/JAIL: 432- Marshal'S refused because Dast 4300 place of incarceration:
SUBJECT TURNED OVER TO CUSTODY OF:
SUBJECT APPEARED BEFORE US MAGISTRATE:
RESULT OF HEARING:
RECORD OF REQUESTS:
SPECTAL ACENT FRT FRI/10-0/-1405)-
SPECIAL AGENT, KRT - FRI(10-7/-1405)-

2:34pm-asked for nurse stated when get tired may time now e seizures but has not nappened in a long time 2:35pm-couled nurse; offered food, coke, anything he needed

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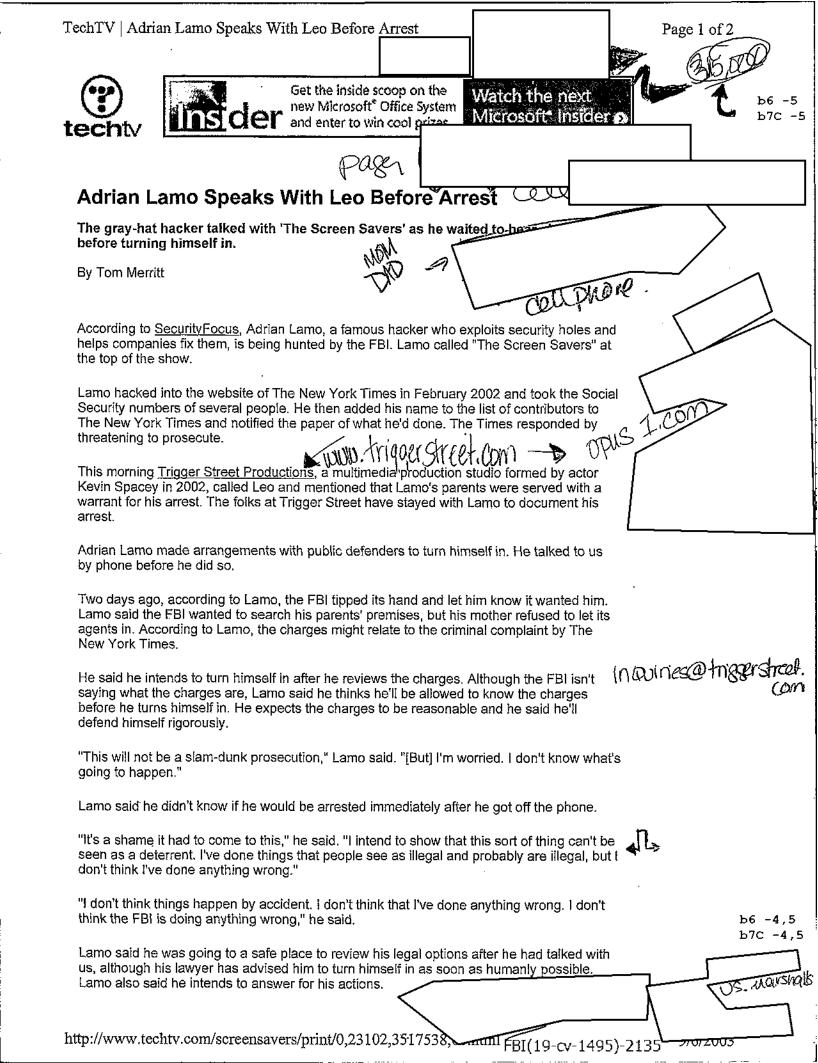
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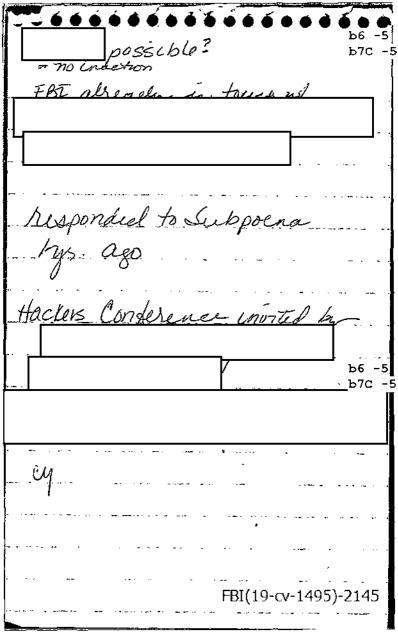
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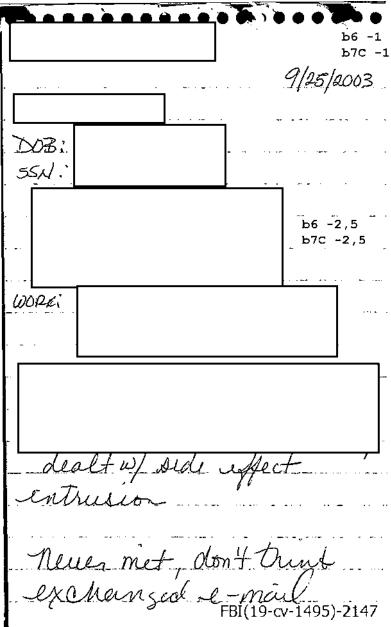
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WASHINGTON (AP) - A security hole at telecommunications giant Worldcom

left internal networks at several of the nation's top companies open to hackers, according to Worldcom and the security researcher who discovered the problem.

Adrian Lamo, a consultant in San Francisco, worked with Worldcom to fix

the months-old problem over the weekend, and the company said there is

no evidence hackers exploited the security hole.

Internal networks belonging to AOL Time Warner, Bank of America, CitiCorp, News Corp., JP Morgan, McDonald's Corp., Sun Microsystems and many other companies were vulnerable, he said.

"These networks were never designed to be connected to the Internet," Lamo said. "They were private circuits running between locations."

The security problem could have allowed hackers to reconfigure or shut

down the corporate networks, also known as intranets, that are used for

everything from e-mail to financial transactions.

Worldcom spokeswoman Jennifer Baker said none of Worldcom's customers were affected.

"Adrian worked very cooperatively with us throughout the weekend," Baker

said. "It was a human error on a router."

A router is a device that serves as a traffic light for messages on computer networks.

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Lamo said he found the hole by poking through Worldcom's public Web site.

"Tons of times there's data that shouldn't be available to anybody that

is out on a public Web server," Lamo said.

Lamo praised Worldcom's security procedures, and said he used an unconventional way to enter the company network that is not often addressed by security experts. He stressed that he didn't attempt to damage the internal networks.

Within the last several months, Lamo has found security problems at several major computer firms, including Microsoft and AOL Time Warner.

In September, he discovered a hole on Yahoo's news site that allowed him

to alter several stories.

In addition to Worldcom's clients, the company itself was also at risk,
Lamo said.

Lamo found ways to reset company passwords, give himself all the computer power of a company director, redirect e-mail and find personal

information for Worldcom's employees.

"It would have been possible for anyone who was really motivated to change direct deposit information for employee paychecks to arbitrary accounts without the employee being notified," Lamo said.

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- 1. New domains overshadow ICANN meeting in Stockholm
- 2. ISPs fight spam from the front line
- 3. Hacker helps Excite@Home toughen defenses
- 4. Wireless Privacy Legislation Coming

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May 30, 2001

New domains overshadow ICANN meeting in Stockholm WASHINGTON (Reuters)

When it meets in Stockholm on Friday, the Internet's top standards-setting body will still have to fight perceptions that it is too cautious and bureaucratic -- in essence, that it does not move at ``Internet speed.''

Seven new domains selected by the Internet Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers should join the likes of ``.com,'' ''.net'' and ``.org'' by the end of the year, but hopeful additional applicants are already pushing for a second round.

"The really serious question now will be how soon we can have new top-level domains," said David Maher, a Chicago attorney who serves as vice president of public policy for the Internet Society, a group that oversees infrastructure issues.

In Stockholm, ICANN hopes to set up an oversight panel for the new domains, get input on how to include regular Internet users in its decisions and take a firm stance against alternative addressing systems that have sprung up to provide unofficial domains such as ``.kids'' and ``.xxx.''

ICANN also hopes to get more help around the office with a proposed 20 percent budget increase. The budget could run into resistance from foreign

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companies who complain that the organization, which must answer to the U.S. Department of Commerce, has not adequately represented their concerns.

But these issues will take a back seat as anticipation grows over the long-awaited new domains.

``The real issue now is, `Let's get it going so we can run this grand experiment,''' said Elana Broitman, director of policy and public affairs for Register.com, which is in the process of setting up the .pro domain for doctors, lawyers and other professionals.

## CONTROVERSY CONTINUES

Since it was set up by the Clinton Administration in 1998, ICANN has faced pressure to increase the number of available domain suffixes.

ICANN approved seven new domains -- .biz, .info, .pro, .name, .aero, .museum and .coop -- last November, but it rejected 40 others in the process, prompting criticism from commercial interests and Congress that it moved too slowly and selected the domains arbitrarily.

ICANN's decision to allow Mountain View, California-based VeriSign Inc. to retain control of the lucrative .com domain in April also drew charges that it was delaying competition.

ICANN Chairman Vint Cerf told a Congressional panel in February that the group was moving cautiously because it did not know what effect the new domains would have on the world's Internet addressing system.

Commerce Secretary Donald Evans sent a letter to Cerf on Friday encouraging him to pick up the pace.

"While I recognize ... an attendant need to maintain Internet stability and security, competition and selection are also critical factors. New (domain) entrants represent that promise," Evans wrote.

ICANN hopes to translate this desire for greater speed into more manpower. While most registry companies will be happy to pay their share, ICANN could run into resistance from firms that sponsor foreign ``country code'' domains like .uk and .nz that feel they have not been adequately represented in the

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past, Maher said.

``They may be hesitant to contribute to an organization in which they feel they have a relatively minor voice,' he said.

## NO ALTERNATIVES

ICANN will also take a stand against so-called ``alternative root' systems, which seek to bypass ICANN-mandated standards and set up domains like .tech and .video.

Alternative root companies like New.net Inc. encourage Internet access providers and users to alter their browsers to view their sites. Since most Web users fail to go to the trouble, such domains remain invisible to mainstream audiences.

In a paper posted on the ICANN Web site, President M. Stuart Lynn says the structure of the Internet requires a central authority like ICANN, because alternative roots could direct Web browsers to the wrong sites, or e-mail to the wrong person.

ICANN's deliberate approach to new domains may frustrate some Internet users, Lynn writes, but it is the best way to ensure stability.

"Impatience in the context of Internet timescales is perfectly understandable. The outcome of orderly processes based on the wishes of the community, however, is assurance that the Internet will continue to function in a stable and holistic manner that benefits the global community, and not become captured by the self-interests of the few," he writes.

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ISPs fight spam from the front line By Matt Berger IDG

There is little doubt that you have a grueling job when your business card reads "senior abuse administrator." Scores of computer programmers and techies -- many of whom hold similar job titles -- gathered in San Francisco Thursday at SpamCon 2001 to vouch for the difficulties of their labors.

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Technical teams working behind the scenes at ISPs around the world let it be known at the conference that they really despise unsolicited e-mail, commonly known as spam. They gathered there for two days to debate the technical, legal and social effects spam has had on their jobs and the Internet as a whole.

"Spam is definitely a problem for us," said Ava Pettit-Mountain, who works in the abuse department for the Boston-based telecommunication company RCN.
"Just in terms of consumer complaints it's definitely got a chilling effect."

Much of Pettit-Mountain's workday is consumed by dealing with customer complaints over the hundreds of thousands of e-mail messages that pass through RCN's network each day. While much of her job is dedicated to tracking down Internet hackers that go about their rogue business on RCN's cable and Internet service, Pettit-Mountain said that more than half of each day is consumed by sorting through complaints and phone calls from customers angry over the junk mail that piles up in their inboxes.

"A lot of customers -- they want a magic button," she said. "We do have some mechanisms in place to block e-mail but obviously we have to be conservative about it."

Abuse departments at ISPs from Earthlink to UUNet Technologies -- each represented at the conference -- offered similar disdain for the overwhelming problem created by mass e-mail marketing, which often is distributed for illegal or unethical purposes. Many of the people attending SpamCon are looking for answers.

"Technologists have always said, 'It's a problem that can be solved with technology.' End users have said, 'Let's sue spammers into oblivion.' I think it's none of the above," said Tom Geller, the director of SpamCon and an author and pundit on the subject.

Finding a solution to spam has, however, left most people stumped. Congress has had little luck on the issue. The House of Representatives Wednesday slimmed down a bill that would protect consumers against unsolicited bulk e-mail.

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A representative from the Federal Trade Commission (FTC), one of several U.S. government organizations belabored with the task of cracking down on spammers, said Thursday that it has limited resources in aiding consumers in the fight against bulk e-mail.

"We're not an agency that can set the laws," said Jennifer Mandigo, staff attorney with the FTC's consumer division. "But the FTC is ready to generally enforce whatever (Congress) passes."

Ted Gavin, a consultant with Nachman Hays Consulting who is helping to draft policy against spam for the marketing industry, said that the issue will be better fought by reaching the people using direct e-mail marketing as an advertising venue. Many companies selling products or services would have better luck targeting a specific audience rather than blanketing mailing lists with spam, Gavin said. Many marketing professionals fall victim to the fallacy that distributing mass e-mail is low cost.

"The 'Net is not a free resource," Gavin said. "Somebody pays for everything that gets done on the Internet. There is always a cost associated with sending an e-mail."

The cost is hard to calculate, Gavin said, but includes the resources ISPs use to deal with large amounts of data being sent over their networks. The cost is also borne by consumers who have to pay for the time it takes to download spam through their ISP. In fact, the European Commission said in a report earlier this year that spam costs European Internet users about 10 billion euros (\$8.57 billion) every year in money spent on Internet connectivity.

Since the early 1990s, when America Online first took its service to consumers, the Internet has become a gold mine for direct marketers, according to Geller. (AOL Time Warner is the parent company of CNN.com.) Since then, marketing scams such as Ponzi and pyramid schemes have migrated from mail and newspaper advertisements to the less costly medium. And there may be no way to get rid of spam if governments, marketers and consumers don't come to a consensus on a solution.

"I remember e-mail before there was ever marketing, when it was just a bunch of techies chatting online," Geller said.

ъ6 -5 ъ7с -5 Unfortunately, he noted, those days are history.

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Hacker helps Excite@Home toughen defenses By Robert Lemos Special to CNET News.com May 29, 2001, 5:55 p.m. PT

Not all hackers are bad--just ask Excite@Home.

The company shored up its online defenses after a hacker pointed out a vulnerability in April that allowed access to the company's internal network and exposed nearly 3 million support records to the public.

The company praised the hacker-known by the alias "Adrien Lamo"--for coming forward after he poked around their network.

Lamo contacted the company nearly two months ago after he discovered a server that could be used by would-be attackers to get into portions of the Excite@Home corporate network. Among the accessible data was a customer support database of users, their machine configurations and their addresses, Excite@Home spokeswoman Londonne Corder said.

However, no credit card information was in the database, she stressed, and because of Lamo's aid, no records were accessed by others. Lamo first found the network vulnerability in March, she said.

The details of the breach were first reported by security site SecurityFocus.com, which had been contacted by Lamo.

Lamō is "someone who tries to uncover security holes with good intentions—to show us where we had some security holes, so those could be fixed," Corder said.

While not a first, a collaboration like Excite@Home's cooperation with a hacker to secure its network is rare.

Despite the open-source movement underscoring the historic definition of hackers as curious--if unconventional--researchers, companies have been

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frequently leery of associating with anyone who considers themselves one.

Yet, the Excite@Home network seems a bit more secure today because of the cooperation.

"After meeting with Lamo, we took steps to further secure the corporate network by installing firewalls, restricting access to the network, implementing programs to prevent denial-of-service attacks, and adding hardware and software designed to detect and prevent security breaches," Corder said.

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Wireless Privacy Legislation Coming By Doug Brown, Interactive Week May 28, 2001 5:56 AM ET

Convincing lawmakers that cyberspace needs sweeping privacy regulations hasn't been an easy sell, and lobbyists and partisans on opposing sides in the debate have dug trenches and settled in for a long policy slugfest.

Privacy, it turns out, is simply complicated.

But for privacy advocates, there is hope that in one electronic environment - wireless - legislation could come sooner rather than later. Senators John Edwards, D-N.C., and Byron Dorgan, D-N.D., plan to offer the first legislative salvo in the wireless privacy debate sometime after the Memorial Day recess, which ends June 3, according to an Edwards staff member.

The bill, the staff member said, will address the privacy of location information, data that has the potential to shower marketers with new selling channels but at the same time could easily infuriate consumers and lead to much tougher legislation.

Because of a 1999 amendment to a bill, cell phones now must be equipped with technologies that reveal to law enforcement officials the locations of cellular phones during 911 calls. Among other things, the bill did forbid cellular carriers, which have access to this location information, from using it in any way without the explicit consent of individual cell phone

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users.

But as web-enabled personal digital assistants (PDAs) and cell phones merge into single devices and carry location-driven applications - such as services, for example, that will flash advertisements on a PDA when users pass stores having sales, or services that alert users to traffic conditions - privacy advocates are eager to make sure that this information cannot be freely distributed. The 911 amendment applies to wireless carriers, but it does not necessarily address applications providers.

"The question is, what are the rules for these applications," said Ari Schwartz, a senior policy analyst at the Center for Democracy and Technology, a cyberspace civil liberties organization. "And most importantly, what are the rules for government and for civil cases? Imagine a civil case is brought against you and they have everywhere you have been. The technology becomes a dog tag."

Schwartz said the legislative proposals to be aired in coming months will attempt to "level the playing field" between the wireless carriers and the application providers, so, for example, just like wireless carriers, application providers would have to get the consent of consumers before they tracks their locations.

The wireless industry has not tried to block legislation that would require application providers get consumer consent before they track them or trade in the location information. Schwartz praised the wireless industry for recognizing that location information could be particularly sensitive to consumers.

Phone spam, for example, could become a major problem without legislative remedies.

"If it's cheap for application providers to have the phones of thousands of people to ring, they will do it," he said, if only for a single sale.

The industry has always been supportive of a restrictive "opt-in" scheme. That's where consumers must offer explicit consent before companies can use their personal information. "It's in the carriers interest to have customers carrying their phones and having their phones turned on," said Michael Altschul, general counsel and vice president for regulatory policy and law

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at the Cellular Telecommunications and Internet Association. "Carriers will be sensitive to spam." Altschul said the industry backed the 911 amendment, which forced the "opt-in" embrace.

The debate about privacy, he said, is just starting to heat up now because most of the services that would take advantage of location information haven't been deployed yet. The industry has been involved with the larger online privacy debate, in which those advocating "opt-in" and those backing "opt-out" regulatory regimes are at odds, mainly to make sure that regulations that might make sense for computers - but not necessarily cell phones - don't apply to cell phones.

"So when people are talking about various requirement and scrolling notices, they recognize that unique differences that wireless and wireline devices have," Altschul said. "A privacy statement on an opening screen, if you are using a handheld device, is not an efficient or satisfactory way for the consumer or the industry to provide notice of privacy."

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WorldCom Public Relations

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- 1. A New Way to Catch a Hacker
- 2. Blacklisted E-Mailers Sue Anti-Spam Groups
- 3. Internet pioneer discourages legislation to curb spam

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New York Times 4.28.03

A New Way to Catch a Hacker

By NICHOLAS THOMPSON

For a computer security professional, Lance Spitzner has an unusual goal: He wants ill-intentioned hackers to steal more Social Security numbers and medical records.

Mr. Spitzner, a former Army officer, spends his days working at Sun Microsystems and his evenings running the volunteer Honeynet Project, a group of security professionals working to track hackers. Until recently, the four-year-old nonprofit effort focused on building and monitoring honeypots — computer systems designed to be easily penetrated so that Honeynet volunteers can covertly scrutinize hackers' tricks when they break into the systems.

Now Mr. Spitzner, 32, is focusing his efforts on a different type of defense based on the insertion of "honeytokens" into real databases and systems.

Honeytokens are pieces of seemingly enticing information that have no useful value. Embedded in ways so that no innocent person should accidentally stumble upon them, honeytokens trigger alarms when viewed, grabbed or downloaded. For example, a bank could insert a fake credit card number into its files and then set up a program called a "sniffer" on the network that

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would send out an alarm if anyone touched that particular number.

The term "honeytokens" was coined on Feb. 21 by a programmer named Augusto Paes de Barros who used it in an e-mail message to a list of security professionals. But the idea is not new.

It dates back in computing at least to 1986, when Clifford Stoll, a programmer at Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory in California, buried fake records for an organization called the Strategic Defense Initiative Network deep in his server. When intruders started downloading the records, and then someone sent a letter to Mr. Stoll about the phony organization, he and federal investigators traced the intruders to East German and Soviet intelligence agencies.

Today, the use of honeytokens is not uncommon. For example, ForeScout Technologies, based in San Mateo, Calif., has built a commercial software program that tracks incidents of surreptitious reconnaissance, like port scans — the computer equivalent of someone turning your doorknob to see if it is unlocked. The program will announce a false message of vulnerability to the scanner in the form of a honeytoken. It then breaks the connection if the hacker follows up with an attack.

Honeytokens, like their cousins the honeypots, are based on the notion that if you build it, they will come. Mr. Spitzner became intrigued by the idea of honeypots after putting a new computer online at home and watching it get attacked within 15 minutes by an automatic program scanning the Internet for vulnerable prey.

Many computer criminals break into systems simply for the fun and challenge. Others are looking to take over vulnerable systems in order to use them as safe houses for setting off further, more serious, attacks. Others want to mine credit card addresses or steal corporate secrets. According to a 2002 report by the Computer Security Institute, 90 percent of the 500 corporations, government agencies, financial institutions, medical institutions and universities surveyed detected security breaches during the previous year.

Honeytokens could also be useful for national security purposes. Michael Vatis, director of the Institute for Security Technology Studies at Dartmouth University, said that the Defense Department could use them to

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snare people seeking unauthorized information on weapons systems. For example, a honeytoken could be designed so that if it were downloaded and then taken to a different system, it would be able to contact its original server each time it was accessed. One way to do this would be to include code in the honeytoken that would automatically try to fetch a tiny image or some other file based on the home server, making the honeytoken "phone home" whenever it is opened.

Honeytokens also can be used to track attacks from within a company by people who have passwords to enter the system legitimately. Pete Herzog, managing director of the Institute for Security and Open Methodologies, says that he has used honeytokens to detect when employees illicitly download forbidden material. For example, he has entered corporate memos with particular typos into private databases and then monitored company networks to see where those typos show up. Tracing these honeytokens, he says, often leads to caches of illegal materials stored on the network.

No one believes that honeytokens can stop all cybercrime. But they could offer an upgrade in protection.

Honeytokens offer another advantage: They help reduce the number of false positives in other cyberdefense systems. Like car alarms, intrusion detection systems can go off so frequently because of accidental trespassing that many security administrators ignore the warnings. Honeytokens, if designed correctly, should trigger alarms only if there is a malicious attack.

Hackers, however, are not impressed. Adrian Lamo, who gained notoriety last year when he claimed to have broken into the systems of a number of companies, including Yahoo, says he is not worried. "It's a form of old-school security," he says. "It will work on the people who have been to the old schools."

Mr. Lamo says that he only goes after information that he knows other people frequently seek access to and that he runs credit checks to ensure that information he uncovers, like Social Security numbers, are real. Mr. Spitzner contends that it should not matter whether a hacker bothers to run a credit check because the alarm should ring any time the decoy record is accessed.

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Hackers can also evade honeytokens by compressing and password-protecting the information they steal, thereby changing or hiding the data, like fake Social Security numbers or typos, in memos that the sniffers are searching for. And "phone home" honeytokens designed to trace users could be thwarted if opened only on computers disconnected from the Internet.

Some experts are also worried about the possibility that using honeytokens could violate the federal Wiretap Act, which places limits on intercepting and monitoring electronic communications. Richard Salgado, senior counsel for the Justice Department's computer crime and intellectual property unit, has said that very little law governs this new area and that security technicians should consult first their lawyers.

Mr. Spitzner said that he was less worried about the law than about smart hackers. Honeytokens cannot solve all problems, he said. "But they can make a very simple and powerful tool in a security arsenal."

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Washington Post, Saturday, April 26, 2003; Page E01

Blacklisted E-Mailers Sue Anti-Spam Groups

By Jonathan Krim, Washington Post Staff Writer

A recently formed group of e-mail marketers has opened a new front in the escalating war over unsolicited e-mail, suing several organizations that track and "blacklist" alleged spammers so that their messages will be rejected by Internet service networks.

EMarketersAmerica.org, a nonprofit Florida corporation, charges that spam-tracking groups falsely accuse legitimate marketers of being spammers and ruin their businesses by blacklisting and harassing them.

The tracking groups, which include Spews.org and Spamhaus.org, keep databases of information about accused spammers, publishing as much personal information about them as is available.

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# MCI Security Hole Put AOL, Others, In Hacker's Crosshairs

By Brian Krebs, Newsbytes WASHINGTON, D.C., U.S.A., 05 Dec 2001, 2:10 PM CST

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MCI WorldCorn [NASDAQ:MCIT] recently moved to secure several vulnerable portions of their network that allowed a researcher to obtain the keys to private network routers for dozens of Fortune 500 companies.

AOL Time Warner, Bank of America, Citicorp, Fox News Corp., JP Morgan, McDonald s, and Sun Microsystems - to name just a few - were among those firms whose internal systems information was vulnerable to compromise.

Security researcher Adrian Lamp discovered the vulnerability after stumbling upon several proxy Web servers on MCI's Internet address space. The proxy allowed Lamo to gain access to the company's Intranet, and to a tool that MCI technicians use to perform routine router maintenance for hundreds of the company's largest customers.

After realizing the full extent of the information and access at hand, Lamo contacted WorldCom through security intelligence firm SecurityFocus.com.

Not only did the security hole allow Lamo to remotely manage customer routers, this vector paved the way to customer access information including router dialups, logins, and "enable" passwords - the administrative passwords needed to take total control of a router.

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1 b6 -5 b7C -5 Such information could allow an intruder to divert network traffic for any of the affected companies, or disable their networks altogether. In contrast to most networks, which are routed publicly over the Internet, these customer networks were fully internal, running over private lines and address space, sometimes connecting corporate offices across coasts or continents.

"It would have been pretty trivial to reset the password on any of these routers, which would have made it impossible for companies to perform remote maintenance on them," Lamo said in an interview with Newsbytes.

"That would effectively paralyze many of the companies dependent on their network infrastructure, because support staff would have to be dispatched to reset each router's information via a live hardware procedure. It could have been a real nightmare for some of the biggest players in the U.S. economy."

The Web tool also included dial-up numbers and user/password information for routers serving dozens of other major companies - both domestically and abroad - including British Airways, Clorox, Daimler Chrysler, Dow Jones, the U.S. Department of Interior, the U.S. National Park Service, Ford Motor Co., Frito Lay, the Home Shopping Network, Nintendo and Pfizer.

MCI Spokeswoman Jennifer Baker said the company is grateful that Lamo opted to work with them over the weekend to correct the problem.

"We learned on Friday that unauthorized access could be made to our administrative internal data network, a network that employees use to access MCI intranet sites," Baker said. "We immediately investigated the issue and corrected it and made sure no Worldcom customers were affected, and we certainly appreciated Adrian working with us so cooperatively over the weekend."

Once on MCI's corporate intranet, the 20-year-old hacker was able to deconstruct most of the checks and balances that prevent the average employee from manipulating accounts and procedures on the network. Over time, he was able to make management-level decisions in various automated processes, such as creating, viewing and deleting employee records.

"Using that information, an intruder could have intercepted and redirected e-mail for almost all employees, right up to the CEO, and with a bit of forethought changed the direct-deposit settings for any number of employees so that their paycheck ends up in an account in the Ukraine," said Lamo, who provided Newsbytes with a set of partially redacted screenshots to document his tracks.

"They had some very good precautions and fail-safes in place, but ultimately they were faced with an extraordinary situation that was never designed for someone sitting at Kinko's for a solid day looking at every angle he could think of," he said.

Also buried within MCI's intranet was basic account information for other entities, including data and dial-up service accounts for the intelligence agencies, the MPAA, the Church of Scientology, and similarly diverse customers.

The availability of such data raises chilling possibilities at a time when U.S. federal law

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enforcement agencies have expressed growing concern that a cyber-attack on the nation's most important computer systems could accompany the next terrorist strike.

"When you have a company that many of the major players in US business rely on for critical services, it is beyond essential that sensitive information of this caliber be available only to those with a genuine business need for it," Lamo added. "I started with the same level of access as any employee. The newest intern could have done the same thing.

"Thankfully, WorldCom's response was extremely prompt and effective, reflecting their level of concern in addressing these issues. Many of the points raised are not WorldCom-specific - you see these patterns at countless companies of this size."

MCI is the latest in a string of companies Lamo has found to be vulnerable to Web-based intrusion. Days after the Sept. 11 attacks, Lamo used a proxy on the Yahoo network to add satirical content to a story on the company's Web site about Russian programmer Dmitry Sklyarov, a stunt that raised public concern about the integrity of online media.

Earlier this summer, Lamo alerted ExciteAtHome to similar vulnerabilities on the company's network that left the personal information of nearly 3 million customers and several thousand company employees available to even the most marginal of system crackers. ExciteAtHome later thanked Lamo for helping them to patch the hole. Lamo has also highlighted related vulnerabilities at Microsoft and America Online.

Lamo said most companies are so concerned about protecting their networks against typical cracker exploits - such as common software bugs and buffer overflows - that they typically overlook security on internal Web-based systems designed solely for use by employees.

"Companies don't generally pursue this angle of insecurity, and tend not to consider that confidential resources might be available to anyone with a Web browser," he said. "Many of these companies are running intrusion detection systems that will trip alarms if they spot someone scanning for known exploits. But most often, normal Web traffic goes unnoticed."

Reported by Newsbytes.com, http://www.newsbytes.com

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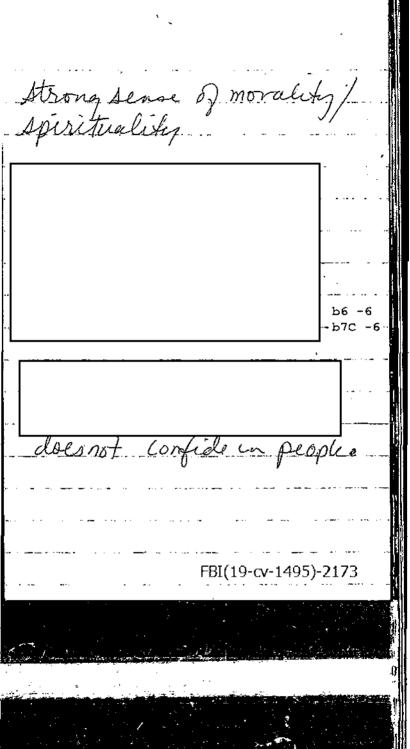
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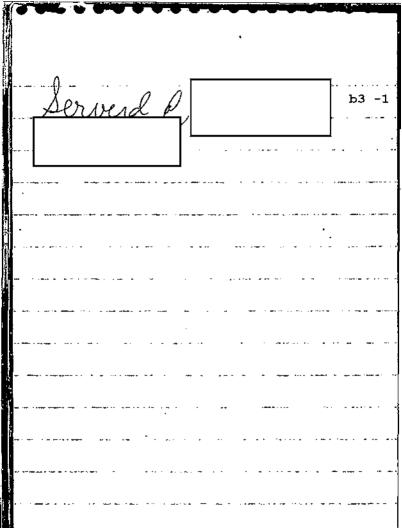
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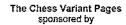
Well-known RPG game creator. Known for Dungeons & Dragons (tm) and DragonChess (tm) among many others.

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What is happening now?

AD&D and My Leaving TSR
What Happened to Gygax - TSR?
What Happened to the D&D Movie?
Dangerous Journeys / Mythus
New Infinities
Divorce/Sale of Shares by Ex-Wife

### What is happening now?

Let me pick that up from just after TSR sued and we settled the matter of the DANGEROUS JOURNEYS/MUTHUS RPG system.

In 1995 I determined to turn to computer RPGs. Two were successfully optioned. Neither went into actual production. In one case the CEO of the producing company was changed, and the new president wanted to change the contract, even have control of the use of my name! Scratch that deal. The second one we had was near production, we got word that it was moving forward on a Monday, then got a call on the following Wednesday that the company had been sold and all projects not actually in production were canned. Scratch two:(

That did it. Back to the paper game. So that's when work on the LEJENDARY ADVENTURE RPG system commenced in ernest. Those who visited this website in the past likely recall seeing the appha and beta test LA rules posted here for more than two years.

In 1999, at GenCon, the publisher, Hekaforge Productions, released the LEJENDARY RULES FOR ALL PLAYERS in the Author's Signed Edition. In mid-2000 we finally managed to get all three core rules books in all three editions, into print--along with a LM screen and a couple of adventures.

As of now, December 2000, I have written quite a number of works for the game system, some in print, some coming. These are: LEJENDARY RULES FOR ALL PLAYERS, LEJEND MASTER'S LORE, BEASTS OF LEJEND, LEKENDARY EARTH World Setting, LEJENDARY PANTHEONS, KEY OF SAND sourcebook, MALEDICTED Sourcebook, WELL OF SHADOWS (with Jon Creffield) Adventure for MALEDICTED, LEJENDARY ASTEROGUES Fantastical Science Genre Expansion for the LA RPG (LEJEND MASTER'S LORE [two volumes] and LEJENDARY RULES FOR ALL PLAYERS), THE HERMIT Adventure, LIVING THE LEJEND Introductory Adventure Module, and one generic work--"Weyland

Smith & Company GIANT FUN CATALOG of Unsuspected Mirthful Magic Apparatus, Entertaining Enchanted Items, and Hilarious Heka Objects you MUST possess."

I am also working on some additional projects for the lines mentioned: For the LA game line several adventures. For the generic line three books, one dealing with the criminal underclass in a fantasy world, one dealing with the socio-economic classes and their everyday life in a fantasy world, and one book of things and facts used for creating and filling the fantasy environment (the latter with Daniel Cross as co-author). For the LEJENDARY ASTEROGUES Fantastical Science Genre Expansion a campaign sourcebook.

Meantime I am the one who reviews and develops/pre-edits all freelance submissions for new products for the LA RPG system, this includes the line of fantasy novels set on the LEJENDARY EARTH world that Hekaforge will be launching soon (likely on early 2001).

Of course I do contract work for Wizards of the Coast, most notably the fairly regular column, "Up on a Soapbox" appearing in DRAGON Magazine. Add to that some small amount of freelance writing that's called for now and then, and you will see I don't lack for things to do...

Finally, yes! I do still manage to play games. I run a regular LA game campaign each Thursday night. It is about five years old now and going strong. I hope to add another RPG campaign soon, time permitting. When odd opportunities permit, we play boardgames, cards, and the like too. What use in being a game designer if one can't play as well as create?

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### AD&D and My Leaving TSR

Many people are under the mistaken impression that Gary Gygax owned the majority interest in TSR. This is not the case, and here is the chronology that brought a definite minority shareholder status for Gary:

1973: Gary and Don Kaye form Tactical Studies Rules, an equal partnership.

1974: Brian Blume is admitted as an equal (1/3) partner.

1976: Don dies of a heart attack in January. His wife is impossible to deal with. TSR Hobbies Inc. is formed, and this corporation buys out Don's widow. At this point, Gary controls the corporation with c. 60% of the shares. Later on, because of extreme cash shortages, having spent a lot to buy out Mrs. Kaye, shares of TSR are sold to Brian and his father, Melvin. By the fall, Gary's interest in the corporation is down to about 35%, and thereafter it dropped to around 30%.

Simply put, he didn't have the money to keep up with the share purchases. Yes, he

placed his own interests below those of the corporation.

1985: Gary exercises an option, and with what amounted to a handful of shares voted by other family members, he had a c. 50.1% majority. Later, when Brian Blume exercised an option he held, so as to sell those shares, and the others he and his brother Kevin held, to Lorraine Williams, Gary was again a minority shareholder.

In this same year he sued to prevent the transfer of Blume-owned shares, arguing that a corporate buy-sell agreement prevented the sale to Williams. The local judge rules otherwise.

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### What Happened to Gygax - TSR?

The reader is referred also to the FAQ regarding stock ownership in TSR, as it explains a good deal of what happened.

Gary was President of TSR Hobbies, Inc. when it was formed in 1976. In fiscal 1981 the company made c. \$16.5 million dollars income, with c. \$4.25 pre-tax profit. At this time, corporate long-term debt was about equal to an average month's receipts. Gygax did not believe in borrowing money except for short-term needs, for projects that could not otherwise be produced, but that would in a relatively brief time generate sufficient sales to repay any loan needed to get them to market.

The board of directors of TSR then consisted of Gary, Brian Blume, and Kevin Blume. The latter two voted about 60% of the outstanding shares ofstock of the corporation, compared to Gary's c. 30%.

The Board decided to reorganize the company. Gary would be president, but "beneath" him were two other presidents: Brian Blume was "President of Creative" at TSR, and Kevin Blume was "President of Operations". In theory, they reported to and took direction from Gary. In reality, being two-thirds of the board, the Blumes ran TSR and Gary was boxed out.

From that point on, Gary never ran the company, and had to fight for anything he thought was in the best interests of TSR. Gary wanted to keep the best quality in binding and products in general. He believed that authors of works should have their names on the works. He believed that some royalty should be paid to creative employees. He thought that all employees of TSR should be able to buy shares of stock and participate in ownership.

All of these ideas were antithetical to the Blumes, it seems. Each of these instituted practices were done away with systematically, with product quality being the main target. Brian Blume stated publicly that he wanted "obscene profits at federally insured safety".

In 1983 Gary was instructed by the board to go out to California and set up TSR Entertainment Corp., a company owned by the Exempt Profit Sharing Plan of TSR. He did so, changing the name of the operation to Dungeons & Dragons Entertainment Corp. after discovering that the entertainment business community there would not do business with TSR.

DDEC had the D&D Cartoon Show and several other fledgling projects underway. It was responsible for the closing of the deal whereby Speilberg licensed the name, AMAZING STORIES, from TSR.

Gary returned to Lake Geneva in the winter of 1984 because This was in debt and the bank was threatening to force it into bankruptcy. Associates of his called to inform him that Kevin Blume was shopping the company on the street as is said, out in New York City.

By this time the Blumes had forced him to accept three "outside" directors on the board. The Blumes had embraced the precepts of the now-defunct American Management Association. It was inept at promulgating even manufacturing ideals, in Gary's opinion.

These three petty businessmen, two executives and a lawyer, were absolutely ignorant of the gaming business, and under their direction, and with the Blumes leading the way, TSR had accumulated \$1,5 million debt that they couldn't figure out how to pay, amongst their ideas were the dropping of the RPGA and the sale of DRAGON Magazine. After some thought, Gygax presented a long letter to the entire board, outlining the mismanagement of TSR by Kevin Blume, and demanding his resignation and replacement. The board voted four to two, the Blumes abstaining, to remove Kevin and put in place a pro-tem president, one Richard Koenigs. With direction form Gary and other executives of the company, some 90 relatives of the Blumes were removed from the payroll, various corporate owned and leased cars, scores of them, were gotten rid of, unused system office furniture owned and leased was likewise sold or returned, and two major releases were rushed into print—UNEARTHED ARCANA and ORIENTAL ADVENTURES. By April

1985, the corner had been turned, and the American National Bank was no longer glowering and considering pulling the loan plug, so to speak.

It must be noted that the bank was not only not helpful, they were quite obstructive in getting the corporation back on its feet, in Gary's opinion. Prior to the April date, Gygax exercised an option he held, putting many thousands of dollars into the plus side of the corporate ledger, and also assuming a bare majority control thus. He than took the office of the presidency, and told the three "outside" directors that their days were numbered. They had,, he said, "pontificated business" while the company went to near ruin.

Not surprisingly, these three sterling individuals were aligned with Williams and the Blumes in the dispute over whether or not the latter could sell their shares, and an additional 700 they secretly purchased by option exercise, to thus allow Lorraine Williams majority control of TSR.

Learning of the scheme, Gygax acquired attorneys and managed to have a temporary injunction granted so as to prevent the share transfer. However, in late 1985 the county judge, who seemed unable to recognize what constituted a contract, as Gary says, decided in favor of the defendants. At this juncture Gygax started an appeal, but was both hard pressed for funds and heartily sick and tired of the mess. Just before the end of the year, Gygax agreed to sell his shares and other interests to TSR, and left the corporation in the hands of Williams.

The capacity of Lorraine Williams to manage a game company is no longer in question. With a debt load of perhaps \$30 million dollars or more, and facing bankruptcy soon, she sold out to Wizards of the Coast in 1997. That is surely a step in the right direction for TSR. Gary believes. Williams despised gamers, and she stated in his presence that they were not her

"social equals": She also claimed she was going to show the game industry how business should be conducted. Some lesson.

Clearly, Wizards of the Coast is not of that ilk, runs an excellent operation, and under their direction TSR fans should see a major improvement.

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### What Happened to the D&D Movie?

Even before the cartoon show was in production, there was tremendous interest from Flollywood in producing a movie based on AD&D. Gary was active in working with various agents and would-be producers and studios with an aim towards making a movie deal actuality.

The story is lengthy, but the meat of it is this:

A script from James Goldman was acquired by TSR. Several tudios were interested. Gary did all he could to get a major theatrical motion picture into production. Every proposal was vetoed by the Blumes and/or TSR board of directors.

Gary had a meeting one morning with Sid Shineberg, then president of Universal. Mr. Shineberg said to Gygax, when Gary came out and asked exactly what his interest was, "We want to acquire you (TSR), joint venture with you, or do just about anything you would like in the way of getting a motion picture deal done."

Shaking his head sadly, Gary told Mr. Shineberg that as a minority shareholder in a closely held corporation, he could only recommend. No trouble guessing what the reaction of Brian and Kevin Blume was to that so that offer ignored, and all others scotched by demands that were impossible, no film contract was ever signed.

That, incidentally, pretty much spelled the doom of DDEC--Dungeons & Dragons Entertainment Corp., of which Gary was then president. However ...

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### Dangerous Journeys / Mythus

This multi-genre game system and the first game within it, the MYTHUS FRPG, were conceived in 1986, when New Infinities was in operation.

Gary began writing a horror-based RPG then, and his son, Luke was the first play-tester. After NIPI went down the tubes, he collaborated with Mike McCulley. Mike was co-author of the whole underlying game system, although he hasn't ever gotten proper credit, because of later events.

When large computer corporations were involved via the offices of two agents then representing the game system, it was decided that fantasy rather than horror must be the initial release in the DJ line.

Dave Newton was contracted by Trigee to co-write the now-rush MYTHUS FRPG. So work began immediately, and Game Designers' Workshop was signed up as publisher of the paper side of the game.

The rest is history that's pretty well known. TSR sued claiming all sorts of things, but going mainly on copyright infringement. The suit was settled. TSR paid certain considerable sums of money (in addition to the c. \$2 million they had tossed to their lawyers to suppress the game), and they acquired DJ and the ancillary things such as JOURNEYS and MYTHIC MASTERS Magazines.

As of June 1997, there is no indication that DJ will ever be revived, although there is considerable following, and also some "expansion" of the system with enthusiast-generated additions and rules for personal use by active groups so as to be able to continue play in other genres, Gary is told.

To the best of his knowledge and belief, the suit was not the proximate cause of the eventual demise of GDW. In fact, under the settlement, they paid none of the legal fees for defense against TSR's claims, and TSR purchased remaining inventory from GDW.

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### **New Infinities**

Gary was never an employee of New Infinities Productions, Inc. He was a big investor, and a member of the board, but he did not hold any office in the corporation.

The one who formed it assured Gary that venture capital to the tune of up to \$2 million was available. With credentials including the Wharton School of Business, and face-to-face meetings with attorneys, accounts, and banks--and a seemingly

barely-missed meeting with the investment people, Gary agreed.

The end of the tale is that there were never any venture capitalists on tap, it seems. When a demand was made to bring the money in, Forest Baker tendered his resignation and in no time NIPI was down the tubes.

Gary was the major investor, and he lost by far the greatest amount of money in the deal. However, he apologizes to all the others who, on the strength of his participation likewise invested and lost money in the concern. It was a matter of too many people taking large salaries out of NIPI while product was lacking to support such excess.

Had Gary been able to write about ten times faster, then perhaps it would have succeeded. As it was, the five Gord the Rogue books were all paperback best sellers on the B. Dalton and/or Waldenbooks lists, but it wasn't enough. Royalties due were also mostly not paid.

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### Divorce/Sales of Stock by Ex-Wife

Yes indeed. At the same time Gary was attempting to prevent the sale by Brian and Kevin Blume of controlling interest shares of TSR to Lorraine Williams, he was in the middle of a divorce.

It is true that his now ex-wife did plan to demand half of his stock holdings in the divorce, and as she was so doing she was in contact with Williams, attempting to get her to agree to buy them at a very high price.

That is more than enough about that. Talk about wretches!

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# A library of articles about Online Games

Industry Insights: The **RPGnet** Interviews

# Interview with Gary Gygax, part 1 of 3

by Scott Lynch May 1, 2001

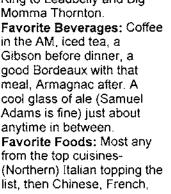
Editor's Introduction I selected Mr. Gygax as my first interview subject for four major reasons:

> 1. Name recognition, baby:

2. I knew that mentioning his name in my intro piece would generate a flurry of comments, and I really wanted to see what the reaction of readers would be;

Gygax is now 62, and speaking frankly, he's not going to be around forever; and

4. While surfing various interviews and web commentaries on gygax and his work, I became alarmed at the general acceptance of rumor and hearsay governing his reputation, "Gygaxtrashing" was a widespread pastime. It was taken for granted that he was a "dinosaur," that he was Birthplace: Chicago, Illinois Date of Birth: July 27, 1938 Current Residence: Lake Geneva, Wisconsin Immediate Family: Wife Gail, son Alex at home, six other children grown and on their own: Ernie, Elise, Heidi, Cindy, and Luke Pet: One cat, Nema. Favorite Book(s): Too many to possibly list here! Jack Vance is my favorite author in general, though. Favorite Films: Lots of these-ranging from The Third Manand The Deep, Enter the Dragon, and The Seven Samurai, and including The Longest Day, Alien, and Zardoz. I know I've missed at least two, but... Favorite Musicians: I listen mostly to classical, Spanish guitar, jazz, and some blues too. Of composers, I am drawn to Mozart and Beethoven. Segovia surely was master of the guitar, and the "modern" jazz musicians are my favorites--Parker, Davis, Gillespie, Hinton, Rich, Anita O'Day, Billie Holliday, Stan Kenton-all that lot. As to blues, well all the 1940s and 50s performers are fine by me, from Joe Turner and BB King to Leadbelly and Big Momma Thornton. in the AM, iced tea, a Gibson before dinner, a good Bordeaux with that meal, Armagnac after. A cool glass of ale (Samuel





no longer "relevant."

I pondered what it meant to be "relevant" as I composed my solicitation letter to Mr. Gygax in November of last year. Several associates warned me that he was a crotchety old throwback to the Paleolithic era who would bite my head off as soon as throw a sharp glance in my direction. To my surprise, he agreed to a pretty rigorous interrogation and even wound up inviting me to stop by if I ever pass through Lake Geneva.

I completed a 39-

question interview with

him and whittled a few

questions out. The final draft was just a little under 10,000 words,

dull and superfluous

divided into three sections. Although the

early portion of the

first time doing any

such thing, I believe that the affair became

much more lively as it evolved and I gained a

little confidence in my

job.

interview clearly reveals that this is my

and Hungarian. I like to be a gastronome when I'm somewhere that there are better restaurants. Not much in that vein hereabouts... Other Interests: You mean besides gaming and my family? Football, history, and fishing when I can get away from work likely top the list. Seems there's so much to be interested in it's hard to pin down.

**RPGNet:** You've been active in the gaming industry for three decades now. Why should anyone still care what Gary Gygax has to say about anything?

Gary: If I were a sports figure, I would agree that age might affect performance.

While I might say that seeing that Beethoven wrote eight symphonies over many years of time, and why be interested in a ninth one, I'll refrain. As it is, I believe that after more than 30 years as a game hobbyist, fan, and author, the experience gained over those many years enables me to bring something new and different to the table with each successive design.

In short, no "Johnny One-Note" me!

As an aside, there is also a certain repute that is attached to the "Gary Gygax" whatever. Now, a few think it less than sterling. From where I sit, recalling a standing ovation from a packed audience at GenCon 32 (even though that made me quite uncomfortable, it really impressed me), the press I get, the thousands of communications I receive thanking me for my work, the answer to the last part of your query is pretty easy to answer. If someone doesn't care what I have to say about something, I'll sic my fans on 'em!

RPGNet: So, just how long and hard are you working at 62, in contrast with yourself at 50 or at 40?

Gary: There is no difference in the time I put into game-related work now, in my 60s, than that of my 50s or even 40s. Of course, now I am spending more time with e-mail than I did back then managing business matters. In fact, I have to fight to get time to do research these days, something that in past times was not so much a problem.

RPGNet: What are the contents of one of your typical workdays?

Gary: My usual workday here begins sometime around 6 AM, maybe 7 AM or so if there's something particularly interesting on C-Span. Then I work on through until around 6 PM or so, usually a bit later if I start later than 6 AM. The exception is on Thursday, RPG campaign day! Then I close down at 5, eat an early dinner, and am ready to play by 6:30 in the evening.

By the way, I keep that schedule at least six days a week, sometimes seven, but not during football season.

RPGNet: And where does all that effort go? What projects are in the oven for you in the next twelve months or so?

**GARY:** Whew! That's a tall order, and I'll have to guess at it a bit, because the release schedule is a bit fluid. Here goes in regards to *major*work only:

.

Awaiting release, in likely order of publication:

Lejendary Adventure, Lejendary Earth World Setting; Key of Sand, Lejendary Earth sourcebook; Lejendary Pantheonssourcebook; Maledicted, Lejendary Earth sourcebook; Well of Shadows, Maledicted adventure; The Hermit. adventure:

For a yet untitled generic line of GM-aid books, possibly "Gygaxian Fantasy:"

The Weyland Smith Catalogue ("Joke" magic items);

In final stages of polish before being turned over for editing:

LA Game Lejendary Asterogues Rules, genre expansion; ditto Lejend Master's books, 2 volumes;

For a that as-yet untitled generic line of GM-aid books:

The Canting Crew;

in process of design, near completion:

Lejendary AsteroguesKowloon Wharf sourcebook and adventure;

Working projects:

For that as-yet untitled generic line of GM-aid books:

Everyday Life in a Fantasy World; Fantastic Facts & Things Lists(with Daniel H. Cross); Lejendary Adventure: Lost Island Sourcebookand adventure (with co-designers); dittoThe Emerald Domeadventure.

That's it.

RPGNet: Ack.

Gary: Of course this ignores various short projects such as the monthly essay for the *Dragon*, Magazine column, an adventure that will be coming soon in *Game Trader* magazine from Alliance Distributors, an introduction to a great D20 fantasy product that Swords & Sorcery Studios will release this year, etc. The same with a few other things such as my editorial and development work on the freelance submissions that come in to Hekaforge, and my work on the line of special adventure modules we are in process of creating and publishing for LA game fans who will use them in giving in-store demos- a line of special, short adventures not commercially available.

**RPGNet:** Do you have any high-tech pipe dreams for the next few years? Is there an emerging technology or an unreleased technology that you're hungry to put to use in some never-beforeseen format? Or are you a meat and potatoes man to the last?

Gary: This is a difficult question to answer. I am more a dreamer than a technical guy. Of course I am eagerly awaiting computers that have audio and video capacity so as to make online RPG activity more like a group of RPGers actually meeting in person to play. To me that doesn't seem high-tech at all, just a matter of time.

Currently, I manage to resist getting caught up in computer game play. Knowing I have a great

deal of work do do in a relatively short time, to start playing an electronic game is to kiss that responsibility goodbye. I really do *love*games of this sort, and if I begin, I won't stop playing until I have exhausted the potential of the offering. I have no games at all on my computer, even Solitaire has been trashed from memory. All that would just have to go by the boards if a game such as I described above were available. That would be just too much to resist. In fact, the very thought is what keeps me working so hard now- get the creative stuff out, and then I can "retire" and play games instead of designing and developing them.

## "I converted a plastic stegosaurus into a pretty fair dragon, as there were no models of them around in those days."

RPGNet: Let's chat a bit about that little fantasy RPG you were involved with. *Dungeons* & *Dragons* is said to have evolved from a set of medieval miniature rules called *Chainmail*. What, exactly, was *Chainmail*? Was it a commercial project that enjoyed a fair print run, or was it a hobby project that evolved around a local audience?

Gary: Back in around 1968, Jeff Perren became a member of the Lake Geneva Tactical Studies Association. He brought his 1:20 (one figure on the table equals 20 men) medieval military miniatures rules to us, rules he had written mainly for use with his Hauser Elastolin 40 mm figurines. As I happened to be a fan of the period and the figures, what a boon that was! It didn't hurt that I really liked Jeff's rules too. With his permission, I expanded his two pages to a longer treatment, and those were published around 1969 in the IFWs monthly magazine as the "LGTSA Medieval Military Miniatures Rules."

That was just the beginning of things, of course. Because I was, and am still, a great medieval history and gaming buff, I added more to the original base. First I did a little "Jousting" rules set, next added a "Man-for-Man" section to the work, that being a new rules treatment for when one figure on the table represented one man in combat, not 20. The LGTSA then played a lot of such games on the weekend-long game sessions held in my basement where the big sand table stood.

Not long after that, as the members began to get tired of medieval games, and I wasn't, I decided to add fantasy elements to the mix, such as a dragon that had a fire-breath weapon, a "hero" that was worth four normal warriors, a wizard who could cast fireballs (the range and hit diameter of a large catapult) and lightning bolts (the range and hit area of a cannon), and so forth. I converted a plastic stegosaurus into a pretty fair dragon, as there were no models of them around in those days. A 70 mm Elastolin Viking figure, with doll's hair glued to its head, and a club made from a kitchen match and auto body putty, and painted in shades of blue for skin color made a fearsome giant figure. I haunted the dime stores looking for potential additions and eventually found figures to represent ogres, elementals, etc. The players loved the new game, and soon we had twenty or more players showing up for every session.

Guidon Games hired me as its Editor-in-Chief for a new game rules and games line it was about to publish. I put all of the rules mentioned above together into a single book, named it *Chainmail*, and it was published by Guidon in 1971. As far as I know, *Chainmail* was the best-selling product that Guidon had. Guidon went out of business in 1974, and at that time TSR acquired the rights to *Chainmail*.TSR published it for several years, from around 1975 through 1978 or so.

### "When my youngest daughter, Cindy, added her

# eager approval to the combination of "Dungeon" and "Dragon," that confirmed my choice..."

RPGNet: You and Dave Arneson are both generally lauded as the "creators of *Dungeons & Dragons*"yet clear reference to the role you each played in its genesis is hard to come by. Arneson's website, www.castleblackmoor.com, states that Arneson conceived of a proto-roleplaying campaign set in a place called Castle Blackmoor, using a modified form of your *Chainmailr*ules, and was invited to Lake Geneva in 1972 to demonstrate it for you and some friends.

Gary: That's essentially correct. Dave was running a campaign using the *Chainmail*rules, a variant that sounded fascinating. So he and Dave Megary came down from the Twin Cities to my place in Lake Geneva to do some gaming. Dave Megary brought his game, *Dungeon!* for me to have a look at.

RPGNet: Arneson further says that a correspondence grew between the two of you in the wake of that visit, and you reworked Arneson's reworking of your own rules into what would eventually become *Dungeons & Dragons*. If your account and Dave's account are merged, it seems that you evolved the heroic fantasy battle game from *Chainmail*, he evolved the small-party exploration game from the same rules, and the two flavors bled together with a heavy re-write of existing rules to become *Dungeons & Dragons*. Is this an accurate chronology of events as you remember them?

Gary; Well sorta...

Dave Arneson and I had already been working on various miniatures rules, such as the *Don't Give Up the Ship*rules (Arneson, Gygax, and Carr) that were eventually published by Tactical Studies Rules. We made contact by mail, then personally at a GenCon before his visit to Lake Geneva. Between Dave Arneson's modifications of the *Chainmail*Fantasy Supplement figures, giving "Heroes" four hit dice rather than requiring four simultaneous hits to kill them, and "Superheroes" eight hit dice, and Dave Megary's boardgame based on a dungeon adventure with *Chainmail*"Wizard", "Superhero", "Hero", and "Elf" competing, exploring, slaying monsters, and gaining treasure by so doing, the special nature of what could be done with the rules bases became evident to me.

Dave Arneson never did furnish any solid rules for me to use in devising a new game, although he (and collaterally Dave Megary) certainly did provide solid ideas though. So, as Dave Arneson has said in an interview that was published in *Different Worlds* magazine (#3), I devised and wrote the whole of the work that became the *Dungeons & Dragons*game.

The initial draft was only 50 pages long, written and mailed out to about two dozen fellow members of the International Federation of Wargaming in the late winter of 1972. Thereafter, as play-testing in Lake Geneva proceeded (at a happily furious pace), and responses from the first draft recipients came pouring in, I revised and expanded the manuscript to 150 pages in length. That's essentially what was published in 1974 as the three D&D game booklets.

As an aside, I must laugh at some comment I saw about the name for the game being "The Fantasy Game" until someone "wised me up". Having been employed as an Editor-in-Chief, selecting what game rules and games would be published by Guidon Games since the beginning of 1971, I was well aware of the need to use a working title, the need for some caution in regards using the actual name for a a projected game release. So that's the reason for that bland one on the draft works.

By the time the second draft was circulating amongst the testers, I had decided upon the actual title to be used, D&D. This was done by making a list of likely words. I then asked the members of my gaming group, and my family, to choose that one, or that combination of words, that they found best suited the game, and appealed most. When my youngest daughter, Cindy, added her eager approval to the combination of "Dungeon" and "Dragon," that confirmed my choice, and

that of most of the others too. So the *Dungeons & Dragons*title was born. (As the creator of the IFWs Castle & Crusade Society, I was pleased.

"As for competition for D&D, there was never any serious competitor. For a fact, there still isn't a real competitor for the new D&D, including my own new fantasy RPG..."

**RPGNet:** Can you tell us anything about developments in roleplaying after 1973-74 that branched out from the magical fantasy roots you and your contemporaries put down? When did your own associates start to experiment with, say, science fiction or western settings? And when did such efforts start to reach commercial publication at TSR and other companies?

Gary: Whew! Another multi-part question. Think I'd better break it up into manageable chunks:

The D&D game was released in January of 1974. By then Don Kaye and I were "noodling" about a Western RPG, for he was a big fan of that genre. Sadly, Don died in January of 1976. Brian Blume took over for Don, and so the *Boot Hill*game was authored thus, Blume and Gygax. So, to the root of the question, that *began* development early in 1974.

Around 1975 M.A.R, Barker sent us the manuscript for his *Empire of the Petal Throne*RPG, the rules inspired by those for D&D, of course. It was a most compelling environment, and we soon published it. Around this same time Brian Blume and I began working on *Warriors of Mars*, a sort of "Barsoomian" fantasy-science RPG. It too was published by TSR, but then because of pressure from the Burroughs' Estate the product was not reprinted.

I believe that it was 1975 when the Game Designer's Workshop RP game, *En Garde*, was published. That, to my knowledge, was the first of competing RPGs. Most of us at TSR purchased and played it, too. Then, as time passed, *Star Frontiers, Metamorphosis Alpha*(one of my very favorite RPGs, later revised and released as *Gamma World*), *Gangbusters*, and *Top Secret*(in that order I think) were released by TSR. I assisted in development and/or play-testing with all of those titles.

As for competition for D&D, there was never any serious competitor. For a fact, there still isn't a real competitor for the new D&D, including my own new fantasy RPG... but maybe in time that will change.

When GDW released *Traveller*, we were all pretty enthused, for we saw it as broadening the interest for the RPG by covering science fiction. On the release dates of other companies' RPG, I am not a reliable source- I'm barely that for most of the TSR line other than D&D. What copies of the old products I have, and that's astonishingly few, are sealed away for posterity, so I can't check the copyright dates. Sorry.

Next: The memory of Donald Kaye, fantasy archetypes, and game design philosophy.

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- Fear and Loathing in the Wizards of the Coast Game Center by John Tynes, January 26, 1999
- . Breaking In., on how to break into writing for RPGs, by Steve Kenson, December 22, 1998
- ALT,RPG, first of a series looking deeply at what gaming is all about, by Matt Miller, September 1, 1998
- The Night They Tore Old Mecca Down, GenCon report by Randy Porter, August 20, 1998
- . GenCon Fun: con, city, and even housing tips from Randy Porter, June 30, 1998
- GenCon Lore Vol 3: Program Books, update on GenCon 98 attendance, by Randy Porter, June 23, 1998
- The Missing and the Dead, update on GenCon 98 attendance, by Randy Porter, June 2, 1998
- The Definitive Count on who is and isn't attending GenCon 98, by Randy Porter, April 28, 1998
- How to Scam Games Part II by Steve Johnson, March 24, 1998
- The Perils of Penniless Publishing by Aaron Rosenberg, February 3, 1998
- Polyhedral Dice & Mirror Shades, by Greg Costikyan (or, the death of paper).
- Ken Whitman: A Love Hate Relationship by (of course) Ken Whitman
- Interview with Sean Punch, GURRS line editor, by Bob Portnell, October 1997
- YOU DID WHAT? Perspectives On Becoming A Full-Time Writer in The RPG Industry, by Steven Long, September 1997
- A Resurgence of Role Playing, by Gary Gygax, August 1997

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Universal Case File Number  Field Office Acquiring Evidence	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
Serial # of Originating Document	1
Date Received 1/25/03	;
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(Address of Contributor)	7E −3 , `
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To Be Returned Yes No	;
Receipt Given Yes No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6 (e)	# * * * *
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Federal Taxpayer Information (FTI)  Yes No	
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Have picture  *Need to do more backg	ground	
May be related to	whose number was called by Lamo	

RETURN VIA INTER OFFICE MAIL. Record Request FD-125 (Rev. 4-1-93) To Buded OPC Retur File number SA .63 -2**J** Name and aliases of subject, applicant, or employee, and spouse b6 - 1,3b7C -1,3 b7E -3 Addresses Residence Business Former \*Date and place of marriage (if applicable) Race Height Sex Age Weight Kair **₩ale** Female все Arrest Number Fingerprint classification Criminal specialty Orivers License Number b6 -3 b7C -3 D/L Photo Other

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Business Address:	•
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 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Someone who knew him was running all his addresses in Lexis/Nexus had to have information about him in order for this to happen, could be he had an ID

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# United States District Court

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK TO:

b3 -1 b6 -5 b7C -5 b7D -1 b4 -1

### **GREETINGS:**

WE COMMAND YOU that all and singular business and excuses being laid aside, you appear and attend before the GRAND JURY of the people of the United States for the Southern District of New York, at the United States Courthouse, Foley Square (40 Centre Street), Room 209, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, New York, in the Southern District of New York, at the following date and time:

Appearance Date: Appearance Time:

to testify and give evidence in regard to an alleged violation of:

Title 18, United States Code, Section 1030

and not to depart the Grand Jury without leave thereof, or of the United States Attorney, and that you bring with you and produce at the above time and place the following:

# SEE ATTACHED RIDER

N.B.: Personal appearance is not required if the requested documents are delivered or made available on or before the return date to Special Agen Federal Bureau of Investigation, 26

b6 -1 b7C -1

> b6 -4 b7C -4 b3 -1

Failure to attend and produce any items hereby demanded will constitute contempt of court and will subject you to civil sanctions and criminal penalties, in addition to other penalties of the Law.

DATED:

New York, New York

JAMES B. COMEY

United States Attorney for the

Southern District of New York

Jame M. Parkean

Telephone: (212) 637-2277

Assistant United States Attorney One St. Andrew's Plaza

New York, New York 10007

<i>.</i>	•	
Full Name: Last Name: First Name: Business Address:		b6 -1,3 b7c -1,3
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b7E -3

FD-302 (Rev. 5-8-10)

-1 of 1-



# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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	and SA	A	response	was also	
provide by ADRIAN L	AMO e-mail address a	adrian@adrian.org			

The e-mail exchanges were electronically attached to this document.

Investigation on 01/16/2013 at Manassas, Virginia, United States (Email) b6 -1 b7C -1 b7E -3

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOI/PA
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Page 42 \sim b6 - -5; b7C - -5;
Page 43 \sim b6 - -5; b7C - -5;
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Page 48 \sim b6 - -3,6; b7C - -3,6; b7E - -1;
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Page 68 \sim b6 - -1,5; b7C - -1,5;
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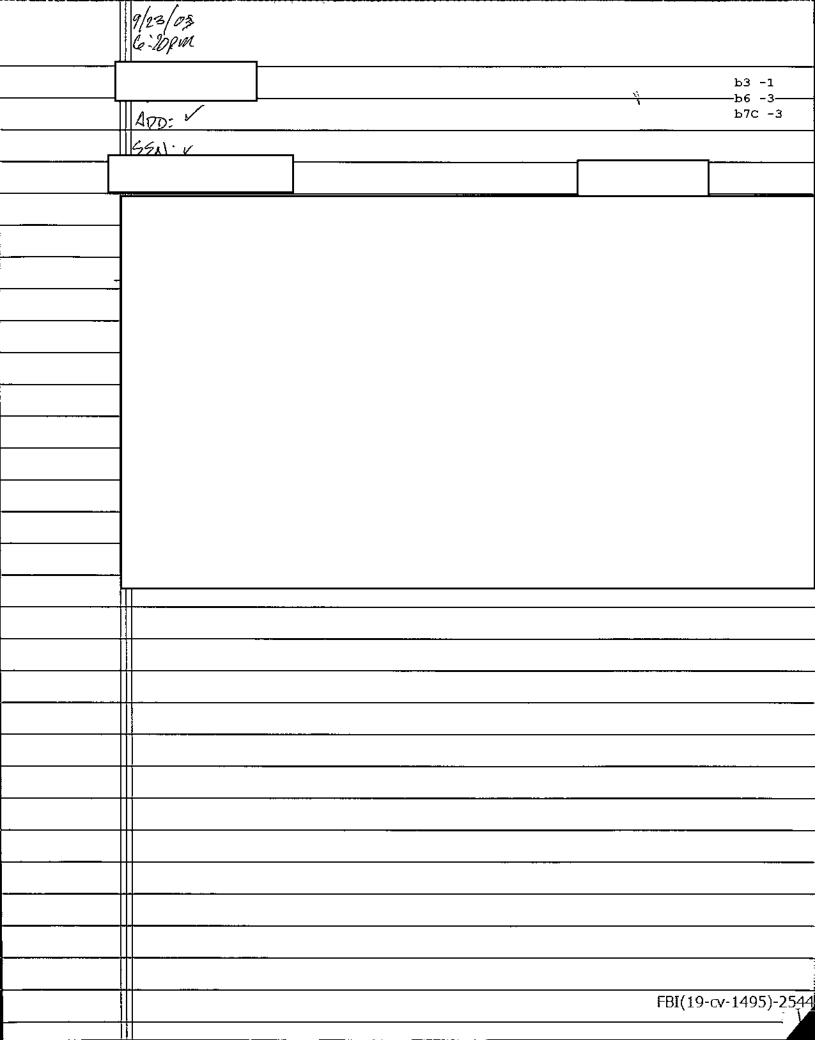
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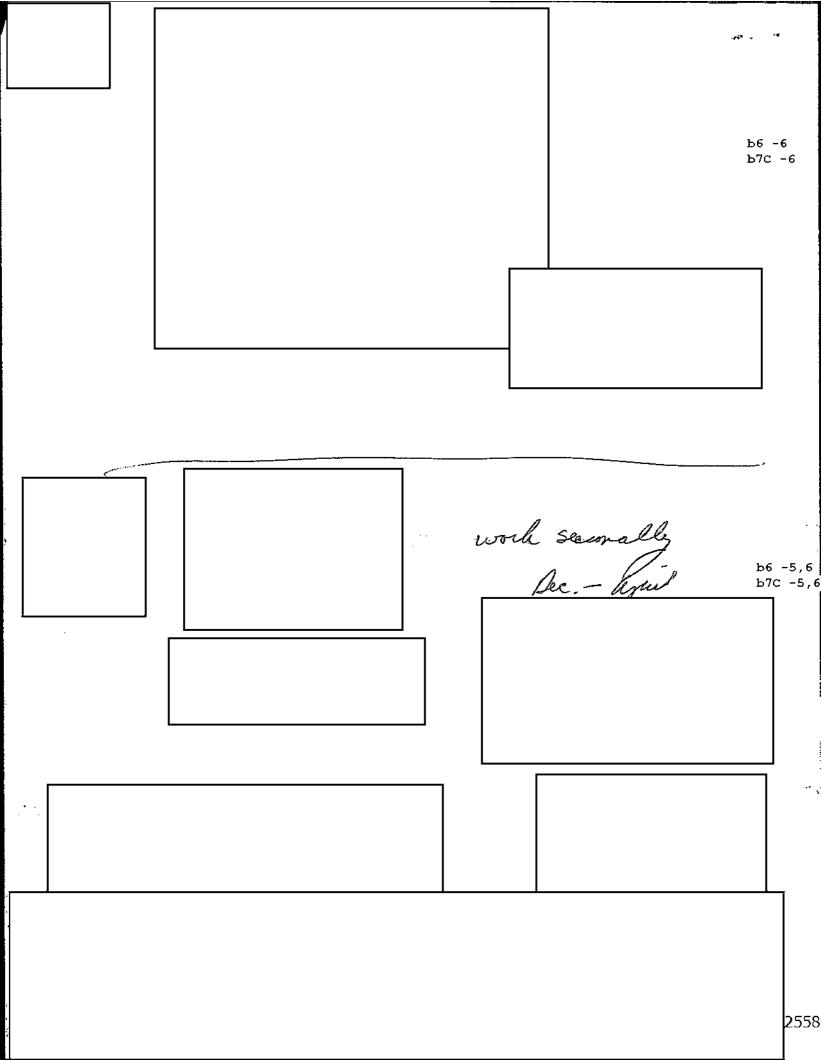
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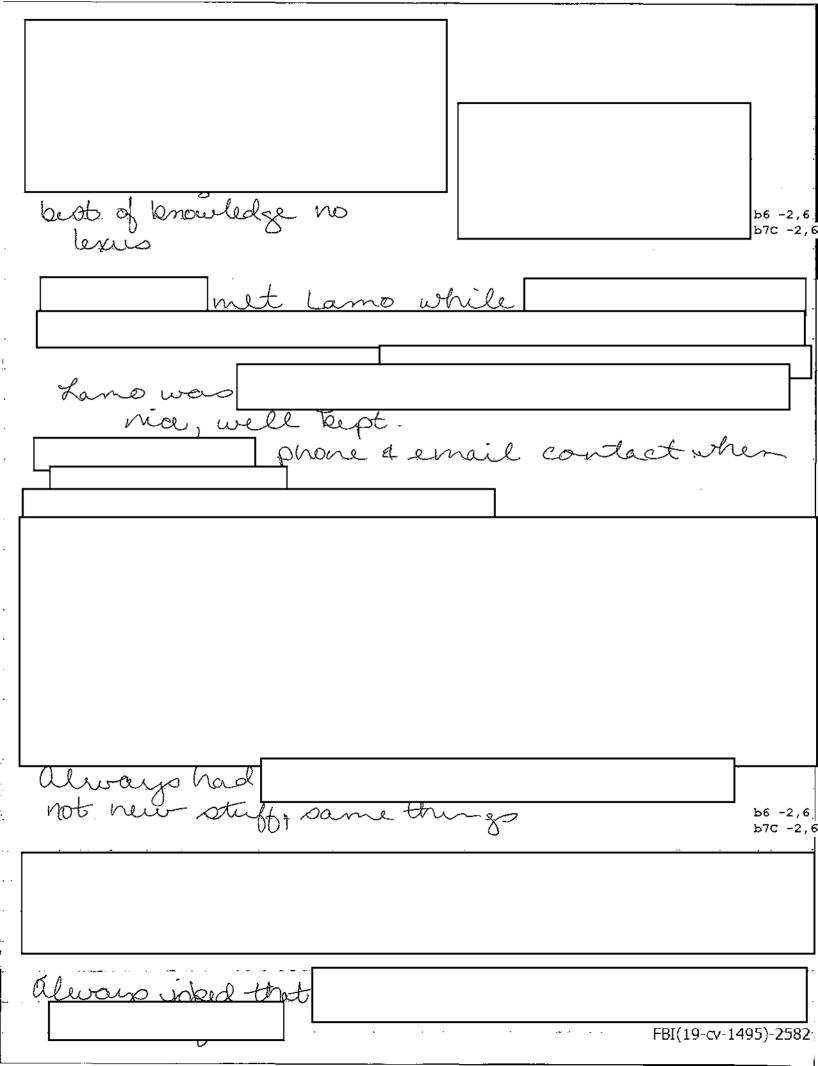
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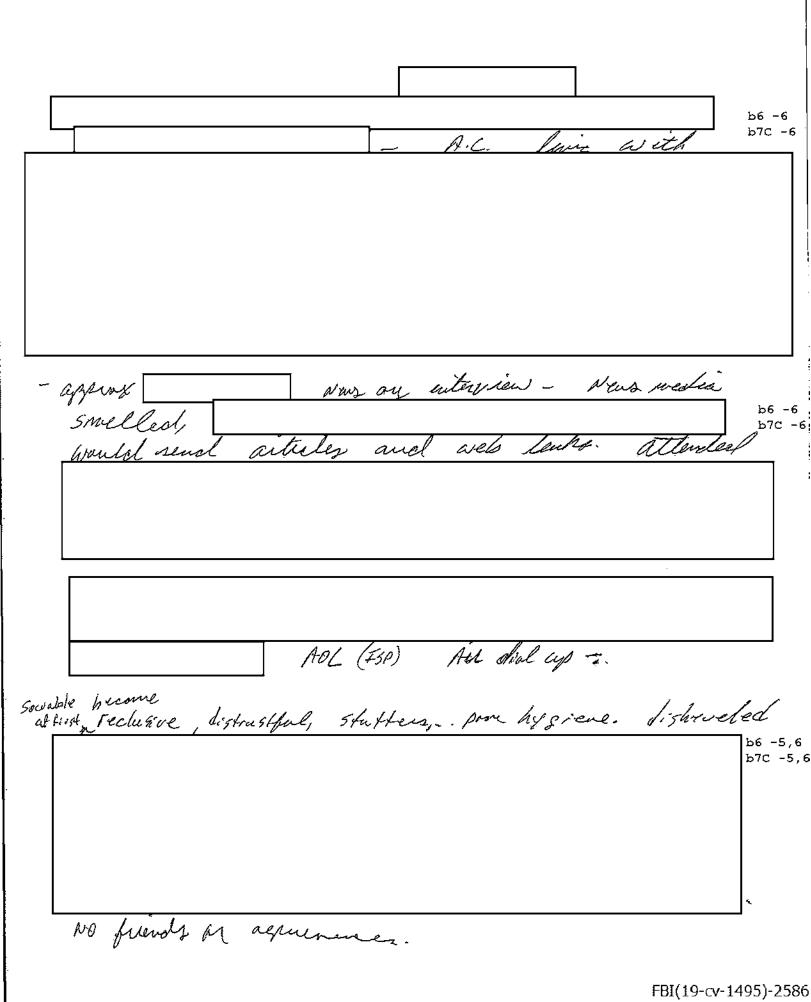
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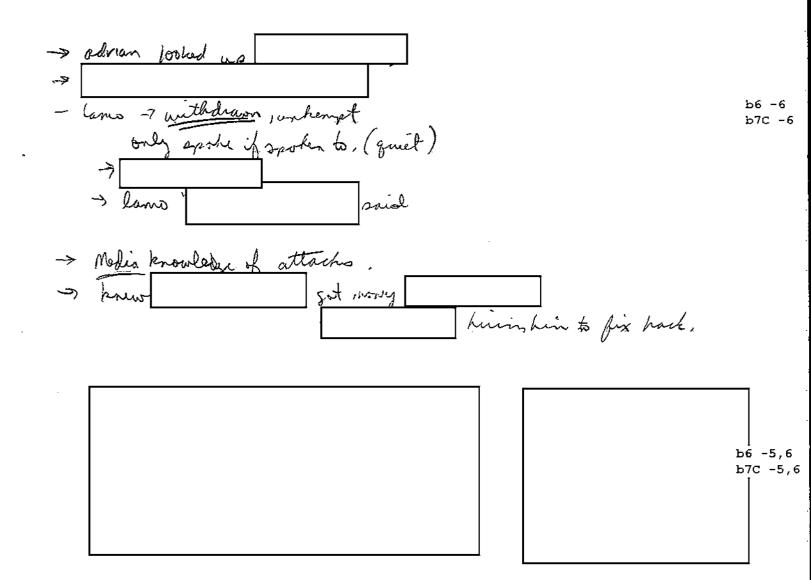
In mid 90's he lived in arlington, Va. Middle school in arlington. HS in Son Fran. public school.
Lamo said he was being hired by co's to provide comp. security. But wouldn't say anything about it.
Hacking how was his hobby. Wanted to be the hero by exposing rulnerability. He is anti- big company, just made comments about big co's. Never met any friend or associates. Anti-big company. He was an out cast.
Lamo mentioned hacking worldCom #ADL. N'I Times he hacked and got personal info  b6-6  b70-6

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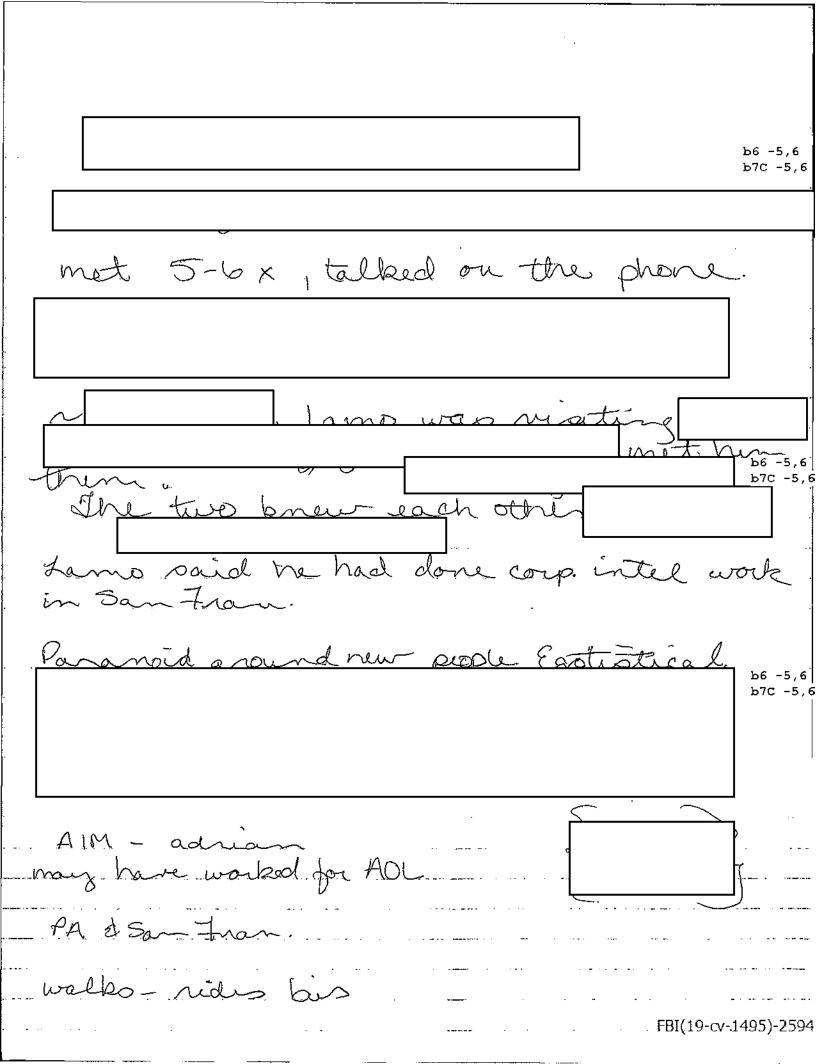
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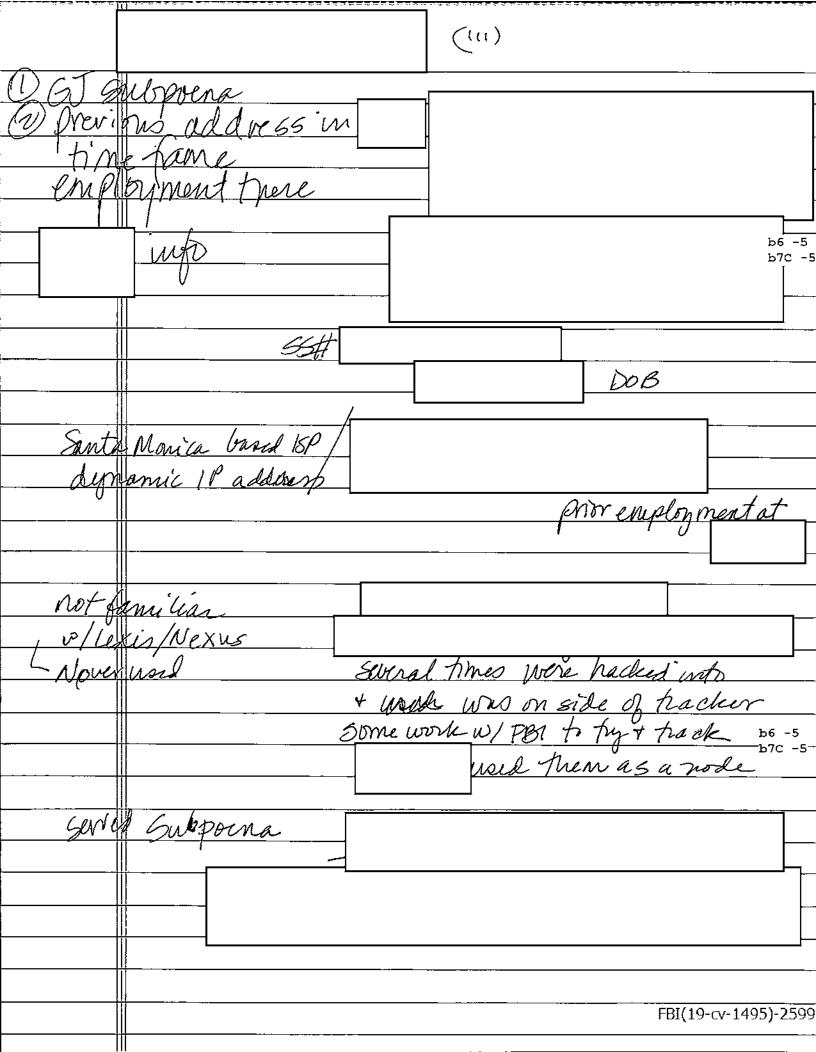
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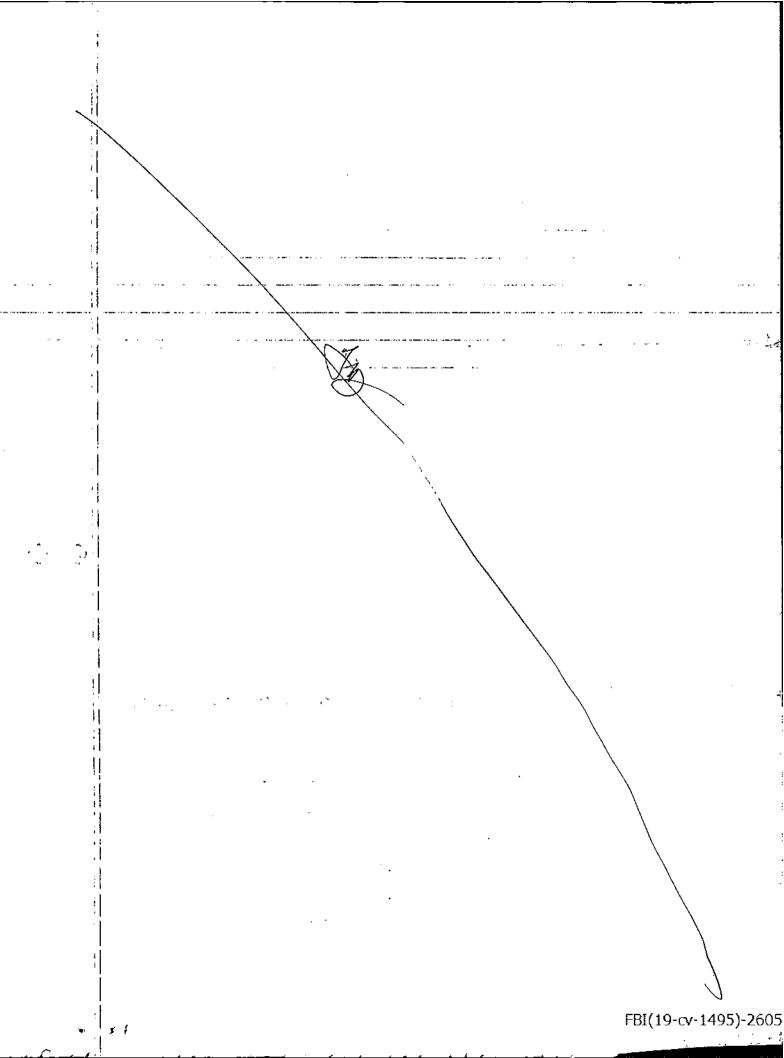
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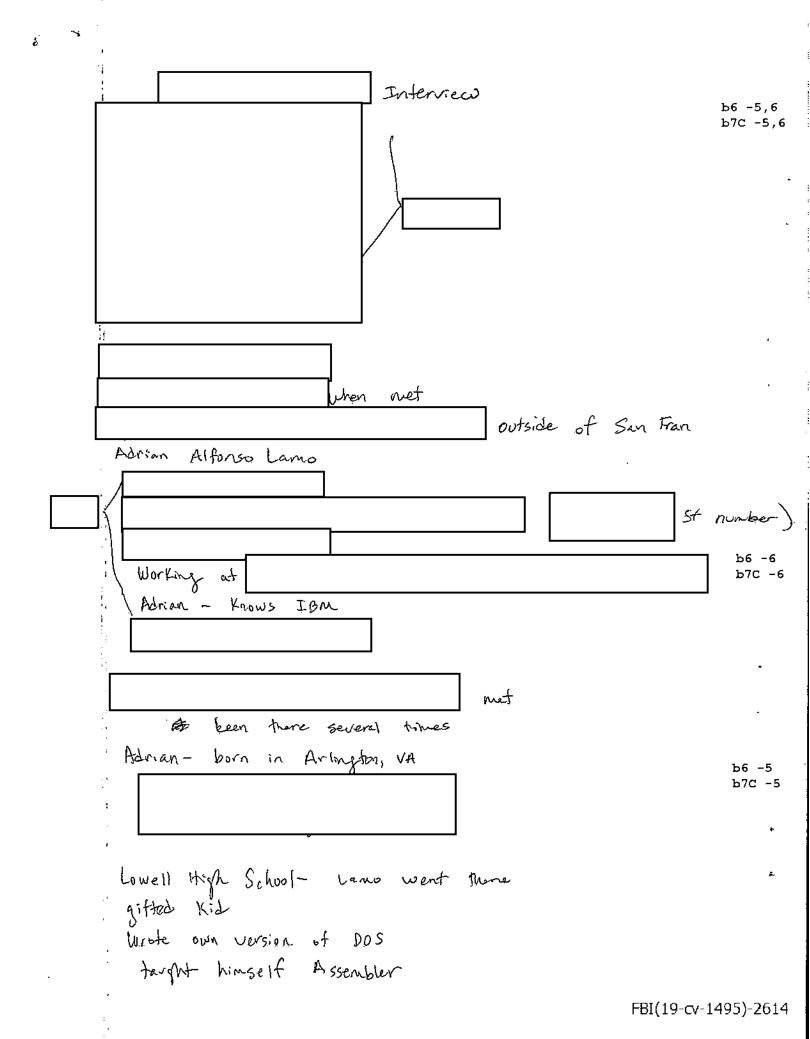
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Date Received 10 - 10-03	b6 -1 /
From SA	b7c −1
Sy Name of Contributor)	b3 -2 b7E -3
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By <u>877</u>	<del>, ,</del>
To Be Returned  Yes  No	
Receipt Given  Yes  No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6 (e) Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure Yes  No	
Federal Taxpayer Information (FTI)  Yes No	
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	b7C -6
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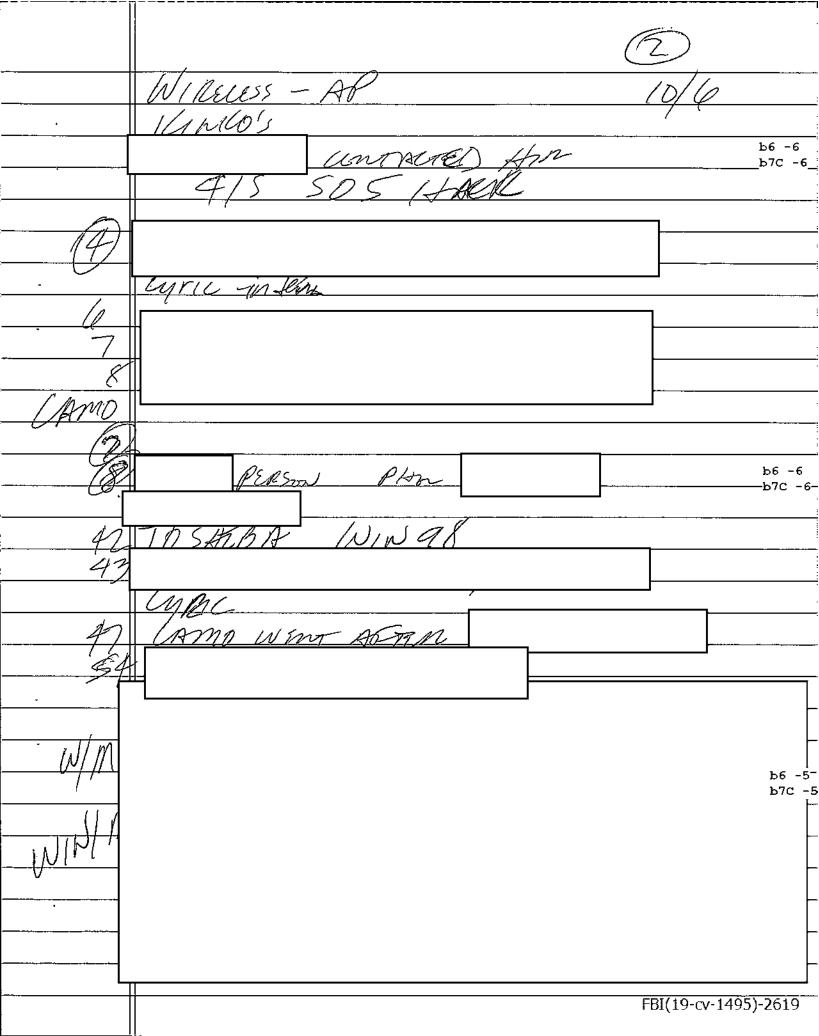


	contacted uic	a email and told	-
t	him about Excite / CNET		
:	Sew him		
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i'	ъ6 - ъ7С
Screenname	
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ISP = SW bell	
Ethernet @ work	
1	
Not a hacker	
	ъ6 – ъ7с
Doesn't frequent Chat rooms	•
at times tempermental - normal guy	
Never called here	
Alt-Worked for some company on market St. in SF	
'gets on web at kinko's + wireless	
Supporting homself	
Never shared financial details	

hacking tools - web browser	
Non-committed person	b6 -6
	<b>b</b> 7c −6
didn't take drugs when he knew home	,
One laptop	
Toshibe laptop, wm98, 2-3 yrs old	
said he didn't like	
! No enemies	
Sent one screenshot once - does't remember	•
have online access now	
Screen name	b6 −5 b7С −5
ht.	
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self tenglit,	
lives m	
While male	•

b7C −6 1996 CAM O ARLINGTON, VA LAMO RAN CISCO 1 Amo ъ6 -5,6<sub>—</sub> b7C -5,6 ADV HIS LOWELL TESTED OUT IGA WILL TEAN OUN VERSION DOS adrian adrianion ad magus Subversive areane tomamo igno true toith FBI(19-cv-1495)-2618



FD-340 (Rev. 8-7-97)		
Universal Case File No	umber	
Field Office Acquiring	Evidence MIA	
Serial # of Originating	Document	
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	(City and State)	
Ву	SA	
	(Name or Special Agent)	
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		b6 -5 b7С -
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